The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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LYON, SHORB & CO.,
121 Water street,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL SIZES OF
MERCHANT BAR IRON,
of the "Sligo" & "Tyrone" brands.

Gold Closed in New York Last Evening at 144¾.

CITY ITEMS.

The Second Great Sale of Lots

In McFarland's Grove, near Shady side Station, East Liberty, will be next Monday. Remember these lots are within two miles of the City Court House, and costs only a fraction over three cents to travel by railroad to or from business.

The Great Remedy.

Dr. McBride's King of Pain, sold at McClarran's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

Fashionable Clothing House.

It will be seen, by reference to our advertising columns, that Wm. Ladlay & Co., one of our leading merchant tailors, at No. 52 St. Clair street, are about establishing in Pittsburgh that which has long been needed—that is a fine, fashionable, ready-made clothing house, where a gentleman can get an entire outfit at the shortest notice and without needless delay.

Remember

McClarran's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth.

If You Want to Buy

Strictly pure white lead, Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, is the place to get it, at the lowest rates. Remember the place.

Depot

For Dr. McBride's King of Pain, McClarran's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

Pittsburgh Female College.

Fall term commences Tuesday, August 29. In buildings, faculty, patronage and general advantages the college is unequalled by any ladies' school in the State. Special advantages in music. Send to Rev. I. C. Pershing for catalogue.

Lindsay's Blood Searcher,

(The only genuine article,) McBride's King of Pain, and all the standard patent medicines of the day, at Fulton's Wholesale and retail Drug House, Nos. 67 and 69 Fifth street.

Indigo.

When you want a good article, go to McClarran's Drug Store.

The Daily Commercial

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1865.

ANCIENT MINING ON LAKE SUPERIOR.—There is undisputable evidence that centuries ago a race, entirely distinct from the present Lake Superior tribes of Indians, prosecuted mining operations on a most extensive scale throughout that entire section. Their excavations are generally in the shape of pits of various dimensions, but never very deep. In them have been found the tools used in prosecuting the work, of which innumerable samples are to be seen in every cabinet upon the lake. The most common are large stones, spheroidal in shape, generally weighing from four to eight pounds, of hard rock, and with a slight groove around their circumference, plainly used for the purpose of fastening upon it some species of handle. They are generally battered somewhat, as if used for hammers. Hundreds of them, both whole and broken, have been picked up in the pits, and they are found in large heaps, as if piled up by the workmen, when their season's labor had been finished. Traces of fire are unmistakable, ashes and calcined rock being found in large quantities. It is, therefore, supposed that the rock was heated by large fires, and then cracked by sudden cooling with water. Mr. Emerson, a prominent engineer of Ontonagon county, has found marks of fire in these pits of such a character, that it was evident that a species of blow-pipe had been used to guide the flames. The hammers were used for breaking the rock, and also for beating and separating the large masses of copper. The amount of metal removed by the ancient miners was undoubtedly very large. Their workings are of the most extensive character, and rich veins are found to underlie them. Several large masses of copper have been found upon the surface, hammered smooth, and evidently ready for removal. The indications are that the labors of these workmen were suddenly suspended, for reasons of course which cannot be conjectured. They probably mined during the summer, and returned to some more congenial climate for the winter, and in one of these vacations some great event must have permanently revolutionized their plans.

NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING STOCKS.—The following Boston quotations will give the reader some idea of the prosperity of New England and manufactures: Manufacturing shares are in brisk request, the present scarcity and high prices of manufactured goods affording very large profits to all mills, and making their shares very desirable for investment. The transactions however are quite light, as but little stock is offered except at a figure above the views of purchasers. Amoskeag Manufacturing Company sold at 1250; Merrimac, 1258; Salmon Falls, 255. The closing bids were as follows: Amoskeag, 1250; Appleton, 1245; Bates, 185 asked; Boott, 1150 asked; Boston Gas, 723 asked; Chicopee, 200 bid; Cocheco, 800 asked; Franklin Co., 135 bid; Great Falls, 205; Hamilton, 900; [illegible], 165 bid, 180 asked; Laconia, 1250 bid; Lawrence, 950 bid, 975 asked; Lyman Mills, 106 bid, 109 asked; Manchester Print Works, 1500 bid; Merrimac, 1285 bid, 1300 asked; Naumkeag, 107 bid; Pacific, 2400 asked; Pepperell, 1150 asked; Salisbury Mills, 250 bid; Stark, 1350 asked; Washington, 163 bid, 175 asked.

A LARGE FEE.—The London *Athenæum* says it is known that the eminent French surgeon, M. Nellaton, received 400,000f. (£16,000) for his professional visit to the late Czarowitz. It is not so well known, we believe, that this fee was asked, not, as has been stated, because the famous surgeon was too rich and too old to make the journey, and that he therefore set a prohibitory tariff, but because M. Nellaton avoids all utterly hopeless cases, as this was known to be, and thus does not endanger his reputation for saving his patients—where there is a gleam of hope. The fee demanded by the French surgeon whom Queen Amelie recommended to King Leopold, without successful result, amounted, it is now said, to 150,000f. (£6,000.) The English surgeon who operated successfully upon the royal patient (Mr. Henry Thompson,) left the honorarium to his Majesty's good will and pleasure, and received £1,000, and an order of Belgian chivalry.

The Cattle Plague.

It has been suggested that at the ensuing county and State fairs this should be a subject for discussion. By any arrival from foreign countries where the disease exists, the evil may be developed in this country, and its baleful spread begin. The movement of imported cattle westward may be even more easily prevented. The railroads have a large stake in this matter. Any disasters to the herds of our prairies would tell upon an important branch of their carrying trade. The precaution can very properly come from their combined action in an agreement among themselves to bring no imported stock westward on any terms. The railroad companies owe this to the cattle trade of the West, and cannot too soon adopt a measure of protection which will be for mutual advantage.

LAKE SUPERIOR NEWS.—The Aztec Mining Company has levied an assessment of $1 per share, payable at the office of the treasurer on or before August 24, 1865. The South Side Mining Company has levied an assessment of fifty cents per share. The product of the Hancock mine for the month of August is as follows: Mass, 16,692 lbs.; stamp, 17,872 lbs.; total, 34,564 lbs., or 17 tons 345 lbs. In addition to this, they have forwarded to the smelting works five tons of heavy stamp rock, to be smelted, as an experiment, in the cupola furnace. The result we expect to have in time for our next issue.—*Portage Lake Mining Gazette, August 26.*

NEW YORK DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.—The New York Democratic State Convention has nominated the following ticket: Secretary of State, Major General Slocum; Comptroller, Lucius Robinson. Attorney General, John Van Buren; Canal Commissioner, C. W. Armstrong; Treasurer, General M. K. Patrick; Inspector of State Prison, A. J. McNeil; Clerk of the Court of Appeals, C. O. Payne; Judge of the Court of Appeals, long term, Judge John W. Brown—short term, Martin Grover.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.—A London letter says: The directors of the Atlantic Telegraph Company seem disposed to attempt to raise money not only to take the necessary measures for the recovery next spring of the lost cable, but for laying a duplicate one by its side. The London public, however, are not likely to venture funds for the latter purpose until they shall have witnessed the result of the fishing-up experiments.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

Pardons by the President.

Brigade Organization Discontinued.

Ill Treatment of Freedmen in Virginia.

Freedmen of Alabama and Tennessee.

Their Camps Broken Up.

The Jingle of Shackles Still Heard.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, September 7.

The President

Yesterday granted fifty-four pardons, mostly to persons of the $20,000 class. The majority of the recipients were from Tennessee, Virginia and Alabama. Among the pardons granted from the latter State was that of Hon. Eli S. Shorter, a former member of Congress.

Orders were issued this morning by the War Department discontinuing the various brigades of the

Veteran Reserve Corps,

And ordering the commanders thereof back to their regiments.

Numerous complaints having been received at the Freedmen's Bureau from the freedmen of Harper's Ferry of

Ill Treatment by the Whites,

Gen. Howard to-day sent an officer of his staff there to investigate matters.

Brig. Gen. Fisk, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau for the States of Kentucky, Tennessee, and Northern Alabama, reports to Gen. Howard that he has just returned from a

Tour of Inspection

Through Middle and Eastern Tennessee and Northern Alabama, and finds increased activity in the affairs of the Bureau. After stating that a large proportion of the people cheerfully cooperate with him in the free labor system, Gen. Fisk speaks of former class of slaveholders, to whom he refers as unmitigated, and who cling with surprising tenacity to the old barbarism. The freedmen's courts in the States mentioned are crowded with colored applicants for wages withheld by employers, and in some localities the crack of the whip and

The Jingle of the Shackles

Are as common as in the days of Uncle Tom and Topsy. General Fisk expresses the belief that the States of Tennessee and Alabama will provide for the [illegible] brought to justice at the approaching sessions of the Legislature, while the great demand for labor will do much toward regulating its just compensation.

The General has given his special attention to the breaking up of freedmen's camps throughout the States under his control, and reports that of the 7,150 freedmen subsisted by the Government on the 1st of July, but 978, mostly of the aged and infirm class, are now drawing rations from the Government of the United States. The number of refugees, too, has also decreased to eleven, where 5,900 were formerly supported by the Government. He represents the harvest in East Tennessee as abundant, but states that the crops of Middle Tennessee and Northern Alabama have suffered much from drought, and that there will probably be a great scarcity of food in some localities before another harvest can be gathered. In conclusion, General Fisk recommends the State and County authorities to take care of their own poor, in order to relieve the Government of the expense. It is now necessary for their support.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

A Carload of Ammunition Exploded—The Train Scattered in Fragments—Several Persons Supposed to be Killed.

NASHVILLE, September 7.—The train which left here for Johnsonville this morning, at 11 o'clock, containing military stores, with a passenger coach attached, when seven miles from the city, a car containing ammunition blew up, scattering the train in fragments in all directions. It is supposed quite a number were killed. We will have full particulars this evening.

A Correction by the Secretary of State.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—Maj. Gen. Howard has ordered the agent for Loudon county, Va., to suspend action with regard to property claimed to be confiscated, until the record shall be carefully revised and corrected, and this, it is believed, will tend to allay the distress and consternation excited by the publication of the order for the confiscation or appropriation of a large number of farms in Loudon county for the use of the Bureau of Refugees and Freedmen. A verbal error which has appeared in some of the papers has been deemed of sufficient importance for the official correction. The Secretary of State says the section in which it occurs is as follows:

"And be it further enacted, that persons now by law entitled to a less pension than heretofore specified, who shall have lost one foot or one hand in the military service of the United States and in the line of his or their duty, shall be entitled to $20 per month."

This section, the Secretary says, is printed in the pamphlet edition of the law of the last session of Congress precisely according to the original roll, with the exception that the word "his" is underscored, i. e., put in italics, and the word "their" placed in brackets, the reason for which is obvious. The error is that the newspapers have printed the word "and" between the words "foot and hand." The Acting Commissioner of Pensions says, without this correction, the business of the Bureau would be uselessly increased without benefit to any one.

Minnesota Republican Convention.

ST. PAUL, September 7.—The Republican Convention yesterday nominated General W. R. Marshall for Governor, Hon. T. H. Armstrong for Lieutenant Governor, Lieutenant Colonel Rogers for Secretary of State, C. Sheffer for Treasurer, and Colonel W. Colville for Attorney General.

The following resolution was offered and adopted:

Resolved, That neither a man's color, race nor birthplace take away his political rights. That no portion of our subjects shall remain degraded.

It was also resolved that this nation shall not allow the Imperial Government to force the withdrawal of our invaders.

A resolution approving of President Johnson's military and civil course was voted down.

ST. PAUL, September 6—11 o'clock P. M.—The Republican Convention, after much animated balloting, has just nominated General W. R. Marshall for Governor on the 23d ballot. The vote stood—Marshall, 65; Averette, 55; Gilfillan, 5.

The General briefly thanked the Convention for the nomination.

The Mississippi Militia.

NEW YORK, September 7.—The Cincinnati *Commercial* has a dispatch dated Jackson, Miss., September 4th, which says that Gen. Slocum has issued an order by direction of the President, enjoining on his officers not to interfere with the organization of the State militia, ordered by Provisional Governor Sharkey. This is directly the reverse of the determination of the Government of a few days since, and is accounted for in the fact that the Government is looking to the gradual supercession of the Federal by the State Militia in order to diminish the National expenses.

Republican Convention of Wisconsin.

MADISON, WIS., September 7.—Col. Charles R. Gill was nominated for Attorney General. The Convention [illegible] the minority report advocating negro suffrage on the table. The Convention adjourned *sine die*.

STATE POLITICS.

Colonel H. C. Alleman, present member, will be an independent Union candidate for Assembly in Dauphin county.

Mahlon Thatcher, Esq., having resigned the nomination for Auditor of Blair county, the Union Committee have nominated in his place Abraham Robinson, a soldier-farmer.

Capt. Cassiday having declined the Democratic nomination for County Commissioner of Blair, Capt. John Murray, of Hollidaysburg, has been nominated for the position.

Hon. E. McPherson has been appointed Chairman of the Adams County Union Committee, which fact is an assurance that the Union vote of that county will be polled this fall.

The Democracy of Franklin county have nominated C. M. Duncan for State Senate; Wm. McClellan for Assembly; S. R. Boyd for Sheriff; Joseph M. Doyle for Treasurer, and C. D. Lesher for Commissioner.

Rev. Dr. Daugherty has resigned the pastoral care of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Hollidaysburg, and has left for Carlisle, where he will be President of the Emory Female College, and Professor of Natural Sciences in the Dickinson College.

OIL INTELLIGENCE.

Daily Yield of Venango County.

How to Get to Dunkard Oil Region.

THE YIELD OF BENNEHOFF RUN.

MISCELLANEOUS OIL ITEMS.

The present daily yield of Venango county is estimated at not less than eight thousand barrels, and at the present rate of striking new wells, the daily production will probably in a few months reach ten thousand barrels. Careful capitalists and business men, who have hitherto stood aloof from the oil trade, are now beginning to embark in it, and their influence will be soon felt in the development of territory and an increased demand for the product.

The flow of oil on Pithole creek continues steadily on the increase, by the improvement of new wells, although some of the old wells are decreasing. Late accounts represent that No. 37, Holmden farm, is pumping 150 barrels per day. No. 30, of the same farm, is pumping, and has a good show. The probability is that it will be a good well. No. 25, of the same farm, was pumping about forty barrels per day when the leather broke loose from the upper valve, obliging them to stop pumping and draw the sucker rods. No. 106, of the same farm, is pumping about fifty barrels per day. No. 110, of the same farm, is drilling, and is down 470 feet. It has a good show. Well No. 99, Wood farm, was tubed a few days ago, and is now pumping with a splendid show. Four regular sand rocks were found, which is a good indication of its being first class territory. No. 2, Williams' reserve, Rooker farm, was tubed nearly a week ago, and is increasing rapidly in the flow of gas and oil. Preparations are being made to start the famous Homestead well, on the Hyner farm.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial

Where the Dunkard Oil Regions Are.

DUNKARD CREEK, Pa., Sept. 4.

There are many erroneous notions afloat in regard to Dunkard Creek, and in fact, to Greene county generally, that need correction. With your permission, I will do what I have long designed to do, correct a few of these, through your columns.

An idea prevails generally, in the East, and I have learned regretfully, to a certain extent in Pittsburgh, that the Dunkard Oil region is remote, difficult of approach, difficult indeed to find, and when you get there you are in a savage region, where no accommodations are to be had for love or money. An intelligent gentleman, a few days ago, in Pittsburgh, asked me if Dunkard was not about twelve miles from Pithole Creek. This is only one instance of the ignorance exhibited in regard to the Dunkard region, and is mentioned for an illustration. For the information of the general public, and eastern men, especially, allow me to say that if any person or persons desiring to visit Dunkard will come to Pittsburgh, they will find at the Monongahela wharf, one of a line of as good packets as can be found anywhere, and under as good regulations. Leaving Pittsburgh through the entire route, a distance of one hundred and twenty miles due southward, they will have a panorama of beautiful river views, that would pay for the trip. Arrived at Greensboro directly opposite the old and famous town of New Geneva, the home of Gallatin, they will find a small town with a large population, several stores, two good public houses, a large machine shop and other shops, and many other interesting items. Should they have freight to be conveyed into the interior, there is the enterprising and gentlemanly firm of Black & Coughenour, forwarding and commission merchants, who are fully prepared to haul anything that is "pullable" with good teams and Lancaster county dutch for drivers. Hacks and riding horses are easily obtained, and a trip up the creek, either on foot or on horseback, is, at least to some persons delightful. Bobtown, or Maple Farm, is the centre of the oil interests of Dunkard. Last winter, a meal or lodging was almost an impossibility; now they have three good hotels, a number of boarding houses, livery stable, general assortment store lately opened by Messrs. Duff & Thompson, and other improvements too tedious to enumerate.

ZINGARO.

Bennehoff Run.

One of the best oil territories in Venango county is that known as Bennehoff Run. The first successful operations on this run were commenced in December last, and the first well struck was the Lady Harmon well, 120 barrels, struck on the 22d of March. The second was the Getty well, about one month latter, producing 250 barrels. The third was the Spence well, about the first of June, 130 barrels. The fourth was the Story well, about the 15th of June, 125 barrels. The fifth was the Vic Clark well, about the 29th of July, 100 barrels. The sixth was the Bodine well, about the 28th of June, 70 barrels. The seventh was the California well, about the 6th of August, 31 barrels. The first well, the Lady Harmon, is owned, the working interest as well as the fee, by the Bennehoff Petroleum Company. The working interest of the Getty well is owned by A. C. Getty and others; that of the Story well by Wm. Spence and others; that of the Clark well by the [illegible] Company; that of the Bodine well by a Philadelphia company; that of the California well by John C. Nolan and Thomas C. Frothingham. The average depth of these wells is about 600 feet, third sand rock.

Miscellaneous Oil Items.

The Genesee Valley Oil Company have struck a new well near Funkville, and are pumping from thirty to forty barrels per day.

Oil has been found in a well on the Smith Farm, on the Monongahela river, five miles above Morgantown, West Va.

The Pittsburgh oil Company struck a flowing well on Duck creek, one-half mile below Newburg, Noble county, Ohio, on the 23d ult. It was struck, as we learn, about two o'clock in the morning, and shortly after took fire, burning the derrick, walking beam, &c. It is said that forty barrels of oil were gathered from reservoirs in the vicinity, all of which flowed out before arrangements for tanking it could be made. The well is four hundred feet deep.

James Huffman, on M'Elheney run, seven miles from McConnelsville, Ohio, struck oil at twenty-three feet on the 25th ult., and pumped from the well thirty-six barrels.

The Coquette Well is again flowing two hundred barrels per day, and constantly increasing.

The third sand rock was struck at a depth of 728 feet in the well going down on the Widow Curry farm, one and a half miles above Titusville, on Oil Creek. The first sand was found at 175 feet, second sand at 450 feet, and third sand at 728 feet. The drill has not gone through it, but is down 270 feet, it is said, with a splendid show of oil.

The Wheeling *Intelligencer* says that a successful oil strike has been made at Bolton, which is situated on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, thirty-six miles from that city, and twenty-four miles from the Ohio river. The well is a flowing one, and those interested are very exultant over their prospects. The well has been plugged until the necessary tanks and machinery can be procured to save it to advantage. The depth is five hundred and fifty feet.

The West Virginia oil region is beginning to look up. On Tuesday of last week a fortunate strike was made on Burning Spring Run by Ruff & Harled, of Westmoreland county, Pa., causing an intense excitement in that vicinity. This is a flowing well, and, it is estimated, will prove equal to the celebrated Llewellen well. A gentleman who was present when it commenced to flow, estimates the yield of one hour at fifty barrels. On Saturday morning oil was also struck in a well on French Creek. This well is owned by the French Creek and Newell's Run Mining Company, and yields twenty barrels per day. On the same day, a company engaged in boring at Standing Stone, succeeded in obtaining a flow of the oleaginous fluid. All through that section of country wells are being sunk to a greater depth, and an increased yield obtained. The wells which were destroyed by guerrillas, are being cleaned out and repaired—in fact, the greatest activity prevails throughout the oil regions of Wirt and adjoining counties.

Secretary Stanton on the Supremacy of the War Power in Mississippi.

In an order recently issued by Major General Slocum, commanding the department of Mississippi, in connection with the trial by military commission, the General publishes the following communication from Secretary Stanton to that department upon the subject:

"That the President has accorded a Provisional Government to the State of Mississippi is a fact which should not be allowed to abridge or injuriously affect the jurisdiction heretofore properly assumed by military courts in that region during the war; and especially is it true that no considerations will justify the continued exercise of that jurisdiction called for in cases—first, of wrong or injury done by citizens to soldiers, whether white or black; and second, of assault or abuse of colored citizens generally—where, indeed, the local tribunals are either unwilling, by reason of inherent prejudice, or incapable, by reason of the defective machinery, or because of some State law declaring colored persons incompetent as witnesses, to do full justice, or properly punish the offenders. The State of Mississippi, in common with other insurgent States, is still in the occupation of our forces, and embraced as it is in a military department, is still to a very considerable extent under the control of the military authorities. Moreover, the rebellion, although physically crushed, has not yet been officially announced, or treated directly or indirectly as at an end. The suspension of the *habeas corpus* has not been terminated, nor has military law ceased to be enforced in proper cases through the agency of military courts and military commanders, in all parts of the country."

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

Jno. C. Wright has been appointed Secretary of Legation at Berlin, Prussia.

President Johnson has pardoned ex-Governor Brown, of Georgia.

Mrs. Mallory has been permitted to visit her husband in Fort Pulaski, but the President declines releasing him on parole.

Brevet Major General John F. Miller has resigned his commission in the army, and will in a few days take his departure for his home in California.

The General Convention of Universalists in the United States will hold its next annual session in Middletown, Conn., commencing September 19th, 1865. Rev. Dr. Fisher, of the Canton Theological School, is to preach the occasional sermon.

A letter written by Gen. Sherman, dated near Atlanta, August 10, 1864, just published, concludes as follows: "I care not a straw for niggers. The moment the master rebels, the negro is free of course, for he is a slave only by law, and the law broken, he is free."

A gunboat has been dispatched from the Washington navy yard by the Navy Department, to proceed via the St. Lawrence to Detroit and the Lakes. This action of the Government is deemed important, as terminating the long existing treaty stipulations restricting naval protection on our frontier waters.

Says the St. Louis *Dispatch*: "The confidential business relations which hitherto existed between our merchants and the people South is about renewed, and already we hear of merchants here from all parts of Mississippi, Arkansas, Texas and Alabama. Thus, with the return of peace, St. Louis is herself again."

Fears having been expressed by people in some portions of North Carolina and Mississippi of an insurrection by freedmen, Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, has issued a circular to Assistant Commissioners in those States, recommending that military patrols be established under the control of department commanders, in localities where violence is apprehended.

The National Grand Encampment of Knight Templar, the Grand Chapter of Ohio, the Select Masters and the Grand Encampment of Ohio, are in session at Columbus. The proceedings of some of these Masonic bodies are noticed in our dispatches. A warm discussion is likely to ensue if Albert Pike, who is reported to have been pardoned by the President, should claim a seat among the Templars, as it is expected he may do.

In Iowa, where negro suffrage is at issue between the parties, it is reported that out of 1,000 negroes in that State, 750 volunteered for the war, while out of 40,000 Copperheads but seventeen enlisted; and for this, as well as the fact that 750 negro enlistments enabled 750 Copperheads to stay at home and vote, say nothing about saving the lives of two hundred of them, it is argued that the said Copperheads are very ungrateful in opposing universal suffrage.

Returns to the Agricultural Department for August, from all parts of the country, though not entirely complete, show that the corn crop will be enormously large, and is maturing in excellent order. Its excess over the past year more than compensates for deficiencies in wheat. The potato crop is unusually large and promises well in some localities. The rot has appeared in buckwheat. A minor crop of onions promises an unprecedented yield. The cereal expectations will probably be larger than ever before.

A correspondent writing from Northern Alabama, a short time since, gave a glowing and probably untruthful account of the barbarous treatment of negroes. Another correspondent writing to the Chicago *Journal* denounces the story, and says, "protection for the colored man is secured in every possible instance. His right to property, his right to testify in the civil courts, and his right to go where he will upon legitimate business, are especially guaranteed; while in our especial work, that of teaching the colored people, we hope to accomplish much, because of the earnest and efficient help extended to us by the capable officer who, in this State, represents the Freedmen's Bureau."

STATE ITEMS.

A fellow named Franklin B. Hill, left an order at a Harrisburg foundry on Tuesday for forty sets of iron knuckles. He was promptly arrested.

Honorable A. J. Glossbrenner, M. C., from the York, Pennsylvania, district, has been elected a member of the Belles Lettres Society of Dickinson College.

The Allegheny Synod of the Lutheran Church met in Hollidaysburg yesterday, and there was a large attendance of ministers and laymen.

Mr. William Chamberlain has purchased the Old Exchange Hotel property, in Hollidaysburg, and a joint stock company is to be formed to put up a new hotel.

The Pennsylvania Horticultural Society will erect a pavilion two hundred feet long by eighty feet wide, for their annual exhibition, to take place on the 27th, 28th and 29th insts, in Philadelphia.

The brakesmen on the Lehigh Valley Railroad were on a strike last week. The cars stopped running for one day. Discharged soldiers enough were soon found to man the brakes, and things were all right next morning.

The corn crop in Chester county will be the largest grown in that county for a number of years. In every field it is large, luxuriant, and well eared. The potato crop will be much larger than usual.

At the recent term of the Criminal Court in Somerset county, Frank Pohleman, for the larceny of a coat, was sentenced to the Western Penitentiary for eighteen months, and Jacob Ripple, for stealing a work ox, was sentenced to three years imprisonment in the same institution.

The Meadville *Journal* says an elopement took place in that town last week, the parties being a young lady of 17 or thereabouts, belonging to a highly respectable family, and a "wooden" printer, who has been trying in vain in all the offices in Meadville to learn the trade, for the last seven years. The happy couple were married in Akron, Ohio.

Mr. F. F. Mercer read an essay before the Historical Society, in Philadelphia, the other evening, relative to grape culture, during which he said there was a great failure of the crop generally in the Eastern part of the State. He said that from his experience in grape culture, the Concord and Creveling were best adapted to outdoor growth in Pennsylvania.

The Bucks county *Intelligencer* says: "The prospect is that there will be enough wheat for the home demand, and a surplus for exportation, if it is wanted. As to the failure of the crop raised in Eastern Pennsylvania this year there can be no controversy. In Bucks, Montgomery and Chester, the wheat does not turn out more than half a crop. We have had full opportunities of learning the state of the yield in Bucks county, and it can safely be asserted that scarcely an average yield of wheat has been harvested in the county."

RAILWAY MATTERS.

The Indianapolis *Journal*, in speaking of the completion of the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, says the new road in connection with the Pennsylvania Central shortens all of the distances between the eastern cities, and adds: "It cannot but become a great through route, and we shall expect to see a through train between this city and Pittsburgh without change of cars. An examination of any good map of this route will show the great advantages of this route for our trade of this city."

A vigorous effort is now being made to reorganize the Pittsburgh, Maysville and Cincinnati Railroad Company, and to recommence and prosecute the work of building the road as far as McConnelsville, Ohio. The Atlantic and Great Western Company have taken hold of the matter, and purpose commencing the work the coming winter.

About 1 o'clock Monday afternoon, two freight trains going in opposite directions on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, tried to pass each other on a single track about four miles east of Corry. The result was a general smash. Nobody was hurt. Engines damaged but slightly.

The Central Railroad and Banking Company of Georgia is now on the market for a loan of $1,000,000, the security offered being first mortgage seven per cent. bonds of $1,000 each, redeemable in ten years, with coupons payable semi-annually in New York, the proceeds to be applied to the repair of damage sustained by the road during the war. The road is 190½ miles in length, extending from Savannah to Macon. The road earned in 1860 $1,715,625 01, against $1,688,957 81 in 1859.

The *Railroad Journal* says that while British journalists have attempted to reduce our national securities, they have been well disposed toward our railway securities—so much so, that British capitalists chiefly own the Atlantic and Great Western, and have the controlling stock of the Erie and other roads. The London *Circular* notices the constant increase of our railway earnings, and says that nothing can be safer than investments in American roads. [illegible] of our railroad stocks than that of some of our own leading speculators.

The National Association of Wool Manufacturers, held its first annual meeting in Philadelphia, yesterday. This Association was originally convened at Springfield, Mass., in October last, "for the purpose of consultation, and if it should be deemed advisable, of forming a national association of woolen manufacturers for mutual interest and protection." The list of membership already includes the names of about thirty-three individuals and firms, of whom eleven belong to Pennsylvania, representing large interests.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

Receipts of Internal Revenue.

Montgomery Blair's Speech.

Confiscation of Richmond Property.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, September 7.

The Receipts from Internal Revenue

To-day, were one million one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Nearly all the Union papers of Maryland have taken strong grounds against the recent

Speech of Montgomery Blair

At Clarksville, in that State.

The Richmond *Republican* of to-day publishes thirty odd columns of

Advertisements of Property Libelled

By the Marshal of the District of Virginia, for confiscation.

Highly Interesting.

Rebel Foote Returned to Tennessee.

Mallory not to be Released.

The United Service Society.

ALABAMA PARDON SEEKERS.

Further Reports as to the Cholera.

Terrible Condition of Pilgrims to Mecca.

Andersonville Prison Records.

A NEWSPAPER MAN COWHIDED.

Decision by the Currency Bureau.

NEW YORK, August 7.—The *Commercial* learns that the President has permitted Henry S. Foote to return to Tennessee, and he passed through Cincinnati a few nights since, *en route* to his home in Nashville, on condition that he would not interfere in politics.

At the fall book sale to-day, prices were fully up to the standard of the previous sale.

The *Post's* special says: The President declines to release Mallory, the rebel ex-Secretary of the Navy, but gives his family permission to visit him.

The United Service Society met last night, when it was resolved to issue a call to the executive officers and men of the national army and navy who had served during the late rebellion, residing in the State of New York, to elect delegates to the State Convention to be held at Albany on the 11th of October. Some measures were adopted in reference to the organization of clubs in each assembly district and in regard to a mass meeting to be held at Cooper Institute in support of the Monroe doctrine.

The *Times'* Washington special says: We mentioned some days ago that Gov. Parsons, of Alabama, had telegraphed the President to withhold action and not to grant pardon on any applications recommended by the Executive of that State until the Governor should again be heard from. Gov. Parsons has not been heard from on the subject since the receipt of the above named dispatch. In the meantime, a large number of pardon-seekers have arrived here from Alabama, and are now anxiously waiting some further action which will enable the President consistently to determine their applications. We learn that the cause of the suspension suggested by Gov. Parsons is founded in the practice adopted by one of his clerks of receiving from important applicants for pardon a fee of $10 or so for hurrying up papers to enable them to be forwarded to Washington. Many such representations of this practice were made to Gov. Parsons as led him to fear that some corruption had been practiced to obtain his recommendation, but it is alleged that the clerk only received a fee for working after the usual office hours; and that therefore his extra ten dollars fees were legitimate pay for honest labor.

The same special says: The United States Consul at Port Mahon, Spain, informs the State Department under date of August 14th, of the arrival at that quarantine of a Turkish steamer which left Alexandria with 1,800 pilgrims. The steamer, he says, comes with 1,290, and reports having left on the way 500. Twenty deaths occurred from cholera on the passage. The Captain on his arrival at Port Mahon reported all well, but on examination of the steamer, the dead bodies were found in a sad state of decomposition. The Captain's statements are discredited, and the 500 not accounted for may have died by the same disease. The Consul stated that the accounts received at that station concur in the opinion that the cholera is making its way westward. Thus far, the cholera has followed the pilgrims, who, he says, are packed like sardines on shipboard. Their religion does not allow them when passing to Mecca, to sleep on a bed, to wash or to eat any warm food. They are covered with filth and vermin, and are spreading disease all over the Mediterranean.

The *Herald's* special says the Currency Bureau have recently made an important decision in regard to banking institutions, an imperfect statement of which has been already published. Its purport is, that although a bank might be permitted to organize without circulation by waiving their claim to it, yet the law requires all banks to deposit at least one-third of the amount of their capital in United States bonds, and this requirement can in no case be dispensed with. Although the privilege of circulation may be waved, the deposit as above stated must be made.

Capt. James M. Moore, who interred the dead at Andersonville, will, with permission of the Government, publish as a public document, the records of the Andersonville prison, giving the name of the regiment and the residence of every prisoner who died there, as far as known. The number of names on the manuscript list is upwards of 14,000.

The *Tribune's* special says the Richmond *Republic* of to-day, mentions the cowhiding and severe injuries therefrom, of Mr. C. H. Wynne, of the *Times*, of that city. The castigation was inflicted by Mr. Raynor, agent or canvasser of that paper, and was for some real or imaginary insult offered by Mr. Wynne. As a preliminary to the cowhiding a challenge was forwarded by Mr. Raynor, which was not accepted by Mr. Wynne. Mr. Raynor was held to bail in the sum of $200, and will be tried for his offense.

LATE WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Gov. Fenton in the City—Crowd at the White House—Gen. Marmaduke Leaves the Country—Beauregard also Applying for a Passport—Compound Interest Bearing Notes—No Donations for Wirz—Appointments.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—Gov. Fenton is in Washington, on business connected with the muster-out of the New York troops and the adjustment of the claims of that State against the General Government. It is understood that about one million four hundred thousand dollars of these claims, are favorably considered and a draft will be immediately drawn in favor of the State for about three hundred thousand dollars. The Government is of the opinion that vouchers can be produced that will result in the speedy adjustment of nearly the whole amount, if not the entire claim itself.

There was again a large crowd at the Executive Mansion to-day, nearly all of whom were pardon seekers, including Miles Taylor, formerly representative in Congress from Louisiana. Some of them had been standing near the door for at least five hours, waiting for admittance, but had not been gratified up to three o'clock. The President in the intervals of public business received a few only of the visitors. To have opened the door of his office to all the comers at once, with the thermometer indicating ninety degrees, would have exposed him to the risk of suffocation.

Fifty-two pardons were yesterday granted by the President. To-day some of them impatiently repaired to the State Department to obtain the Secretary's signature to the documents.

General Marmaduke, known as a prominent officer in the late rebellion, is said to avail himself of the privilege to go abroad and remain without the United States during the pleasure of the Government, and has received a passport accordingly. General Beauregard has also applied for a passport under the same [illegible] Alabama.

The Treasury Department has printed thirty-six millions dollars of the six per cent. compound interest notes, to replace those received in business transactions, and cancelled eight to nine per cent. interest notes. By this arrangement about three hundred thousand dollars of accrued interest has been saved to the Government within the last thirty days. All these notes are legal tenders. There is no increase of currency, but merely the issuing of new notes for old ones at a saving to the Government.

Instead of receiving donations for Capt. Wirz, it appears that Rittenhouse, Fowler & Co., of this city have only consented to receive on deposit in the ordinary business way amounts of money to be received subject to the order of the prisoner's counsel.

James W. Matthews, of Virginia, was to-day appointed Collector of Customs for the District of Tappahannock, Va. Richard Hall Register of Deeds for the District of Columbia, vice N. S. Towns, and Charles Mathewson, of Connecticut, Agent for the Winnebago Indians on the Missouri river.

TRIAL OF WIRZ.

Former Testimony Corroborated

No Excuse for Starving Prisoners.

A Dark Record Made Yet Darker.

Illness of the Prisoner.

WASHINGTON, September 7.—The record of yesterday having been read, Bernard Callahan, of the Second Ohio Regiment, testified as to the shooting and killing of five or six Union prisoners in the stockade during July and August, 1864. One of the men was in the act of washing his clothes, and another was trading boots with the guard. Wirz struck the witness for not answering to his name, which had been incorrectly called, and then the prisoner tied his arms and legs together with his own hands, fastening them with a stick. He was kept in that position for two hours and a half. Witness had seen a man who was badly bitten by the hounds.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baker.—He was present at the hanging of six raiders by our own men. He had nothing to do with the trial of the raiders. He was bucked on the 17th of May for no other reason than that he failed to answer at roll call to the wrong name.

Jno. W. Case, of the 17th regiment, testified that on the 17th of September those who were sick and wounded were told that if they could get to the depot without assistance, they could do so. They were to be exchanged. Witness could not readily get into the cars with his crutches, when Wirz called him "a d—d Yankee s— of a b——h," and threatened to blow his brains out. Somebody shot at him previously, but struck another person. He was not near the dead line. The sentinel cried out "Halt, Yank, I'm gwine to shoot." Witness said run or dive was certain to be made. Shooting men was a common occurrence every night. He frequently heard men crying murder.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baker.—Witness heard a sentinel say that he received a furlough for thirty days for every Yankee he killed. He knew men were shot during the night, because he saw their bodies the next morning.

Question—"Captain Wirz never hurt you?"

Answer—"No."

Question—"He only threatened you?"

Answer—"That's what's the matter." (Laughter.)

Edward Richardson, a resident of Albany, Ga., for twenty-three years, testified that that place is forty-five miles from Andersonville. He was at Andersonville every month in the year 1864, until August. There was a good corn crop in 1863, but not much wheat. There were many sweet potatoes in 1864. A large wheat crop was planted, but the rain destroyed it. The plantations in the vicinity of Andersonville were large, and the farmers raised vegetables for their own use.

Cross-examined—Witness said in two warehouses in Andersonville there was considerable bacon, syrup and corn meal. There was not much garden truck in 1864. There was a difficulty in obtaining seed.

Mr. Baker said the prisoner was not well to-day. He was suffering with pains in the head and throat and troubled with bowel complaint. If the court could now adjourn for the remainder of the day it would be a great favor to him. The court, at one o'clock, adjourned. Major General Wallace saying that the prisoner would receive medical attendance.

FROM FLORIDA.

FEELING OF THE PEOPLE.

All Quiet on the Surface.

Idea of Colored Garrisons not Relished.

WHAT THE GOVERNOR IS DOING.

NEW YORK, September 7.—The *Tribune's* correspondent, writing from Jacksonville, Florida, August 30, says: On the surface everything is quiet in Florida, but social, moral and political elements are exceedingly at work. The Governor still remains at the capital, a close observer of the temper of the people and of passing events. It is evident that he has no intention to be in any hurry about calling a convention to frame a constitution, yet the delay will not be very agreeable to the people. They are anxious on many accounts to exchange martial for civil rule. The idea that all their principal towns are garrisoned by colored troops is not agreeable to their old prejudices. They want everything out of their sight that will remind them of the follies of the rebellion, and to have the ancient order of affairs restored.

We are left mostly to conjecture in regard to the reasons which have induced the Governor to postpone at least for the present the Convention. His instructions from the President in reference to the freedmen are full and definite, and he has an idea of a kind of constitution which must be formed to secure recognition by Congress. He fears that the people do not sufficiently comprehend their changed situation, and the duties growing out of the new order of things, to act safely in the matter. He is anxious to secure a Convention whose action will be acceptable to the sovereign Government at Washington, and at the same time receive the popular indorsement at home. On his arrival he issued his proclamation or address, and delivered speeches at Jacksonville, Lake City and Tallahassee, scattering among the people ideas which, in his judgment, must be incorporated in the new State Government. He is now found every day at the Governor's rooms in the State House, receiving visits, hearing complaints, learning the views of the people, and giving them his own. He is often conferring with Maj. General Foster, Commandant of the Department, and thus is educating and preparing Florida for her new-constitution.

The Gainesville *New Era* publishes the following: In the course of years, after the national debt is extinguished by taxation, or disposed of in some other way, we think it very probable that the slaves will be paid for in full or for such species of property, according to the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States.

The planters should not imagine they are ruined forever. It is true the loss is heavy and the shock severe, but they have lands and stock to work them with, and labor can therefore be employed profitably. The negroes are in the country and must work or be dissatisfied. The State will enact laws to make them do so, and although they may not do as much as when they were slaves, they can still be made of some use.

The correspondent says much is said by indiscreet parties of what will be done when the people get the power in their own hands.

INTERESTING ITEMS.

NEW YORK, September 7.—The *Commercial's* special says: Intelligence from Mexico confirms the reports of disasters to the Liberals. The strategic commanding of the Imperialists seem to preclude the hope of a prolonged resistance by Juarez. The retreat of the Mexicans from Chihuahua is confirmed, and it is not probable that they can sustain their position at El Paso. [illegible] by the Mexicans without aid cannot be looked for. The French have received reinforcements, and are now in a better position than ever.

The President will not interfere with the action of the Southern bishops. They may unite with the Northern church or not, as they please. In reply to a delegation of the radicals, he stated that the Constitution was silent on the subject.

The steamer Manhattan, from Vera Cruz and Havana, brings $1,000 in gold. Passengers just from the City of Mexico, say there is no news of importance, except what is known of the distribution of General Sheridan's army in Texas.

The Haytien gunboat Geffrard arrived here to-night.

The Overland Telegraph.

SITKA, August 18.—Via *New Westminster, September 5.*—The Overland Telegraph bark, Clara Bell, will sail from here to-morrow for New Westminster. The schooner Milton Badger will sail for Anadyr Bay to-morrow, with the exploring party on board and supplies of equipments. This party will be the advance explorers of the route from Anadyr river to Amoor. The bark Golden Gate will also sail for Fort St. Michael and a Yukon river, with the steamer Lizzie Horner on board. The parties who will explore Youkur river are also on board the Golden Gate. The steamer Wright will also sail for the mouth of Youkur river and Gulf of Anadyr. Col. Charles S. Bulkley, Engineer-in-Chief of the Overland Telegraph expedition, goes on the latter, and after directing the preliminary operations of the explorers of the Youkur, will proceed to Anadyr and Behring's Straits. Everything pertaining to the great expedition is progressing favorably, and Russian officials at Sitka have extended every aid in their power. The health of the expeditionary corps is excellent.

Meeting of the Indian Bureau.

FT. SMITH, September 7.—The Indian Commission assembled and held a preliminary session to-day. Fifty persons compose the Commission, Judge Cooley, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Col. Wells, Superintendent of the Southwestern Indians, Thomas Wistar, of Philadelphia, Gen. Cuyler, of Gen. Grant's staff, Gen. Herron and Gen. Harney were present. Representatives were present from the Seminoles, Cherokees, Creeks, Choctaws, Washitas, Osages, Senecas, Wyandottes, and Quofferns. The Choctaws are holding their meeting at Armstrong Academy. The Chickasaws act with the Choctaws. A bitter feud between the rebel and loyal full and half blood Indians, will interfere seriously with the work of the Commission. The Indians will object to the emancipation of their slaves.

The New England Fair.

CONCORD, N. H., September 7.—The third day of the New England Fair has passed off finely. At least twenty-five thousand people were in attendance. The trot by Empress, Blackstone, Belle and Farmer's Daughter was won by the Empress in three heats: Time—2:33, 2:36½ and 2:36.

To-morrow is the last day, and all the New England Governors, with their staffs, Rhode Island excepted, are to be present at the fair. They are the guests of Governor Smyth, of New Hampshire.

New York Democratic Convention.

The Platform Adopted.

They will "Support" the President.

ALBANY, September 7.—The following are the resolutions of the Democratic State Convention, passed before the adjournment to-day:

Resolved, That the past history of the Democratic party is to be found in the proudest records of the country and its creed in the Constitution, and that it is ready to meet the great question of the future with patriotism, fidelity to principles and practical wisdom that have characterized its long and auspicious identification with the history of the nation.

Resolved, That we congratulate the people of this State and of the nation upon the termination of civil war and on the return of peace, and especially that this blessing is attained with a preserved Union and undiluted constitutional liberty throughout the land.

Resolved, That as the first fruits of this triumph, the people demand the subordination of military rule, the restitution of the courts and the recognition of the equality of the States; that they regard all efforts, either by prolonging the military rule or by denying the right of representation to the States, in order to compel them to adopt equality or negro suffrage, as an element of their constitutions, as tending to delay and prevent the pacification of the country and to subvert the principles of the Government and endanger the liberties of the people.

Resolved, That in the plan of President Johnson for the speedy restoration of the States lately in rebellion to their old positions in the Union, by commencing the work of reorganization at the point of secession, and confiding to those their recognized rights as electors by the laws of the respective States—leaving the question of suffrage, where the constitution places it, to the future action of the several States, we recognize enlightened statesmanship and old fashioned, time-honored regard for the relations and rights of the States and the Federal Government as established by the constitution; and that we pledge to the President in this great work our cordial and energetic support.

Resolved, That while we stigmatize as alike fatal to national prosperity and the rights of labor, the doctrine that a national debt is a national blessing, we recognize the obligation by which the whole resources of the country are pledged to the payment of the public debt, and we believe the interest and honor of the people are involved in its faithful fulfillment; and that all constitutional and loyal means should be taken to compel the whole property of the country, real and personal, to share in the public burden, believing that equality of taxation is not only equity, but also the soundest basis of public credit.

Resolved, That the thanks and gratitude of the people are due to the soldiers and sailors of the North and their brave commanders who have illustrated the pages of history with deeds of valor that elevate the fame of the people and vindicate the character of the Republican Government.

Resolved, That the position originally taken by our Government in reference to the interference of the European powers with the people of this continent, called the Monroe doctrine, is a policy which has preserved peace and avoided foreign entanglements, and cannot be abandoned without dishonor to us as a power among the nations nor without danger to democratic institutions.

Resolved, That the frank and generous acceptance by the Southern people of the condition in which they have been left by the recent war, including the abandonment of slavery, removes the main difficulties in the way of the restoration of amiable feeling among the States, and that it should be met on the part of the Federal Government in a spirit of conciliation and kindness.

Resolved, That, banishing all minor party considerations, and acting in the spirit of an enlarged and generous patriotism, we cordially support President Johnson in the policy which he has invoked, to raise the States lately in revolt to put their governments in practicable operation, and in all such constitutional measures as he may inaugurate to harmonize the country and restore and cement a union of States.

On motion of Edmund Briggs a resolution was adopted charging the present Secretary of State and Controller with complicity with the perpetration of frauds in connection with the census.

The State Central Committee was then named as follows: First District—Charles E. [illegible], Peter B. Sweeny; Second District—[illegible] A. Nelson, Wm. M. Parks; Third District—Peter Cagger, F. L. Laflin; Fourth District—Arthur W. Hunter, W. A. Averill; Fifth District—John A. Green, [illegible]; Sixth District—Henry [illegible], Christopher A. Waldo; Seventh District—F. R. Russe, C. B. Walker; Eighth District—Dean Richmond, A. P. Lansing.

THE GREAT BILLIARD MATCH.

Deery Wins by Thirty-Six Points.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., September 7.—At the match for the championship of America, Deery won by thirty-six points. The game was two thousand and seventy-six. There was much excitement, Fox being the favorite. The winner's average was sixteen and fifty-four hundredths.

Death of Gen. Schimmelfennig.

PHILADELPHIA, September 7.—A special dispatch to the *Bulletin*, dated Reading, Pa., September 7th, says: Brig. Gen. Schimmelfennig died this morning at Waynesville, near this city. [illegible] Saturday last. He had been suffering from consumption, contracted in the service.

CITY MATTERS.

METEOROLOGICAL DIARY.—Taken daily by Geo. E. Shaw, Practical Optician, 58 Fifth street:

Thursday, September 7.	Sun.	Shade
9 A. M.	cloudy	70
12 M.		74
3 P. M.	rain	78
6 P. M.		76
Barometer at 6 P. M.		29-10

LATE PAPERS.—We are indebted to Mr. W. A. Foster, of Adams Express Company, for late Southern papers.

DISCHARGED.—Jacob Fox, who was arrested in Allegheny on Wednesday night, with three pocket books in his possession, gave a satisfactory explanation to the Mayor yesterday morning, when he was discharged from custody.

CORRECTION.—In the notice of Hatch & McCoy's machine shop which appeared in yesterday's COMMERCIAL, the firm of Smith & Bangey was named as the contractors. It should have been Shaub & McDonald, who also are building the sheds and office of the coal yard of E. A. Schusbel & Co., near the old Allegheny Valley Railroad depot.

STILL LIVING.—The young man, McCain, of California, Washington County, who was scalded on the steamer Gayette on Sunday, while on the Gallatin, is still living, but no hopes are entertained of his recovery. The external injuries might be controlled, but the internal injuries of the throat is destroyed by inhaling the steam, and his physicians say there is actual perforation of the trachea.

LETTERS FOR THE SEVENTY-SEVENTH.—Capt. Paul F. Hollbrook, of company H, 77th Pennsylvania Volunteers, will leave Pittsburgh on Wednesday evening, September 13th, direct for Texas. Recruits take letters with him for the men of the regiment from their friends and acquaintances in this city. Letters can be left with Mr. Marshall, Diamond Alley, or at the COMMERCIAL office.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.—The President of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company, Col. Wm. Phillips, and the superintendent of the road, F. Wright, Esq., traversed the track of the road from Kittanning to mouth of Mahoning on foot, last Friday, on a tour of inspection. The work on the road is in a fair way of being completed by next Christmas. The road is located on the east side of the Allegheny, from the latter point to Franklin. The contract for building it will probably be given out soon.

ARRESTED FOR TREASON.—Col. Alexander Compter, U. S. Deputy Marshal, arrived in this city yesterday, having in custody Mengel Reed, who was arrested in Bedford on Wednesday, for joining the rebel army during the invasion of the State in 1863. He was taken before U. S. Commissioner Sproul, who committed him to the jail of Bedford county until the 21st inst., for the purpose of bringing him as a witness in the case of John P. Reed, Jr., charged with the murder of Deputy Provost Marshal Jacob Crouse, on the first of August last. Reed has been held as a principal in this murder, but the Grand Jury ignoring the bill against him, he was arrested on the charge of treason. He will probably be tried at the next term of the U. S. Court.

Destruction of the Ardesco Oil Refinery.

The loss of this company by the burning of the refinery in McClellan township, on Wednesday night will amount to about $25,000 or $30,000, on which there is an insurance of $25,000, the policies being held by Eastern companies. One row of stills, and a number of new stills which had not been in use, were destroyed, together with a small lot of oil, but the principal portion of the works, sheds, &c., were totally destroyed. The fire is supposed to have been communicated to the [illegible] works and spread with great rapidity. [illegible] the lamp and in [illegible] the works at the time, but they all escaped without injury. Had they not, the property would undoubtedly have been further injured or killed.

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—This evening the accomplished young actress, Miss Charlotte Thompson, will take a benefit, which, if it be commensurate with her merits, will be a substantial one. Independent of her claims, however, she presents an attractive play, "Evadne, or the Statue," in which she appears in the title-role. The management have in rehearsal the new prize play, lately purchased by Miss Thompson, which will be produced for the first time on any stage at the Opera House.

THEATRE.—The crowds who have visited Henderson's Theatre during the past four nights to witness Hackett's matchless impersonation of "Falstaff," will doubtless endeavor to be present to-night, on the occasion of his benefit, to see him in two characters totally different—those of "Nimrod Wildfire," in the "Kentuckian's First Visit to New York," and "Monsieur Mallet." This is the last opportunity of seeing Hackett this season, and he deserves a substantial recognition of the honor he has conferred and has delighted during the week.

THE SATURDAY COMMERCIAL,
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.
TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:
Per Year, (52 Issues,).......$1 50
In Clubs of Twenty.......1 00
The money must always accompany the order, and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.
☞Postmasters are requested to act as agents for THE COMMERCIAL.

Meeting of Allegheny Councils.

A regular monthly meeting of Allegheny City Councils was held last evening.

SELECT COUNCIL.—Present: Messrs. Atwell, Irwin, Miller, Myler, McBrier; George R. Riddle, Samuel Riddle, Thomas and Wright.

In the absence of the President, Mr. Wright was called to the chair.

Mr. Irwin, from the Committee on City Property, reported the bill of Messrs. Morrow & Reed, for painting City Hall, amounting to $20. Also, a bill from J. W. Hume, of $1,602 10 for lightning rods for city buildings. The bills were read and ordered to be paid. C. C. non-concurred, in regard to the bill of Messrs. Morrow and Miller, and referred it to Committee on City Property to report at next meeting.

Mr. S. Riddle presented a petition from the First Ward School Board, asking that the place for holding elections be changed from the School House to the Hope Engine House. Accompanying the petition was an ordinance providing for the necessary change, which was not agreed to.

Mr. Atwell presented a communication from Martin Voightley, relative to three city bonds (two for $1,000 each and one for $500,) which were destroyed by fire some years since. The first two bonds are now due and unpaid, and the holder asks payment in full of principal and interest. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Atwell presented a communication from the city comptroller, setting forth the amount of warrants drawn upon the treasurer during the month of August, viz:

Salaries	$1,560 00
Interest	18 14
Engines	410 57
Streets	5,235 87
Contingent fund	627 24
Water works	2,306 83
Unpaid claims	4 40
Gas	1,440 62
Total for August	11,703 97
Seven months preceding	112,365 67
Total for eight months	124,069 64

The comptroller also reported a number of bills which were ordered to be paid.

Mr. McBrier submitted the report of the Committee on Water, with sundry bills for labor and materials. A motion was made that the bills be ordered to be paid, but Mr. George R. Riddle objected, upon the ground that the bills should first have been presented to the Controller for his examination. Laid over for the present.

Mr. Wright presented the report of the Committee on Streets, with the pay roll of the Street Commissioner for August. Mr. Riddle objected to the payment of the bills for the reason that they had not been examined by the Controller.

The Chairman remarked that inasmuch as the Street Commissioner was a sworn officer of the city, it was not deemed necessary to present the bills to the Controller.

A resolution was passed, authorizing the payment of the bills after they had been examined by the Controller.

The Street Committee also presented ordinances for the grading and paving of Church and Cedar avenues, and for sidewalk on Cedar avenue. Adopted.

A communication from Ross Forward, Esq., relative to the bad condition of Ohio avenue and the lower portion of Western avenue. A resolution was adopted authorizing the appropriation of three hundred dollars for repairing the above named streets.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the payment of the bills presented by the Water Committee, after examination by the Controller.

Mr. Samuel Riddle submitted the following preamble and resolutions, which were adopted:

WHEREAS, The original founders of "the Town of Allegheny" did, with excellent judgment and foresight, reserve from sale certain grounds, both without and within the original survey, to which good judgment the citizens are now indebted for their fine central squares used for market and other purposes; and Whereas, the ample grounds outside the original survey, known as the public common grounds afford opportunity for greatly improving the appearance of the city, and adding an attractive feature which cannot fail to add materially to the value of the real estate, when improved and enclosed in a liberal and substantial manner, after a general and well matured plan, comprising the entire grounds aforesaid; and Whereas, The individual plan for the improvement of the aforesaid public Common Grounds, however public spirited and commendable, must necessarily result in a partial and inharmonious work—lacking that symmetry and harmony in design and permanence in execution, which should characterize an improvement which must exercise a potent influence upon the future of the city; Therefore

Resolved, That the Public Common Grounds should be thoroughly improved after a carefully matured plan embracing the entire grounds, and including enclosure, grading, paving, planting and ornamentation, at the expense of the public, according to the equitable scale of assessment.

Resolved, That posterity should be left to meet the principal of the debt thus incurred, when the value of real estate shall have been materially increased, through the agency of said improvement.

Resolved, That a Select Committee of five be appointed by the Councils, who, together with the City Solicitor and the Recording Regulator, shall prepare and report to Councils, a plan for the improvement of the said Common Grounds, with an approximate estimate of the expense of said improvements, and a suggestion with reference to its equitable adjustment, and what legislation and other measures may be necessary to enable Councils to carry out the said improvements.

Mr. George R. Riddle offered the following:

Resolved, That the Committee on Streets be instructed to cause a sewer of sufficient dimensions, under plans of the Recording Regulator, to be constructed in the bed of the Pennsylvania Canal for such distance as will thoroughly waste the sewerage of the city, if, in their opinion, the same is deemed expedient.

Resolved, That James Richey, Isaac Morley and S. H. Hartman be and they are hereby appointed viewers to assess and apportion the costs and expenses thereof upon the property benefitted.

The resolutions were adopted.

On motion adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.—Present: Messrs. Benney, Beilstein, Falhauber, Hanna, Hall, Patterson, McNiel, McDonald, Robb, J. B. Smith, Wm. Smith, Thompson, and President Duncan.

Minutes of preceding meeting read and approved.

Mr. Wm. Smith presented two petitions from citizens of the Fourth ward, praying councils not to permit the managers of the Allegheny and Freeport Railroad to interfere with the grade of the streets crossing their road. Referred to the Street Committee.

The President presented a petition from residents of the First ward, representing that that portion of the ward, bounded by Martin, Corry, and Craig streets, had several times lately been inundated, owing to the improper and insufficient sewerage, causing much loss, inconvenience and sickness, and praying that the evil be immediately remedied. Referred to the Committee on Streets.

The president also presented a petition from Mr. John Tyler, who resides on Grant street, praying to be remunerated for loss sustained by the overflow of the sewer on Craig street. Referred to the Committee on Claims and Accounts.

Mr. Benney presented the report of the Committee on Engines, together with a resolution providing for the payment of sundry bills. The report was accepted and the resolution adopted.

Mr. Hanna, from the Committee on Markets, presented the reports of the Weighmasters and Clerk of Markets, as follows:

John S. Edgar, Diamond Scales	$291 33
Wm. F. Anderson, Second Ward Scales	484 13
Duncan Dallas, Clerk of Markets	920 15
Total	$1,695 61

Mr. Benney offered a resolution providing for the removal of gas post in front of the Hope Engine House to the northeast corner of Corry and Martin streets. Adopted.

Mr. Benney also offered a resolution instructing the Committee on City Property to provide a number of foot scrapers and have them placed at the entrances to City Hall, which was adopted.

The President offered the following, which was adopted:

WHEREAS, Some three years ago, the Mayor gave permission to the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad to run their freight train through the City on Sundays, believing, as was represented by the Company, that it was necessary, owing to the demand of the Government for cattle, and, Whereas, That necessity no longer exists, and as it is a source of great annoyance to at least four religious congregations situated on the line of said road, and is also a violation of the law; therefore be it

Resolved, That the Mayor be and is hereby authorized to take such measures as he may deem best to prevent the running of said cars on the Sabbath day.

Mr. Patterson offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Streets, in conjunction with the Recording Regulator, to report at next meeting of Councils the propriety of reducing the grade of East lane, Chestnut street and Sycamore street, so as to dispense with bridges over the Pennsylvania Canal. Adopted.

Mr. Hanna presented a communication from the Controller in regard to the refusal of the Hope Steam Engine Company to pay fifty per cent. of the amount received by said company for pumping water from cellars which were inundated during the rise of the river early in the spring. The communication states that the members of the company are willing to comply with the resolution hereafter, but allege that as they have recently expended $378 in improving the property of the city, they should be relieved from the payment of the amount in dispute ($200.)

On motion of Mr. Hall, the request of the company was complied with.

On motion adjourned.

DUNKARD UNION OIL COMPANY.

President Samuel Graham in Trouble—A History of the Company—The Company's Prospects.

Mr. J. G. Backofen, and others, to the number of fifteen, have commenced proceedings before the Mayor, and also in the civil courts, against Samuel Graham, President of the Dunkard Union Oil Company, and Wesley Coulter, one of the Directors, charging them with fraud. It seems that in September, 1864, Samuel Graham and Wesley Coulter issued a prospectus for the organization of a company to be known as the Dunkard Union Oil Company, representing therein that they were possessors of some thirteen hundred acres of land in fee simple, in the Dunkard region, of which three hundred and fifty-six acres were strictly good boring territory. This territory was to be conveyed to the Company when organized in consideration of the payment of forty thousand dollars to Messrs. Graham and Coulter. On the 14th of November, 1864, the subscribers to the stock met and organized by the election of a Board of Directors. On the 29th of the same month the Directors met to receive the property, and pay for the same. Mr. Graham presented to the Directors four leases, covering the three hundred and fifty-six acres of good boring territory, accompanied by some explanation, which seemed to be satisfactory, as the Directors passed a resolution instructing the Secretary to issue a check for $20,000, in part payment, to Mr. Graham. Subsequently, the Directors prevailed upon Mr. Graham to take the balance due him, $20,000, in the stock of the company, which he did.

As soon as possible, the Directors placed two engines on the ground, with derricks, two sets of tools, and everything necessary for the prosecution of drilling, all of which have been paid for. Matters progressed favorably with the company until the 13th of June, 1865, when a new Board of Directors was elected, and a Finance Committee appointed to audit the books of the Treasurer, Mr. W. W. Herron. This Committee made a careful examination of the Treasurer's account, compared the books and vouchers, and so far as that officer was concerned, all was pronounced right, which fact was reported to the directors and stockholders, who approved the report. But the Committee extended their researches further, and asked for the deeds to the property of the Company, when the four leases for the three hundred and fifty-six acres were tendered them. These they objected to receive as the property of the company, and demanded the deeds for the one thousand three hundred acres set forth in the prospectus, which were not forthcoming. This state of affairs was not pleasing to some of the stockholders, who had been induced to subscribe to the stock on the representations of Samuel Graham, now President of the company, and who has been proceeded against as above stated. Mr. Graham was arrested yesterday, and held to bail in the sum of $4,000 for a hearing before the Mayor this afternoon, when the facts in the case will be more fully developed. Mr. Coulter was also arrested, and held in $1,000 for a similar hearing.

The Dunkard Union Oil Company, as before stated, have three hundred and fifty-six acres of good boring territory, on which they have now at work two engines, under the superintendence of a careful, industrious man. They have two wells down, one five hundred and sixty-two feet deep and in the third sand rock, with encouraging indications of a strike. The other well has obtained a depth of over three hundred feet. The company have yet upwards of eight thousand dollars unexpended working capital, and is consequently not a bogus concern, as an evening cotemporary rather hastily pronounced it. While Mr. Graham may be open to grave charges, the affairs of the Company are in as good condition as those of any company which has not yet struck oil.

For Additional Local see Fourth Page.

The Daily Commercial

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1865.

UNION STATE TICKET.

AUDITOR GENERAL:
JOHN F. HARTRANFT,
of Montgomery.
SURVEYOR GENERAL:
JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
of Cambria.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
LEVI B. DUFF, Allegheny.
FOR COUNTY CONTROLLER:
HENRY LAMBERT, Pitt Township.
FOR TREASURER:
DAVID AIKEN, JR., Liberty Township.
FOR STATE SENATE:
JAMES L. GRAHAM, Allegheny.
FOR ASSEMBLY:
GEO. Y. McKEE, North Fayette Township.
HANS B. HERRON, McCandless Township.
ALFRED SLACK, Allegheny.
DAVID SHAFFER, Upper St Clair.
J. P. GLASS, Pittsburgh.
JOHN A. DANKS, Shaler Township.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER:
JONATHAN NEELY, Lower St. Clair Tp.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
R. L. McCULLEY, Birmingham.
FOR DIRECTOR OF POOR:
MOSES CHESS, Chartiers Township.

"THE CONTINENTAL CAPITAL."

A Chicago paper lately claimed for that city the distinction of being "The Continental Capital." This, to say the least, is an open question. That Chicago is, at present, the grain centre of our country, there is no disputing. But when the vast territory beyond the Mississippi, drained by the rivers that rise in the Rocky Mountains, whose head-waters drain distant regions which shed to the East and the West, is peopled and cultivated, perhaps St. Louis or some other city yet to spring into existence, may lay claim to the distinction now claimed for Chicago. It is too early to decide that question, and a statement of this fact derogates nothing from Chicago. Within and around her she has elements that ought to satisfy even her great and expanding ambition. At present she stands ahead. There was a time when she did not, and it may come again. Without the ambition, the pride, and the public spirit which Chicago possesses, that city would not be all that she is. This is the secret of the creative power which so distinguishes her. In this respect she is worthy of commendation. Other cities may properly follow her example; putting forth at least some part of the energy and public spirit she manifests, they too may make rapid and constant strides in growth and wealth. It is laudable in her to aspire to the distinction of being "The Continental Capital." Had she not thus aspired, resolved and reached out, she certainly would never have been what she is, nor have reason to hope for what she aspires to attain.

Admitting that Chicago is and will continue to be "The Continental Capital," it must be conceded that this is based on her relation to the grain growing regions of our country. She has other elements, but this is the principal one. If this should fail her, if this stream of prosperity should be diverted from her, she would be deprived of her main reliance. Holding this in view, we have the full force of a no less palpable fact that what Chicago is in this relation, and as the distributing point for the great producing regions of the land, Pittsburgh is and may continue to be to the iron and coal fields of the country. Chicago has competitors, but outstrips them all; and there are natural reasons why she may continue to do so. Pittsburgh has competitors also, and if she does not continue to outstrip them, it will be because she chooses not to. The advantages she possesses are fully as permanent as those of Chicago, as lasting as the mountains wherein lie buried the minerals that caused her to exist and grow to the Iron Manufacturing center—in this respect, at least, "The Continental Capital."

Chicago *wills* what she shall be. Herein she achieves half the victory. The rest follows of necessity. Looking at the two cities, considering what they are, what they may be, the elements they respectively rely on, who will say that Pittsburgh has not as much right to aspire to an unrivaled position, as Chicago?

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

It is not generally known that the Legislature of this State, at the last session, passed a very wholesome law, which, if properly executed will greatly diminish, if not altogether prevent the occurrence of accidents on railroads. The law was approved March 22d, 1865, and provides that—

> "From and after the passage of this act, if any person or persons, in the service or employ of a railroad, or other transportation company, doing business in this State, shall refuse or neglect to obey any rule or regulation of such company, or by reason of negligence or wilful misconduct, shall fail to observe any precaution or rule, which it was his duty to obey and observe, and injury or death to any person or persons shall thereby result, such person or persons so offending, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, and to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail or in the State penitentiary, not exceeding five years. *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall be construed to be a bar to a trial and conviction for any other or higher offense, or to relieve such person or persons from liability in a civil action, for such damages as may have been sustained."

The second section makes it the duty of the prosecuting attorney where such injuries may have happened, as soon as he shall have notice of the same, to take immediate action and legal measures for the apprehension and prosecution of the person or persons causing the injuries. It is also provided that the conviction of the employee shall not relieve the company from any liability for any such injuries or death.

A few convictions under this law would have a very satisfactory effect, and if the District Attorneys throughout the State will but do their duty promptly and efficiently whenever an accident occurs within their jurisdiction, death and injuries will become of rare occurrence or altogether unknown. It might also be of great use to make it obligatory upon all railroad companies doing business in the State to post a copy of this law in some conspicuous place on every passenger car and engine, and at every station on their line, so that their employees may at all times have before them the punishments provided by law for their neglect of duty. We commend this matter to the next Legislature.

THE PRESIDENT'S POLICY IN MISSISSIPPI.

A week or two ago Governor SHARKEY, the Provisional Governor of Mississippi, took steps to organize a State militia force to suppress guerrillas and robbers in general. General SLOCUM, commanding that department, issued an order forbidding the raising of a State force, a sufficient Federal force being present. Gov. SHARKEY, it seems, acted on the suggestion of the President, who desired to dispense altogether with the Federal force there. An appeal to the Executive has brought out an order from Gen. SLOCUM, by the direction of the President, directing all officers of his department to offer no interference whatever with the organization of the State militia, as provided in the proclamation of Governor SHARKEY; nor in case of any difficulty between the Federal and State troops are they to take any action without consulting the commanding General.

The ground on which General SLOCUM based his original order, suppressing the State force, was that as public sentiment then was in Mississippi, it would be dangerous to permit the raising and arming of the force intended. It seems that the President has greater faith, and thinks he can safely reduce the public expense by withdrawing the Federal force from Mississippi, a step which is doubtless intended by his action.

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THE STATE DEBT.—Gov. CURTIN has issued his proclamation setting forth that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund have reported a reduction of the State debt for the year ending the 4th of September, 1865, of *seven hundred and forty-five thousand eight hundred and eleven dollars and twenty-six cents.* Referring to this subject, the Harrisburg *Telegraph* remarks: "This is a vast increase over the reduction of the State debt the previous year, when the amount reached $268,569 59—there being an increase in the sum redeemed this year of $457,241 76. It must be remembered that the expenses of the previous year were far heavier than of the year just past, growing out of the war. But without resorting to comparison, the amount of debt redeemed during both years reflects great credit on the economy and financial ability with which the affairs of the Commonwealth are conducted."

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DECREASE OF EMIGRATION.—The close of the war has been followed by a falling off of emigration—the decrease in eight months this year being 21,360. The cost of living in this country, the high price of Exchange, the impositions of recruiting agents, and false representations, are among the reasons assigned for the falling off. The prospects for next year are encouraging, the Emigration Commissioners having received advices that the next Spring will show an unparalleled tide. The South will get more than *formerly*.

SECTIONALISM ERADICATED.

It is the peculiar advantage of the present administration of the General Government, one which no previous administration has enjoyed, that it is freed from the great embarrassment arising from the conflict of *sectional interests*. This may appear to be a paradoxical statement, while the Government is at this very hour harrassed and perplexed with the difficulties of reconstructing the civil affairs of the Southern States. These difficulties do not invalidate the statement. They arise from the passions and traditionary habits of the Southern people still operating convulsively under the force of causes which have passed away, and they must necessarily be transient, since they are not supported by vital and existing *interests*.

The diversity of interests which has heretofore existed between the South and the North, and which has been the basis of sectionalism, ever since the Government was organized, was inherent in the institution of slavery. This is no fancy. That institution was inwoven into all the social, financial, political and even religious arrangements of the South, and it could not but affect deeply the opinions and material interests of the people, not only of the slaveholders but of all the people. It originated not merely a sectional feeling, but a sectional interest and that one of great and substantial pecuniary value, in their estimation. The institution, therefore, could not fail to have a prominent place and a controlling influence on their political views and action. It always made its appearance in Presidential elections, it never was absent from the halls of Congress, where, like a cross-breed between Argus and Cerberus, it watched and was ready to tear any measure of legislation that it deemed adverse to its interests. It had its place in cabinets, and,

> "Squat like a toad beside the ear of Eve,"

it suggested sectional measures for its own particular advantage.

But now this power within the republic is abolished, and its downfall carries legitimately and logically with it all the sectionalism which it upheld. It cannot be and is not contemplated by the administration as an entity or a power or an interest. It cannot be so regarded by Congress. When angry passions are allayed in the South, it will be dismissed there as an interest and be classed among the things that were. It will never again throw the machinery of Government out of gear, or cause disturbance or danger by friction and heating in the processes of legislation. For the first time the interests of all parts of the country are substantially the same. For the first time, the Government has something like a free field for general legislation and for administrative measures adapted to the necessities of all parts without conflicting with the interests of any.

This may be at once proved and illustrated, by measures for protecting domestic manufactures, which the slave interest always, and logically too, has opposed, and in opposition to which, it once attempted the rupture of the Union, under the leading of Mr. CALHOUN. Such measures would not now be adverse to the interests of the Southern States, but quite the reverse. The transition from slave to free labor will introduce variety in the kinds of labor. The South will not be exclusively agricultural. The facilities for manufacturing, which it possesses in abundant measure, will be brought into speedy requisition, with many advantages on their side over the North. And instead of being opposed, by interest, to protective measures, their interest lies obviously in favoring them. They will require them, even more than the North, in consequence of the less advanced state of their manufacturing interests. Even before the war, with the dead weight of slavery on enterprize, manufactures, especially in the department of machine making, had commenced and made remarkably rapid progress. The necessities of the war have developed their resources and capabilities still further, and free labor will start them in fair and friendly competition with the North. The tariff bug-bear has, therefore, vanished, from the eye of the South, into thin air.

A HOME QUESTION.

There is not a man, woman or child but is interested in the question before the country, whether we shall buy abroad or manufacture at home. It comes home to every household, and can be neither evaded nor postponed. In the high price of gold the industry of our country has enjoyed a season of protection from foreign competition, but it is unsubstantial and will soon cease altogether. The Free Traders are forming their Leagues, and the question we have propounded must be tried in Congress. Even now we are consuming more foreign goods than we are exporting domestic produce; and to supply the deficiency, we are exporting on an average nearly $2,000,000 of gold per week, and have been doing it for some time. We are buying abroad what we might produce at home. We are patronizing English manufactures, the builders of rebel pirate steamers, the sympathisers with the rebellion and its chief supporters. Who will say it would not be wiser, more patriotic to keep the gold at home, employing our population in manufacturing, who in turn would be consumers and able to pay good prices for all our agricultural products? We have thousands of unemployed men, just returned from the battle-field, while British labor is receiving constant employment making goods and wares for our markets. All over our land there are unemployed factories which the $2,000,000 a week, kept at home, would put in operation and give employment to thousands of willing hands at good wages. Who says our policy should not be to give employment to the men who support the government and fight our battles?

THE POINT OF AGREEMENT.

On looking into the political movements of the day, it will be found that the rebel war debt is assuming much importance. The Southern politicians have no idea of giving up as a dead loss the debt incurred in the attempt to destroy the Government, but cling to the hope that by bringing it into the political arena, they will place it on an equality with the Federal debt. In this, it cannot be disguised, Democratic politicians in the North encourage their Southern brethren, and this forms one point of agreement between them. We have seen the plea set up by the holders of the rebel bonds in England, that the Federal Government having succeeded to the management of the affairs of the whole country, is bound to redeem the rebel bonds. Utterly unreasonable as this is, it is not more so than the tacit agreement entered into between Democratic leaders North and South that the rebel home indebtedness shall be paid out of the National Treasury.

The proposition is too monstrous to be openly avowed here. Nevertheless, the purpose exists. In the South there is less hesitation, for there we find Democratic politicians setting forth the idea, while in corresponding quarters in the North silent approval is given. One year ago the Democratic party declared in favor of ending the war by assenting to the permanent overthrow of the Government, the division of the Union, and Southern independence. This monstrous idea, so openly avowed, was not, however, one which was more disloyal than that the rebel debt shall be paid out of the National Treasury. The two are entirely consistent with each other, and both accord perfectly with Democratic principles.

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THE Clergy in Missouri are in hot water, and some of them are doing their best to introduce everybody else into the same uncomfortable condition. The State Constitution requires them to take an oath of allegiance, or throw up their calling. This would not have been an unreasonable exaction in the estimation of ST. PAUL, whom some of the Missouri clergy do not accept as their pattern in every respect. There are however, exceptions, and they propose to hold a Convention to give expression to the views of such ministers of the gospel as are in favor of sustaining the law of the State, and who do not regard loyalty as incompatible with religion. Looking over the land just at present, it is difficult to discover wherein religion has caused men—even "the lights of the world"—to accept the right of loyalty, and reject the wrong of treason. It is to be admitted that the rebellion, which history will record as the overshadowing wickedness of this or any age, has received its most active support in the name and by expounders of Religion, which seems to have had no power to overrule superior influences not only wordlyly but devilish.

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NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURERS AND SOUTHERN TRADE.—New England is reaping great advantages over the Southern trade, the two sections thereby presenting a novel spectacle in the eyes of the world. Having "fought it out," they go to trading with each other. It is believed that there will be no difficulty experienced by the South in paying for all she buys; at any rate she is buying all the goods she can find, on terms satisfactory to the sellers. Speaking of this state of things, the Boston *Traveller* remarks: "It is not easy to tell how long this large and prosperous trade will be enjoyed by the Northern merchants and manufacturers. It may last for several months and it may break down unexpectedly before the close of the year. It is, however, favored by so many concurrent circumstances, that it may continue for a year or two. The scarcity of labor will prevent the accumulation of domestic products, while the uncertainity of future trade and the liability to monetary fluctuation will check importations."

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The Union County Committee of Indiana have nominated William Shields for Auditor, in place of S. H. Thompson, deceased.

PERSONAL.

—Salnave, the leader of the rebellion in Hayti, is represented as being a brave and able military leader, and no doubt a worthy man, but that he makes no claim to superior authority of any sort beyond the ranks of the army, and indeed cannot, under the pledges which he and other influential characters engaged in the revolution have repeatedly given. The movement which he is directing is represented as having for its object the restoration of the Constitution as adopted in 1807 by the founders of the Republic and people. This Constitution was modeled after that of the United States, and requires that a President of Hayti should be elected for four years, and not for life. The first President, M. Alexander Petion, was elected for three terms, under the Constitution, but his successor, Boyer, succeeded in a "most unconstitutional way" in altering this organic law, so that he might reign for life. He was, however, after a while, deposed and banished the country, and died in exile. Nevertheless, his successors imitated his example, and the usurpation has continued until the present time. It is said, further, that the Revolutionary Committee is pledged not only to this reform but to the most liberal principles in all respects, political, civic, social and religious. No special leader of the revolution has been named, nor will be until the people act in general convention, and elect a President to suit themselves. This view of the contest agrees with the accounts already published, that Geffrard's refusal to retire at the expiration of his four years' term of office was the cause of the rebellion. President Geffrard, however, has always been considered in this country, an able, worthy and progressive Chief Magistrate, and as laboring to introduce such reforms as tended to ameliorate the condition of the people and increase the prosperity of the republic. He has again and again pardoned those who have risen up in rebellion against his authority, and, so far as we know, has not attempted to exercise despotic authority. In regard to Salnave, the rebel leader, he was formerly commander of a department near Cape Haytien, and has been represented to us as a rather desperate character, shooting, some time since, at Port au Prince, Phillips, one of Geffrard's Ministers, for which he was outlawed. Upon this and other subjects connected with the troubles of our Haytien neighbors, we shall welcome any information that our friends may possess. The problem of the capacity of the black race for self-government is in the process of solution there, and will be watched with interest by their friends throughout the civilized world.

—The telegraph reports General Beauregard in Cuba, but a correspondent writing from Jackson, Mississippi, says that he and Bragg are 'living in the neighboring country." The same writer says: Raphael Semmes, Admiral C. S. N., arrived here yesterday, and like all the prominent Confederates, took quiet and unostentatious lodgings. The family of Admiral Semmes is very large and very much respected, and he himself has hosts of personal friends in the South; in the North he is naturally detested as a wanton injurer of defenceless property. General Canby received orders a few days ago to cause all Confederate officers, above the rank of colonel, to be registered, with what ulterior object is not known.

—The following anecdote is told by the Louisville *Journal* of the great Kentucky orator: "A few years since, Tom Marshall was delivering an address before a large audience in Buffalo, when some one in the hall every few moments shouted 'Louder! louder!' Tom stood this for a while, but at last, turning gravely to the presiding officer, he said: Mr. Chairman, at the day when the angel shall, with his golden trumpet, proclaim that time shall be no more, I doubt not, sir, that there will be in that vast crowd, as now, some drunken fool from Buffalo, shouting 'Louder! louder!' The house roared, Tom went on with his speech, but there was no more cries of louder!"

—A large and enthusiastic meeting of loyal Pennsylvanians was held in Washington Tuesday evening, at the Union League rooms. Resolutions were adopted to attend the election in Pennsylvania in October, and to use every possible effort to secure the success of the Union ticket. Addresses were made by Brigadier General James A. Eakin and Clinton Lloyd. General Eakin gave an account of the proceedings of the Pennsylvania Union State Central Committee, of which he is a member, which was received with much enthusiasm.

—The Buffalo *Express* states that Colchester, the Spiritualist, by his agent, has taken out a license as a "Juggler," paying $20 for the same, by which he is allowed to practice until May next. The application was made for a license as a "Siritual Medium, by some people called jugglery," but the Assessor refused to issue a license under that heading, and he had to be content with receiving one for "Jugglery."

—Jules Simon, the foremost champion of republican America in France, and the great apostle of liberalism in the French Chamber, is at the same time conspicuous for his philanthropy, and takes a prominent part in all reformatory institutions. His liberalism, however, makes him so unpopular at court, that, at the instigation of Louis Napoleon, he was not permitted to form part of a committee organized for referring the institution of La Roquette for juvenile delinquents, although it was chiefly due to his efforts that the baneful effect of the solitary-prison system of that institution was exposed in all its disastrous consequences. The empress, in order to atone for this spiteful feeling of her husband, visited the institution, and convinced of the justice of Jules Simon's arguments in favor of a penal agricultural colony over the present mode of punishment in Paris, she caused them to prevail at the bar of the committee, of which her husband is president.

—Edwin Booth is soon to reappear on the stage. At the time of the sad occurrence that drove him to private life, he announced his determination never to come before the public again. Of the most earnest and uncompromising loyalty, and possessing social qualities that had won him many friends, he received the hearty sympathy of the Northern people. Before the close of April his admirers made preliminary arrangements, unknown to Mr. Booth, to bring him upon the stage during the present autumn. He has now joined his brother-in-law, Mr. Clarke, of Philadelphia, in the management of the Arch Street Theatre of that city. He will not appear before the audiences of Philadelphia for the present, and it is probable that the design of a testimonial benefit in New York will be carried out. Beyond question the best American actor in the standard drama, Edwin Booth will receive the rapturous applause of the theatre-going public of the metropolis whenever he consents to appear at the footlights.

—The reader will remember the story that Dr. Kane, the celebrated Arctic explorer, took a special interest in Miss Marguerette Fox, one of the original Spiritualists. He fell in love with the young girl while she was sitting as a public medium in Philadelphia, in 1852, when she was fifteen years of age. With her mother's consent he removed her from all association with the spiritualists, and placed her in a private school near Philadelphia, to remain during his absence in the Arctic regions. On his return in 1855 they were to have been married; but the opposition of Dr. Kane's family was such that Miss Fox released him from the engagement. He loved her, however, too well to live without her; and in April, 1856, the engagement was renewed, with the understanding that it should be kept secret till the publication of Dr. Kane's great work should realize an independence for him. In October, 1856, his physician having ordered Dr. Kane to England, he was secretly married to Miss Fox, and made his will, leaving five thousand dollars to her in a private trust to his brother. His last letter was addressed to her. "This legacy was not paid, and some injurious reports having been raised, Mrs. Kane's legal advisers urged a suit for dower as the widow, and the publication of a memoir. One was prepared, embodying one hundred and thirty-four of Dr. Kane's letters, and Mr. Carleton had it in press, when the publication and suit were both stopped by a compromise with the brothers and executor of Dr. Kane; they agreeing to pay the lady the interest of the money left her, and a sum down to repay her expenses, provided she would discontinue the suit in the Orphan Court, Philadelphia, and would seal up the letters, with the MS. memoir, and place them in the hands of a trustee, who would surrender them to the Kane family at her death. A bond was signed by the Kanes in 1862, for the observance of the terms they agreed to; Mrs. Kane being permitted to reclaim her letters, &c., in the event of their failure to pay the quarterly instalment of interest. This agreement was violated by their refusal to pay—first, the sum promised for her expenses, then the quarterly instalments, and in June last Mrs. Kane reclaimed her letters of the trustee. She is now at liberty to publish the volume which is to establish her fair fame, and to show the world a singular example of faithful love, enduring through unkindness and calumny. The death of Mrs. Fox, Mrs. Kane's mother, has retarded the publication, but it will doubtless appear in good time."

LARGE SALES OF FOREIGN GOODS.—The imports of foreign goods at New York for the month of August were $11,511,752 at the foreign cost in gold, with freight and duties unpaid. In the month of August, last year, they were only $2,946,874.

Of the large amount of goods imported last month, only $1,950,350 were entered for warehousing, while during the same time there were withdrawn from warehouse of the importations of previous months $2,787,070, so that all the goods imported, and nearly a million dollars more were sold during the month, which is one in which a large portion of the importations are usually sent into warehouse to be sold later in the season.

Owing to the small importations early in the year, the total since January 1st is still far behind the figures of last season.

The imports of August compare with those of the previous years as follows:

	1863.	1864.	1865.
Manufactures of Wool...	$2,400,181	$1,226,597	$5,233,946
do. Cotton.	514,500	423,688	1,506,440
do Silk....	1,813,526	546,894	2,897,785
do Flax....	595,674	519,637	1,272,717
Miscellaneous Dry Goods	535,173	230,358	830,864
Total ent. for con...	$6,659,659	$2,946,874	$11,511,752

◆

A most extraordinary case has just been brought to light at Coly in Somersetshire. An eccentric character has actually in his possession at this moment the unburied corpse of his mother, who died five years ago. When she died he had a leaden coffin made, with a glass plate set in so as to show her face. This coffin he deposited in a shed, and from time to time he goes there to look upon the face of his mother. The case affords the nearest parallel to the man in London who kept the remains of his two wives in a similar way for many years in a bedroom in his house at Portland place.

◆

Daniel S. Boyer has been re-nominated for Assembly by the Democracy of Snyder county.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

Large fields of cotton are growing in California—over one hundred acres in one field looking well. The State of California offers a bounty of $3,000 for the first one hundred acres of cotton—also $3,000 for the first one hundred bales of three hundred pounds each. Over $100,000 is given by the State for the encouragement of agriculture in the raising of various products.

We see it stated that Biela's comet is expected soon to make its appearance. It is not yet near enough to be visible—being no nearer the earth than about 110,000,000 of miles. On the first day of November next it will be close to Markab, one of the four bright stars forming the well-known square of Pegasus. Our astronomical editor being out of town, it is not easy to verify this.

The last of the fishing fleet belonging to Nantucket has arrived from the banks with a full fare of seven hundred and fifty quintals of cod fish. All the vessels have brought in full fares, and the business has been a greater success than was anticipated. All but one of the vessels are now out after mackeral, and the one last arrived will soon follow.

A singular phenomena recently occurred on the farm of John Jones, on Salt river, in Ralls county, Missouri. A strip of ground, about thirty feet wide, extending straight out from the river into a field some two hundred yards, gave way and sunk to the depth of twenty-five or thirty feet. The earth around the edges of the excavation remained perfectly solid, which makes it still more wonderful.

A case was recently carried up to the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts to determine the question whether the payment of a United States license and revenue tax does not give the right to sell intoxicating liquors, notwithstanding the laws of the State prohibiting the traffic. The opinion of the Court was delivered on the 28th ult., deciding the case in the negative.

Since the failure of the attempt to lay the Atlantic Cable this season, a new route has been suggested from Cape Race to the Island of Flores, a distance of nine hundred and eighty-four geographical miles. From Flores to the Island of Fayal, is less than one hundred miles; from Fayal to St. Miguel is about one hundred and ten miles, and from St. Miguel to Cape St. Vincent, on the Portugese coast, is about eight hundred miles.

Among the school books used in France is one entirely unknown in this country, consisting of fac similes of letters written by business men, eminent people, etc., intended to teach children the art of reading writing, of which there is almost universal ignorance in America. Every variety of hand is selected, beginning with the best, and gradually proceeding to scrawls which puzzle printers and "blind letters" men in post offices.

One would suppose there was vacant land enough yet for the million, without respect to color, on a glance at the following table:

	Acres improved.	Acres unimproved.
Virginia	11,000,000	19,000,000
North Carolina	6,000,000	17,000,000
Georgia	8,000,000	18,000,000
Arkansas	1,000,000	7,000,000
Texas	2,000,000	20,000,000

The British steamer Queen, which arrived at New York Tuesday morning, brought between fourteen and fifteen hundred passengers, which is said to be the greatest human cargo ever brought across the Atlantic. The Queen made the trip in eleven days, and reports not a single case of sickness on board. The price of passage averages about $40, making a total for the voyage of $58,000 or thereabouts. What a pity it is that we have no American steamers sharing this profitable trade.

DIED:

PORTERFIELD—On Wednesday, September 6th, MATTHEW PORTERFIELD, aged 77 years.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 51 Diamond, Allegheny, on Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

Friends of the family are invited to attend.

McSTEEN—On Thursday evening, after a brief illness, MARGARET, daughter of Michael and Cathrine McSteen, aged three years and six months.

Funeral THIS AFTERNOON, at three o'clock, from her parents' residence, No. 64 Crawford street. The friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

DR. McBRIDE'S KING OF PAIN.

Dr. McBride's King of Pain.
Dr. McBride's King of Pain.
Cures Neuralgia in Five Minutes.
Cures Headache in Three Minutes.
Cures Toothache in One Minute.
Cures Rheumatism in one Day.

READ THE FOLLOWING CITY TESTIMONY.

PITTSBURGH, August 21, 1865.—My daughter could not walk or do anything at all, with the pains in her hips and knees. I tried the doctors, and all the patent medicines I heard of, without receiving any benefit until I bought a bottle of McBride's King of Pain, and by using it two days she is now able to walk without the slightest pain. May God bless him—may he do others the same good. THOS. WRIGHT, Fifth Ward.

Sold at McCLARRAN'S Drug Store, 86 Market st., corner Diamond, near Fifth street. au25

McBRIDE'S KING OF PAIN.

McBride's King of Pain,
McBride's King of Pain,
McBride's King of Pain,
And all genuine Patent Medicines,
And all genuine Patent Medicines,
And all genuine Patent Medicines,
And all genuine Patent Medicines,
Sold at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
Sold at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
Sold at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
Sold at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,
No. 84 Market street, No. 84 Market street,
No. 84 Market street, No. 84 Market street,
No. 84 Market street, No. 84 Market street,
No. 84 Market street, No. 84 Market street,
Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.
Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.
Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.
Corner of the Diamond, near Fourth street.
se7-ThF&S

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS.

In the Name and by the Authority
OF THE
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
ANDREW G. CURTIN,
GOVERNOR OF THE SAID COMMONWEALTH.

{L. S.} **PROCLAMATION.**

WHEREAS, By the third section of the act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, passed the twenty-second day of April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty eight, entitled "An act to establish a Sinking Fund for the payment of the Public Debt," it is made the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, Auditor General and State Treasurer, Commissioners of the Sinking Fund created by said act of the General Assembly, on the first Monday of September, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and on the same day annually thereafter, to report and certify to the Governor the amount received under the said act—the amount of interest paid, and the amount of the debt of the Commonwealth redeemed and held by them. Whereupon, the Governor shall direct the certificate representing the same to be cancelled, and on such cancellation issue his proclamation, stating the facts and the extinguishment and final discharge of so much of the principal of said debt.

And whereas, Eli Slifer, Isaac Slenker and William H. Kemble, Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, in obedience to the requirements of law, report and certify to me that the debt of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, redeemed and held by them from the fifth day of September, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, to the fourth day of September, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, amounts to the sum of seven hundred and forty-five thousand eight hundred and eleven dollars and twenty six cents, made up as follows, viz:

Five per cent. Loan of the Commonwealth	$436,824 62
Coupon Loan	230,000 00
War Loan	76,400 00
Interest Certificates redeemed	2,008 64
Domestic Creditors	578 00
	$745,811 26

Now, therefore, as required by the third section of the act of Assembly first above mentioned, I do hereby issue this my proclamation, declaring the payment, cancellation, extinguishment and final discharge of seven hundred and forty-five thousand eight hundred and eleven dollars and twenty-six cents of the principal debt of this Commonwealth.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this sixth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the Commonwealth the ninetieth.

By the Governor. ELI SLIFER,
se8-3t Secretary of the Commonwealth.

LANDING FOR SALE
AT OIL CITY.

The landing owned by Brewer, Burke & Co., with sheds, office, tanks and fixtures, on bank of Allegheny River, at Oil City, will be sold at auction on WEDNESDAY, THE 27th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, at 2 o'clock P. M., if not previously disposed of at private sale. This landing is one of the best landings on the river bank, having 100 feet river frontage, and running back to the first street, with ample shed room and platforms. Two tanks, each 600 barrels capacity. Two-story office building. For particulars, apply to JOHN S. TRACY & CO., on premises, or
BREWER, BURKE & CO.,
Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock streets,
an26-eodtd Pittsburgh, Pa.

STEAM GUAGES, &c.

ASHCROFT'S Guages and Low Water Detectors,
Shaw & Justice's Mercury, Steam and Blast Guage,
Eastman's and other approved Guages.
Clark's Patent Damper for saving fuel and regulating power at any desired amount of steam.
Steam Guages tested, repaired and adjusted.
CHARLES MAGGI,
my2-1y-M.W&F Agent for the above, 113 Third st.

C. C. BOYLE......JAS. RICHEY, JR.

C. C. BOYLE & CO.,
Lumber Dealers, Allegheny City,
NEAR SUSPENSION BRIDGE.
Shaved and Sawed Shingles, Patent Siding, Flooring, and all kinds of Lumber on hand. se4-2t-T&F

TENANT FARM
OIL COMPANY.
Office, cor. Penn and Wayne sts.

This Company was organized on the 28th inst., under the Pennsylvania Mining and Manufacturing Laws. The Territory of the Company is situated on DUNKARD CREEK, between the lands of the Dunkard Creek Union Oil Company and the Dunkard Creek Petroleum Company.

Capital Stock	$150,000
Working Fund	25,000
Par Value of each Share	$1 00

OFFICERS:
President......S. A. JOHNSON.
Secretary and Treasurer......ISAAC NOCK.

DIRECTORS.

Samuel Graham,	Frank Snyder,
James Graham,	J. G. Weir,
Stephen Lawson,	H. W. Ritchie.

au30-tf

BOWERY SALOON, NO. 48 FIFTH STREET, next door to Theatre, Pittsburgh Pa.
J. S. WILLIAMS,
sep7-1y Proprietor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

On the 17th ult., between Robinson street, Allegheny, and Wood street, in this city, a SEAL RING, containing the miniature of a young lady, and engraved with the initials "C. M. C." A reward of $5 will be paid the finder if left at the Commercial office. se8-1t

LOST—

At the Fair Ground, a CERTIFICATE OF STOCK FOR 250 SHARES, In the Cincinnati and Pittsburgh Oil and Manufacturing Company. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at MARSHALL, FULTON & BOLLMAN'S rope warehouse, No. 57 Water street, Pittsburgh; or R. H. PEEBLES, New Castle.
se8-6t K. K. PEEBLES.

DISSOLUTION.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of A. F. GABLER & CO., is dissolved by mutual consent, dating from August 21, 1865.
A. F. GABLER.
J. C. GABLER.

HAVING PURCHASED THE INTEREST of A. F. GABLER, we will continue
The Manufacturing of Window Glass,
Office, 155 First street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
J. C. GABLER will remain with us, and have superintendence of the business as formerly.
se8-3t T. KRAMER & CO.

REVIVAL OF FALL TRADE.
SPLENDID STOCK OF
PIECE GOODS
OF RECENT IMPORTATION.
Also, a fine assortment of
READY-MADE
BUSINESS COATS AND SUITS,
Which we have on hand and are receiving daily.
AN ELEGANT BEAVER OVERCOAT
For $30, worth $45. Call and examine our stock.
WM. LADLAY & CO.
WM. LADLAY......OWEN BYRNE.
se8-3m

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

I will expose to PUBLIC SALE at the COURT HOUSE, in the CITY OF PITTSBURGH, on

SATURDAY, September 30th, A. D. 1865,

at 10 A. M., all the following described estate, being the interest of the minor children of David Cunningham, deceased, late partner of Cunningham & Co., to wit:

The four-fifths of the undivided fourth part of all that certain Lot or piece of ground embracing parts of Lots marked and numbered fifty four, fifty five and fifty-six (54, 55 and 56,) in the Plan of Lots laid out by John Brown, on the south side of the Monongahela river, and now included in the Borough of East Birmingham, in the County of Allegheny, State of Pennsylvania, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning on the westerly line of Washington or McClurg street, at the distance of sixty-four feet southwardly from the corner of Jane st., thence along McClurg street, southwardly twenty feet (20), thence at right angles with McClurg street, and in a line parallel with Jane street, westwardly seventy-three feet and six inches, to the line of Lot No. 53, thence along the line of No. 53 and parallel with McClurg street, twenty feet (20 feet) thence in a line parallel with Jane street, seventy-three feet and six inches to place of beginning, upon which is erected one FRAME BUILDING TWO STORIES HIGH.

Also, the four-fifths of the undivided one-fourth part of all that certain Lot or parcel of land situate in the Borough of East Birmingham in the county aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the Northwestwardly corner formed by the intersection of Brown and Jane streets, thence extending in front on Brown street Northwardly one hundred and twenty feet (120 feet) to an alley 24 feet wide, and in depth Westwardly preserving the same breadth of one hundred and twenty feet included between said alley and Jane street, eighty feet (80 feet) to property late of Caroline Ormsby, upon which are erected EIGHT BRICK DWELLING HOUSES, TWO STORIES HIGH.

Also, the four fifths of the undivided one-fourth part of all that certain piece of ground situate in the Borough of East Birmingham aforesaid, and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the Southwestwardly corner of Brown and Sarah streets, thence extending in front along Brown street, southwardly one hundred and twenty feet (120 feet) and in depth westerly preserving the width of one hundred and twenty feet, parallel with alley along Sarah street sixty feet (60 feet) upon which are erected SEVEN BRICK DWELLING HOUSES, TWO STORIES HIGH.

Also, The four-fifths of the undivided one-fourth part of all those nine certain Lots or pieces of ground situate in the Plan of Lots laid out by John Brown, now included in the Borough of East Birmingham, and numbered in said plan as numbers twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty six and thirty-seven (Nos. 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36 and 37), being bounded on the south by Mary street, on the west by Wayne or Brown street, on the north by Virgin alley, and on the east by Lot No. 38, and containing together in width a front on Mary street 216 feet, and in depth along Brown street 120 feet to Virgin alley, upon which are erected a WINDOW GLASS FACTORY AND FLATTENING HOUSE, subject to mortgage recorded in vol. 19, page 294, for $2,223, with interest from August 29, 1864. Also, a mortgage recorded in vol. 17, page 273, for $1,575, with interest from August 11, 1864.

Also, the four-fifths of the undivided one-fourth part of all those seven contiguous Lots or pieces of ground situate in said Borough of East Birmingham, and marked and numbered in John Brown's plan as numbers forty-three, forty-four, forty-five, forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight and forty-nine (43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48 and 49), being bounded on the north by James street, on the west by Brown street, on the south by an alley, and on the east by Lot No. 50, containing together in width or front on James street, one hundred and sixty-eight feet, and in depth along Brown street, preserving the same width southerly, one hundred and twenty feet to an alley—upon which is erected a VIAL HOUSE and other improvements.

Also, the four-fifths of the undivided one-fourth part of all those four contiguous Lots or pieces of ground situate in East Birmingham, County and State aforesaid, and marked and numbered in John Brown's plan number fifty, fifty-one, fifty two and fifty three (50, 51, 52 and 53), and bounded and described as follows: Beginning on Jane street at the easterly corner of Lot No. 94, thence easterly along Jane street 96 feet, to the corner of Lot No. 54, thence southwardly along the line of No. 54, one hundred and twenty feet to an alley 24 feet wide; thence westwardly 96 feet along said alley to lot No. 49; thence northwardly along the line of No. 49 one hundred and twenty feet to the place of beginning; subject to a mortgage recorded in volume 31, page 387, for $1,200, with interest from Aug. 29, 1864, upon the whole property.

TERMS—One-third cash; one-third in one year, with interest, secured by bond and morgage on the premises, and one-third payable at the death of Ellen I. Cunningham, widow of said David Cunningham, deceased, to the heirs of said David Cunningham, with interest, payable half yearly to said widow, also to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises. All the expenses of conveyancing to be paid by the purchaser.

GEORGE DUNCAN,
Guardian of minor children of David Cunningham, deceased.
For particulars, enquire of
ROBERT ARTHURS, Attorney,
sep8-1taw3w No. 135 Fourth street.

NEW GOODS,

NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED,

A very large and carefully selected stock of

NEW DRESS GOODS,
FRENCH MERINOS,
COBURGS, WOOL PLAIDS,
LADIES' AND MISSES' SHAWLS,
ZEPHYR KNIT SHAWLS,
PRINTS,
GINGHAMS,
BARRED FLANNELS,
WHITE SHAKER FLANNELS,
BLANKETS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
SATINETTS,
CASSIMERES,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
LINEN TABLE DIAPERS,
IRISH LINENS,
WOOL HOSE,
SHIRT FRONTS,
MISSES' HATS,
BONNET RIBBONS, &c.,

AT PRICES AS LOW AS CAN BE FOUND ANYWHERE.

—AT—

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

WHOLESALE DEALERS
Will find it to their advantage to call and
Examine Our Stock.
se8-1t

FRENCH COPYING INK,

COPYING BOOKS AND PRESSES,
TIME BOOKS,
DRAY BOOKS,
ADAMS' EXPRESS RECEIPT BOOKS,
CHECK BOOKS,
BLANK BOOKS, and
STATIONERY.

MYERS, SCHOYER & CO.,
se1-1t 39 FIFTH STREET.

REVOLVERS OF EVERY KIND—
For sale by JAMES BOWN,
ly8 136 Wood street.

WANTED.

Advertisements appearing under this head will be charged **ten cents per line.** *No advertisement will be inserted for less than* **forty cents.**

WANTED—A Partner in a Manufacturing Business, which can be made to pay 100 per cent. A capital of two to three thousand dollars required. For particulars inquire at No. 86 Fourth street. se8-2t

WANTED—Tutor—A College graduate is desirous of obtaining pupils, to whom he would devote an hour or two daily at their own residences; is prepared to teach the ordinary branches, and to fit for college. Address D., at this office. se8-2t

WANTED—A Situation in some bank or banking house, or a resident agency. To a responsible position the advertiser will bring energy and character. Satisfactory testimonials and references given. Address "CUMBERLAND," Commercial office. se8-2t

WANTED—A Situation by a young man, who can bring the highest testimonials, as assistant salesman or shipping clerk. Address J. L. R., Commercial office. se7-2t

WANTED—An active, energetic young man, having six or eight thousand dollars to invest, wishes to engage in some established business—manufacturing preferred. Address R. DONALDSON, Box 95, Postoffice, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7-2t

WANTED—A Good Cutter, at KAUFMAN, OPPENHEIMER & CO.'S, No. 80 Wood street. se6-3t

WANTED—Board, with furnished room, for a gentleman and wife. Address BOARDING, Commercial office. se5-tf

WANTED—AXE GRINDERS AND POLISHERS, for which the highest price will be paid. Address, for one week, to H. WHITE'S SONS, Salem, Columbiana county, Ohio. au26-2w

WANTED—HOUSE.—WANTS TO rent a good, comfortable house, containing from four to eight rooms, with stable connected. Preferred situated in a quiet, clean street, Allegheny. Inquire Box 117, Pittsburgh Postoffice. au5-tf

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR RENT.
TWO PHOTOGRAPH GALLERIES,
Also, offices and rooms.
se7-6t E. D. GAZZAM.

OIL LEASES FOR SALE—NOW IS the time to negotiate for well selected tracts, from 2 to 90 acres, extending 20 years, with one-eighth royalty to land owner, with first-class derricks erected thereon, some of which are within a short distance of good paying wells. Said tracts are located on all the most prominent runs, tributaries of Dunkard Creek. These leases will be sold for cash, or thrown into companies on favorable terms. Address J. SHELDON MALLARY, Greensboro, Greene co., Pa. se7-2tawlm

FOR SALE—

That very desirable three story brick dwelling-house, with all the modern improvements, containing ten rooms, pleasantly located on Ross street, No. 35, one door below Third street, Second Ward, Pittsburgh, and within four squares of the postoffice. To those wishing a pleasant home, this affords a rare opportunity. For terms inquire of D. H. TOOMY, at the Iowa Foundry, Second and Gas streets, Pittsburgh. se7-1w

TO LET.
Dwelling House,
From the first day of October, No. 51 First street.
Apply to H. D. SCULLY,
se6-8t No. 23 Fourth st.

TO LET—FIRST FLOOR AND CELLAR OF STORE, 30 feet square, on corner of Second and Try streets. If required, one to six-horse power can be had for running machinery for light or fancy Turning, or any purpose, free of exposure or risk of fire in use of said Store.
Inquire on the premises.
au31:2w JOHN BEST.

FOR SALE
A FINE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
And the long lease, (obtained at low rates,) of a large STORE-ROOM, situated in one of the BEST BUSINESS LOCATIONS IN MEADVILLE.
Address Box 71, Meadville, Pa.
September 1, 1865. se4-6t

LAND FOR SALE.---330 ACRES, partly adjoining the village of Damascus, and all of it near Damascus Station, P., Ft W. & C. R. R., Mahoning county, Ohio, and 76 miles west of Pittsburgh. Soil generally deep, sandy loam. A large portion in cultivation, and mostly well watered. Some parts pretty well timbered. For sale in large or small tracts to suit purchasers. Apply to EDWARD WILLIAMS or JOHN BUTLER, Damascoville, Mahoning county, Ohio. au30 t-sep30

WAREHOUSES FOR SALE.

The fine iron-front, three-story warehouse, 24x90 feet, No. 24 Wood street, now occupied by Messrs. Fleming Brothers; also, the warehouse, No. 120 Wood street, near Fifth, now occupied by Mr. Wm. Bennett.
THOS. B. UPDIKE,
au9 tf Manchester Savings Bank.

3,000 ACRES
VALUABLE OIL TERRITORY FOR SALE.
Situated in Kanawha county, West Virginia, near Elk River. Developments now being made. COAL and LUMBER in abundance. Inquire of
W. H. BRILL,
se1-3m 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa.

OIL LANDS FOR SALE.

Several valuable tracts of OIL TERRITORY, bordering on the Kanawha river, West Virginia, are offered for sale by the undersigned. For information, deeds, plans, &c., apply to me at No. 60 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
WM. M. MOFFETT,
au4-tf Attorney at Law.

FOR SALE.

A valuable piece of Property, situate on Virgin alley, between Smithfield and Grant streets, the same being 58 feet front on Virgin alley, running back 115 feet towards Sixth street, on which there are erected fourteen BRICK DWELLINGS, all of which are in a good tenable condition. For further particulars enquire of
A. ROESSLER,
jy3-tf 42 Fifth street.

500 ACRES OF COAL
FOR SALE.
ON THE
THIRD POOL, MONONGAHELA RIVER,
With about One Hundred Acres of surface.
JAMES O'HARA,
jun6-tf 27 Irwin Street.

FOR SALE
AT REDUCED PRICES,
7 by 20 inches OIL ENGINES, full 12 horse power, with boilers 14 feet long 32 inches diameter by
M. DARRAGH & CO.,
Engine builders and oil tool manufacturers, at Fallston, Beaver County, Pennsylvania. my31

COAL DEPOT—FOR LEASE OF TEN YEARS, the Square on Try street, from Third to Fourth streets, running back to Hill street, is for Lease. Until the 15th of SEPTEMBER, proposals will be received for leasing the above property, situated on the Steubenville Railroad, now ready for use, where switches can be made to connect with all the Railroads entering the city, and the most convenient depot in the city for the sale of Coal. Sealed proposals for the above property, directed to the undersigned, will receive the most prompt attention.
JOHN BEST,
au31&w Try street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—

Two desirable country residences, situate at Torren's Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near East Liberty. The lot contains 5 acres. The improvements are TWO SUBSTANTIAL BRICK DWELLINGS, One containing 7 rooms, the other (nearly new) containg 12 rooms, finished in the best style, with all the modern improvements. A good STABLE AND CARRIAGE HOUSE connected with each house. There is also a choice VARIETY OF FRUIT TREES, consisting of apples, peaches, pears, plums, cherries, quinces, grapes, &c. The ground is in the HIGHEST STATE OF CULTIVATION, and ornamented with shade trees, evergreens, shrubbery, &c., with a never failing spring of pure soft water. For further particulars inquire on the premises, or to FINLEY TORRENS, No. 66 Third street, Pittsburgh.
September 7, 1865. se8-6t

COAL LANDS FOR SALE.

The subscriber, at Florence, Washington county, Pa., will sell the FARM near Burgettstown, containing about 160 acres, say 100 acres cleared, with a small TENANT HOUSE and FRAME STABLE; is in a good state of cultivation. The balance is uncleared and heavily timbered. About three-fourths of the Farm is underlaid with an excellent strata of COAL, of from 5 to 6 feet in thickness, which has been opened in several places and used on the Farm. It has on it any amount of Limestone, and is well watered with never-failing Springs. It lies near the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, say within 30 or 40 rods of it, rather above the bed of the road, say about 27 miles from Pittsburgh, and about 13 from Steubenvile. For particulars we would refer to WM. McCREERY, Esq., Pittsburgh, to the tenant on the farm, or the subscriber at Florence. S. LIVINGSTON.
aug1-tf

FOR SALE----FOR SALE—FOR SALE.—A well known Negley Run Improved Farm, of about 100 acres, under a high state of cultivation, which has been divided into lots containing from 2 to 12 acres and will be sold as a whole or in parcels, to suit purchasers. The improvements are, a two story frame dwelling, a barn and stone spring-house, with an excellent spring of water, not excelled in Allegheny county. There is also a choice variety of fruit, consisting of apples, peaches, pears, plums, cherries, quinces, &c., &c. A portion of the property is underlaid with coal, and is well watered with springs and running streams. For terms, &c., apply at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of
G. S. BATES,
au23 Butler street, near Allen, Lawrenceville.

BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN LOTS FOR SALE.—A portion of the estates of JOHN HERRON, Esq., deceased, adjoining Fort Herron, has been laid out in lots of various sizes, from one-fourth to one and a half acres each, with wide streets (40 feet) and is now ready for sale. This property is in one of the most eligible locations around the city. The air being pure, free from the smoke and soot arising from the vast consumption of coal in the city, renders the location naturally healthy, and having extended views of the river and surrounding country, makes the property more desirable. Being but 2 miles from the Court House, (via Wylie street) having a good road, it can be reached in a pleasant walk of twenty-five or thirty minutes, or a drive of fifteen minutes. There is also on the property a Passenger Car Station, making it convenient and pleasant to transact business in the city. Cars passing to and from the city throughout the day. Lots will be sold singly or in numbers. The plan of lots and prices can be seen at the office of
W. C. AUGHINBAUGH,
ju5-tf Attorney, NO. 87 Diamond st., Pittsburgh.

GREAT SALE OF
BUILDING LOTS,

At Braddock's Fields, on the Connellsville and Pennsylvania Railroads. Will be offered at public sale, on the premises, on SATURDAY, Sept. 16, at 1½ o'clock P. M., 29 large and desirable building lots, in Buchanan's Plan, each lot fronting 50 feet on streets 50 and 60 feet in width, extending back 133 feet to an alley. Also 2 large lots of over 2 and 4 acres, having each a wide front on the Monongahela River, and well suited for manufacturing purposes. Suitable arrangements have been made with the Connellsville R. R. Company to convey all persons (gentlemen or ladies) to the sale, free of charge. A special train will leave the depot, corner of Water and Ross streets, at 1 o'clock on the day of sale. No tickets required. For plan of lots and other particulars, see large bills, or apply to B. McLAIN & CO., 102 Fourth street. se6-10t

DWELLING HOUSE AND TWO LOTS OF GROUND, in Allegheny City, for sale, fronting on Robinson street (near to Federal street) 50 feet, and extending back along Bank lane 65 feet. The dwelling is of two stories, with high stone basement—9 rooms in all—large cellar. This property can be bought low.
B. McLAIN & CO.,
se5 102 Fourth street.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
LESSEE AND MANAGER......WM. HENDERSON.

Benefit of the great actor,
MR. HACKETT,
Who will appear for this night only as Col. Nimrod Wildfire and Mons. Mallet.

THIS (Friday) EVENING will be presented the famous American prize comedy, written expressly for Mr. Hackett, and called
A KENTUCKIAN'S TRIP TO NEW YORK IN 1815
Favorite song......Fanny Bart.
After which, the exquisite sketch,
MONS. MALLET, or THE POSTOFFICE MISTAKE
To conclude with SARAH'S YOUNG MAN.
In rehearsal, ROSEDALE.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

U. S. 7-30 BONDS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE NOW prepared to receive subscriptions for this new loan, in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, interest commencing on the receipt of the money. Every person who can spare $50 can place it on interest at one cent a day, making $3 65 a year interest, payable semi-annually, principal payable in three years, or convertible into 5-20 six per cent. bonds, the interest of which is payable in coin.
For further particulars, apply to
jy30 HANNA, HART & CO., Agents.

SAMUEL WORK. KRAMER & RAHM, WM. M'COUCH.
Pittsburgh.

BANKING HOUSE OF
WORK, McCOUCH & CO.,
No. 36 South Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

Dealers in BANK NOTES, COIN AND EXCHANGE. Stocks, Loans and other Securities bought and sold on commission. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
United States Loans bought and sold at market rates.
au14 tf

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company,) Capital $500,000, paid in, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the Act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK of PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers and Directors.

DIRECTORS:

JAMES LAUGHLIN,	ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS,	F. O. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL,	ALEX. BRADLEY,
THOS. WIGHTMAN,	SAMUEL REA,

WM. K. NIMICK.
JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
se7 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.

THE
EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK
OF PITTSBURGH,
Chartered by State of Pennsylvania, 1836.
CAPITAL......1,000,000
ORGANIZED UNDER NATIONAL LAW, 1865.
This Bank has been designated a
DEPOSITORY OF THE
United States Treasury,
and appointed agent for the sale of the
7-30 LOAN.
Every facility will be offered to investers or partie purchasing for re-sale.
H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.
my1-tf

PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK
OF
PITTSBURGH.
Capital paid in $1,000,000, with Privilege of $2,000,000.
Banking House Cor. First & Wood.

This Bank, organized under the National Banking System, is now prepared to transact business at its Banking House, corner of Wood and First streets.

Collections made on all accessible points, on the most favorable terms. Special Agents for JAY COOKE, for the sale of

U. S. 7 3-10 TREASURY NOTES.
SAMUEL REA, President.
F. M. GORDON, Cashier.
J. C. McPHERSON, Teller.
my1-6m

WHOLESALE
MILLINERY GOODS,
Fall 1865.
J. D. BERND,
FIFTH AND MARKET STS.

We are now receiving, and will open on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, a full and complete stock, comprising full lines of

PLAIN AND FANCY RIBBONS,
COLORED AND BLACK VELVETS,
PLAID VELVETS,
SATINS,
GROS DE NAPS,
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS,
Straw and Felt HATS AND BONNETS,
BLACK ENGLISH CRAPES, &c., &c.

The attention of
Country Merchants and Milliners
is particularly called to our stock, as we guarantee to sell as low as any Eastern houses in the trade. se5-6t

OPERA
GLASSES,
FOR SALE OR HIRE,
—AT—
DUNSEATH & CO.'S
Jewelry Store,
56 Fifth Street.
se7

ALEX. M'CLINTOCK'S
SAW-MILL,
(Successor to Robert Wrightman,)
LAWRENCEVILLE.
I am now prepared to furnish
Sawed Lumber & Bill Stuff for Buildings,
Bridges, Deck Plank, Boat Siding; CLEAR DRY LUMBER for Pattern Making; Shingles, Nail Kegs, Lath, Pailings Sawed Hickory for wagon purposes, and STEAMBOAT FENDERS.

All orders left at my office, corner of Mechanic st. and Allegheny River, or Box No. 182, Lawrenceville Postoffice, will be thankfully received and PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
ALEX. McCLINTOCK,
Pittsburgh, August 23, 1865. au29-3m

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF stockholders of the
GERMANIA OIL COMPANY
OF PITTSBURGH,
held on the 4th instant, the following gentlemen were elected directors for the current year:
C. SCHWEITZER, of Canton, O.
M. L. HILLER, of New York.
JNO. C. HAVEKOTTE, of Pittsburgh.
P. R. MERTZ, of Pittsburgh.
H. C. REINEMAN, of Pittsburgh.
R. HONEGGER, of Pittsburgh.
H. P. MUELLER, of Pittsburgh.
Also, C. SCHWEITZER as President, and R. HONEGGER as Treasurer and Secretary.
R. HONEGGER, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, September 6, 1865. se7-3t

OFFICE, DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., September 6, 1865.

PROPOSALS FOR FLOUR.--- Sealed proposals are invited until the 16th day of September, at 12 o'clock, M., for furnishing the Subsistence Department with

One Thousand Barrels of Flour.

The proposals will be for what is known at this Depot as Nos 1, 2 and 3, and the bids will be entertained for any quantity less than the whole.

Bids must be in duplicate, and for each grade on separate sheets of paper.

The delivery of the Flour to commence within five days from the opening of the bids, and must be delivered in such quantities, daily, as the Government may direct, either at the Government warehouse in Georgetown, at the wharves or railroad Depot in Washington, D. C.

The delivery of all Flour awarded to be completed within twenty days from the acceptance of the bid.

Bids will be received for Flour to be delivered in new, oak barrels, head lined.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may have for disbursement.

The usual Government inspection will be made just before the Flour is received, and none will be accepted which is not fresh ground, and of a superior quality.

An oath of allegiance must accompany the bid of each bidder who has not the oath on file in this Office, and no bid will be entertained from parties who have previously failed to comply with their bids, or from bidders not present to respond.

Government reserves the right to reject any bid for any cause. Bids to be addressed to the undersigned, at No. 223 "G" street, endorsed, "Proposals for Flour."
se7-5t E. T. BRIDGES, Capt. C. S. V.

30 DRUMS VIRGINIA TWIST,
Will be sold very low, for cash.
Inquire of ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
Corner of Smithfield and Water streets,
se8 Opposite the Monongahela House

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
Lessee and Manageress......Miss ANNIE EBERLE.

We have met the enemy, and he is ours. The amazing success of the child of nature and transcendent genius,
MISS CHARLOTTE THOMPSON.
FRIDAY EVENING, September 8, 1865,
Benefit of Miss Charlotte Thompson, who will appear in her classical character of Evadne. The performance will commence with Shiels' celebrated play, (the first time since the days of the late A. A. Adams,) in five acts, entitled
EVADNE, or THE STATUE.
Look out for the FEMALE POISONER.
Prices of Admission—Family Circle, 25 cents; Parquette, 75 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Orchestra Chairs, $1; Colored Boxes, 50 cents.
Doors open at 7. Commence at half past.

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERY,
19 Diamond, over Lippincott's Grocery Store.
Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same. je28-1y

EDUCATIONAL.

PENNSYLVANIA
Military Academy,

At WEST CHESTER. The duties of this institution will be resumed on THURSDAY, September 7, at 4 P. M. Cadets may pursue either a classical or scientific course of study, under experienced and thorough instructors. In the Primary Department the usual English branches are taught. Military instruction is given in the three arms of the service. The Academy is furnished with horses for cavalry and horse artillery exercises. All the appointments of the institution are of the first order, and no expense or effort is spared to advance the education and military training of the cadets. The religious instruction of the cadets is carefully attended to. For circulars apply to JAS. PARK, Jr., Pittsburgh; or to Col. THEO. HYATT, President of P. M. A. au18-1m

WESTERN MILITARY INSTITUTE, near Dayton, Ohio. CHAS. ANDERSON, Lieutenant Governor of Ohio, President of Board of Visitors; S. S. L'HOMMEDIEU, Vice President, Cincinnati; J. G. LOWE, Secretary, Dayton, Ohio; V. WINTERS, (Banker,) Treasurer, Dayton, Ohio; Capt. JOS. M. LOCKE, Superintendent; Capt. CHAS. B. STIVERS, U. S. A., Commandant of Cadets. The first session of the above institution will commence on September 19, 1865. Circulars can be had at the book stores in this city. Applicants and those desiring special information, will address the Rev. SAMUEL FINDLEY, Box 1,182, Pittsburgh, or Capt. JOSEPH M. LOCKE,
au19-1m Sup't W. M. I., Dayton, Ohio.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATION.

Mr. A. T. Douthett, County Superintendent, will
EXAMINE THE APPLICANTS FOR WILKINS TP.,
on MONDAY, September 11, 1865, (commencing at 9 A. M.,) in Wilkinsburg School House.
se7-2t JOHN BLACK, Secretary.

FEMALE EDUCATION.
The fall session of H. M. Twining's
Seminary for Young Ladies,
on Diamond street, opposite the court house, will commence the first Monday in September. Circulars at Kay & Co.'s book-store, Wood street. au24-2w-eod

SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

WAKEHAM'S SELECT SCHOOL, now in charge of R. S. ROBB, will open on MONDAY, September 4, in the School-room in Christ's Church, on the East Common, Allegheny.

No change will be made in terms, tuition or length of session. se2-2weod

GREENWOOD INSTITUTE,
A SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
At New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa. The fall term of this school will commence WEDNESDAY, September 13, 1865. For farther information address
MRS. C. T. GANTZ, Principal,
se6-2w New Brighton, Pa.

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION.—THE FIRM OF PHILLIPS & BEST was dissolved on the 1st day of April last, and the interest of William Phillips in the said firm, and its effects, has been THIS DAY purchased by John Best, who has assumed the obligations of the late firm, and is alone authorized to receipt for moneys due the same.
WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
August 28, 1865. JOHN BEST.

HAVING PURCHASED THE INTEREST of my former partner in the Manufacturing of Glass, I offer to the trade, and the friends of the late firm, an article of
GRANULAR FLINT GLASS,
Superior to anything produced in market, except from Lead, for which a
PATENT, DATED JANUARY 10, 1865,
Was granted to me for the production of same.
All orders received will be promptly attended to, carefully packed, and forwarded with as little delay as possible. JOHN BEST,
au31:2w Try street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DISSOLUTION — THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of C. Ihmsen & Sons is this day dissolved by mutual consent, dating from the 1st of August, 1865, M. O'C. Ihmsen retiring, and disposing of his interest to the remaining partners
C. T. IHMSEN,
WM. IHMSEN,
M. O'C. IHMSEN.
Pittsburgh, August 14, 1865.

The undersigned will continue the business of manufacturing window-glass and glassware, under the old firm name of C. IHMSEN & SONS.
C. T. IHMSEN,
WM. IHMSEN.
Pittsburgh, August 14, 1865. au17-1m

DISSOLUTION.--THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of the "PITTSBURGH CUTLERY COMPANY," is now dissolved by mutual consent, GEORGE MARSHALL and GEORGE JEPSON retiring therefrom; and SAMUEL MASON and EDWARD BINNS having entered into copartnership, will retain the name, assume the debts, and continue the business of the old firm.
SAMUEL MASON,
GEORGE MARSHALL,
GEORGE JEPSON.
Rochester, Pa., July 29, 1865. au2-tf

EDWARD BINNS......SAMUEL MASON.

BINNS & MASON'S
PITTSBURGH CUTLERY COMPANY,
ROCHESTER, PA.,

Respectfully informs the Hardware Trade in Pittsburgh and throughout the United States that we are exclusively engaged in the manufacture of Pen and Pocket Cutlery. We FORGE ALL OUR BLADES with extra care, from the best refined cast steel, manufactured by Hussey, Wells & Co., Pittsburgh, and, both as respects quality and price, are in a position to compete with any similar goods in the market, whether of American or British production. jul7:3m

NOTICES.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Take notice, that letters testamentary, with the will annexed, of C. C. HUEY, late of M'Keesport, Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said HUEY will please call and settle, and those having claims against his estate will present them to the undersigned or either of them, at M'Keesport.
WM. ATWATER,
JOHN WAMPLER,
au31-3w Executors of C. C Huey, deceased.

DUCK CREEK VALLEY OIL COMPANY.

Subscribers to the capital stock of this Company will please call at the office of Ira B. McVay & Co., corner of Fourth and Smithfield streets, and pay in the amount of their subscriptions.
IRA B. McVAY,
ja20-tf Treasurer.

STOCKHOLDERS TAKE NOTICE.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the ROSS OIL COMPANY will be held at their office, No. 4 Hand street, on SATURDAY, September 9, at half-past one o'clock. The object of the meeting is to increase the capital stock of said company. By order of the Board of Directors.
ROBT. WRAY, JR.,
au16-tse9 Secretary

SEPTEMBER 5, 1865.

NOTICE—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received for building a public school-house in Ross township, two and a half miles from Allegheny City, on a lot alongside Saw-mill Run plank road, near J. Flocker's rope-walk; frame house, 30 by 40 feet, 12 feet story in clear, on a stone foundation, proper number of windows, and with other fixtures as may be agreed on. Proposals to be left at the above-said J. FLOCKER'S to the 9th inst. se6-3t

MONONGAHELA BRIDGE COMPANY,
September 1, 1865.

THE PRESIDENT AND MANAGERS of the company for erecting a bridge over the Monongahela River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have THIS DAY declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock, which which will be paid to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, at the banking house of N. HOLMES & SONS, on and after the 11th instant.
se5-7t N. HOLMES, Treasurer.

STAR WELLS
OIL COMPANY.

The first annual meeting of the stockholders, for the election of Board of Directors and other officers of the company, will be held at the office of the company, on MONDAY, the 11th instant, at 2 o'clock P. M.
se5-6t H. AHL, Secretary.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Proposals for the buildings for the Pittsburgh Locomotive and Car Works will be received up to WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at the office of the company, No. 47 Market street, up stairs, where plans and specifications may be seen. Bids may be for the whole work, or for the different descriptions of work separately.
se5-6t P. H. MILLER, Secretary.

PROPOSALS

Are invited, and will be received at the office of S. RIDDLE, Esq., Allegheny Postoffice, Allegheny City, up to SEPTEMBER 8, 1865, for
EXCAVATING AND GRADING
The grounds of the
UNION PARK SKATING COMPANY.

Also, for fencing the same—furnishing the materials and building the fence. Also, for the building of the house. The specifications and plans can be seen at the office of J. M. BALPH, Architect, Anderson street, Allegheny City. Separate proposals will be required for each. The company reserving the right to reject any and all bids. se5-5t

CIVIL ENGINEERING.

IGNATIUS HAHN,
Civil, Mining and Mechanical Engineer

And Engineering Agent. Office 31 Fifth street. Estimates, plans and working drawings for rolling-mills, steel-works, &c., &c.; all kinds of machinery and apparatus. Private lessons in all technical sciences and mechanical drawings. au9-1m

A NEW INVENTION—
Of treatment without medicine
FOR THE CURE OF PARALYSIS AND SEMINAL WEAKNESS.
Method shown without pay at office,
No. 253 PENN ST., NEAR HAND.
Office hours—7 to 10 A. M., 1½ to 3, and 6 to 8 P. M.
se5-1y

e Daily Commercial

RIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1865.

FOREIGN SCIENCE.

MEDICINE.

oster, of Montpellier, France, treats pul phthisis, and consumption in general ew method, which up to the present time e most fortunate results. He makes his ts eat the flesh of raw mutton and of nd drink alcohol, weakened with water, ll doses. The meat reduced to pulp, and aged from its tendons, is administer- is rolled in sugar, or in sugared pulp in spoons, at the rate of one hundred or hundred grammes a day. If the thirst of nsumptive is intense, it is slackened by k composed of five hundred grammes of ater with sugar, in which one hundred nes of the pulp are dissolved. The alcho- ion is composed of alcohol at twenty de- Baume, increased to three times its vol- y sugared water. It is taken by the ful from hour to hour. This new medica- as succeeded beyond all expectation. s affected with serious phthisis, or with mia (the blood mingled with pus), have adically cured. Raw meat has a recon- ive power, while alcohol acts directly the organs of hæmatosis or sanguifica-

HE FASCINATION OF THE SERPENT.

the environs of the *Comptoir du Gabon* years age, a navy clerk, M. Gaillard, who walking in company with several friends g whom we may mention M. Aubry-le- —an eye-witness of what we are about to . They had entered a path, and the navy was in advance of his companions, when w upon the borders of the road a little ifera, common to the country—a striped vith its eyes fixed upon a bush, at a short nce. The little animal appeared to be d to the spot. A native immediately de- that the strange attitude of the little rat ted the presence of a serpent, and he eager- plored the party to stop. Unfortunately keptics paid no attention to the poor man's rience, and M. Gaillard continued on his still followed by his friends. But as he d between the still motionless rat and the , a serpent, which M. Aubry-le-Comte ks to be the Naja, or spitting serpent—so d because it darts its venom, so it is said, e head of men and animals—threw itself the bush, and bit M. Gaillard upon the At the same moment the striped rat, de- ed from its spell, fled with all speed in her direction.

nong the party was Doctor Bergeret, the sician of the navy, and a friend of the nded man. He made an incision near the nd, and applied his lips to it. This devotion not prevent grave effects, both local and ral, from developing themselves. A hemi- ia succeeded them, and, returning home, sick man fell a victim to the bite one year rwards. This statement, which seems to at- the reality of that power of fascination of ch the European erpeteologists refuse to be- e the existence in the serpent, but which no ican refuses to admit, was communicated to by Dr. Guyon, a corresponding member of Academy of Sciences, who was told it by M. urg-le-Comte himself.

FABRICATION OF IRON TUBES BY FUSION AND CENTRIFUGAL POWER.

guste Larison, a young workmen, has in- ted a machine of extreme simplicity, in- ded for the fabrication of iron tubes by the lication of centrifugal force. This machine omposed of a cylinder, opening and shutting will, in which melted iron is poured. A rapid ary movement digs through the liquid mass he direction of the axis of the apparatus, ile it forces it to adhere to the sides of the inder, and to assume its form. Refrigeration cts solidification, and by opening the cylin- a perfectly smooth and straight tube is with- wn. The economy of this method is consid- ble, and homogenity is perfect. One is sur- sed that a method so simple has not been covered and applied before.

COLORS EXTRACTED FROM ANILINE.

n important discovery has been recently de in New York, showing that colored ink be furnished by aniline, and given to com- rce at infinitely reduced prices. We shall soon orm our readers of all that concerns this dis- ery, which, according to all probability, will uce the price of printing ink considerably. Ve shall also speak of a new discovery, due to citizen of New York, relative to the in- mersibility of the largest ships.

COVERY OF AN ANTEDILUVIAN MAN—THE FOSSIL GIANT AT OYONAZ.

he great scientific event of the month, and, my mind, one of the most extraordinary ts of the nineteenth century, has been the covery of a fossil man between Veiziat and onaz, in the department of Ain. It is not a ce of a human skull or of vertebra that has n found, but a skeleton; and what a skele- ! Its height is four yards. Like the Titans cipitated into the abyss, it has been found in oil of alluvium, the head buried in the earth, d the feet turned to heaven.

his stature, higher than that of the tallest an, is one of the most interesting facts that is ered in the study of the human race. This is first authentic giant, and its appearance ll create more noise than the mammoths and e ichthyosaurus. Paleontology, an entirely odern science, will have the good fortune to ite the diverse phases of creation, and recon- e history with mythology. Fossil remains ve already confirmed the existence of ani- als said to be fabulous, and the the unicorn ll be found some day, perhaps, in the very untry where it so boldly took its place beside e leopard upon the British crown-piece. ere is no longer any doubt as to the primi- e children of earth; they really existed.

NEW USE FOR GLYCERINE.

lycerine, as we all know, is the sweet princi- e of oil, and is extensively used for purposes the toilet; but it has now received an appli- tion of rather an unexpected nature. In 1847, pupil of M. Pelouze's, M. Sobero, discovered at glycerine, when treated with nitric acid, as convertible into a higly explosive sub- ance, which he called nitro-glycerine. It is y, heavier than water, soluable in alcohol d ether, and acts so powerfully on the nerv- s system that a single drop placed on the tip the tongue will causs a violent headache, hich will last for hours. This liquid seems to ve been almost forgotten by chemists, and it only now that M. Nabel, a Swedish engineer s succeeded in applying it to a very impor- nt branch of his business, viz: blasting rocks. e following is the substance of a paper ad- essed by him to the Paris Academy of Sci- ces:

The chief advantage which this substance, mposed of one part of glycerine and three of tric acid, possesses is, that it requires a much aller hole or chamber than gunpowder does, e strength of the latter being scarcely one- nth of the former. Hence the miner's work, hich, according to the hardness of the rock, presents from five to twenty times the price the gunpowder used, is so short that the cost blasting is often reduced by fifty per cent. e process is very easy; if the chamber of the ine presents fissures, it must first be lined ith clay to make it water tight; this done, the tro-glycerine is poured in, and water after it, hich, being the lighter liquid, remains at the p. A slow match, with a well charged percus- on cap at one end, is then introduced into the tro-glycerine. The mine may then be sprung lighting the match, there being no need of mping.

On the 7th of June last three experiments ere made with this new compound in the open rt of the tin mines in Altenberg, in Saxony. one of these a chamber thirty-four millime- es in diameter was made perpendicularly in a lomitic rock, sixty feet in length, and at a stance of fourteen feet from its extremity, hich was nearly vertical. At the depth of ght feet a vault filled with clay was found, in nsequence of which the bottom of the hole as stamped, leaving a depth of seven feet. One re and a half of nitro-glycerine was then ured in; it occupied five feet; a match and opper was then applied as stated, and the mine rung. The effect was so enormous as to pro- ce a fissure fifty feet in length, and another of enty; the total effect has not yet been ascer- ined, because it will require several small asts to break the blocks that have been par- ally detached by this.

DIPHTHERIA.

The *Abeille Medicante* mentions a case of diph- eria cured by ice. We quote: The patient s a woman of 24, who had just been confined. e complained of sore throat, could hardly allow, and her tonsils, uvula, palate, and ad- cent parts were covered with an extremely herent adventitious membrane; the sub- axillary ganglions were swollen and painful, d a short cough was occasionally heard. fter trying some other remedies, ice was pre- ribed. During seven hours the patient con- antly kept a bit of ice in her mouth; it gave r pleasure, and she felt that it eased her con- erably. In the course of that time, the mem- anes had very nearly disappeared entirely, e pulse had fallen from 80 to 76, and the neral state of the patient had improved. In e course of the following day the cure was mplete.

Dr. Revillout treats the same disease with rgles of pure lemon juice in large quantities; e adventitious membranes are thus effectually moved; but the treatment seems to be longer d more painful than the preceding one.

MILK AND BUTTER.

The *Revue d'Economie Rurale* states that from cent experiments made by a French farmer, appears that the last milk drawn from the w contains ten times more milk and butter an the first milk. Hence it follows that if, ter drawing eight or ten litres of milk from a w, the operation is stopped and about a litre t in the dugs, nearly one-half of the cream d butter is lost. The best way of making but- r, according to the same authority, is to pour eam into a linen bag, then to tie it up and put into a hole dug in the ground, which is after- ard covered with earth. There it must remain enty-five hours; after which, on being taken t, the cream is found to have become quite rd. It is then crushed in a mortar with a oden pestle, half a glass of water being added separate the butter; an operation which does t last two minutes. No other system of aking butter is now employed either in Nor- anda nor the Berry; for there not only is a ving of time and labor, but a greater quantity butter is got out of the cream, and its quality excellent. Some people put the first bag into second one, in order to avoid bringing the rth too closely into contact with the butter.

OR SALE.—

A Photograph Gallery,

one of the principal business streets of Pittsburgh. mplete set of instruments already furnished. For rticulars address "PHOTOGRAPHS," Commercial ce, Pittsburgh. se5-1w

O-PARTNERSHIP,

Ve have this day associated with us EDWARD AG- W, in the manufacture of Japanned and Stamped ware and Tinners' Goods. The firm will be FLEM- G, TORRENS & CO.

JOHN FLEMING,
JOSEPH TORRENS.
ittsburgh, Pa., September 1, 1865. se5-1w

0 EMPTY IRON BARRELS—For sale by J. B CANFIELD.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FOR MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS Matthews' VENETIAN HAIR DYE has stood the test of trial, and is constantly increasing in public favor.

The VENETIAN HAIR DYE is the best and cheapest made. Its price is only 75 cents, and each bottle contains double the quantity of dye in those usually sold for $1.

THIS HAIR DYE is manufactured by a peculiar process, which renders it infinitely superior to any dye in the market. Being complete in one bottle, no preparation is required, which greatly simplifies the application.

IN USING THIS DYE, you avoid that RUSTY, DEAD appearance by which dyed hair and whiskers are so readily recognized, when an inferior article has been used, as it produces a perfectly natural color of any shade that is desired, from a rich brown to a jetty, lustrous black, that will not smut, crock or stain the clothing. Invest 75 cents, and you will be convinced. Sold by all druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

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(Late of the 139th Regiment,)
Has Resumed the Practice of Law,
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Special attention given to military and all other claims against the Government. Pensions procured. se5-tf

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A. B. NORTON, Attorney, having offices at AUSTIN, TYLER and WOODVILLE, with competent associates, will transact a general collection and agency business throughout Texas. Lands bought and sold; taxes paid; titles investigated; money collected and remitted. Those having claims of any description in any part of the State can address accordingly. se2-tf

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my18

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Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
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Gum Suspenders,
LESS THAN NEW YORK PRICES,
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GREAT SALE OF GOODS,
AT COST AND UNDER, AT
McClelland's Auction Rooms,
55 FIFTH STREET.

THE ENTIRE STOCK of DRY GOODS and SHOES
CLOSING OUT AT AND BELOW COST.
se6

COAL! COAL! COAL!

N. J. BIGLEY

Is now prepared to furnish, from his Youghiogheny Mines, the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity with a superior article of well screened

Lump and Nut Coal.
YARD, FOOT OF TRY STREET,
NEAR CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD DEPOT.

Hotels, Rolling Mills, Glassworks, &c., supplied on liberal terms. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Wagons also supplied. se2-tf

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GEO. S. BRYAN..........JNO. A. CAUGHEY.
BRYAN & CAUGHEY,
(Successors to Geo. S. Bryan & Co.)
Commission Merchants,
For the sale of
PIG IRON, BLOOMS, &C.,
No. 74 Water Street,
jy7-1y *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,
METAL BROKER,
NO. 124 FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH, PENNA.
Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Josephine, Isabella, Stanhope, Glendon and other brands of Anthracite and Charcoal Foundry and Forge Pig Iron, Blooms, &c. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. jy22

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And Commission Merchant in Teas, Coffees, Spices, &c.
AGENT FOR
Philadelphia Central Spice Mills, New York Corn Exchange Paper Bags, Prof. Morris' Azumea Baking Powder, McCandless & Smith's Pure Malt Vinegar.
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NO. 74 WATER ST., PITTSBURGH.
Also, Agent for the Pottsville Rail Mill. Orders solicited for T rails, 22, 25, 28, 32, 40, 45, 50 and 56 pounds to the yard, and Street Rails, Philadelphia pattern, 40 pounds to the yard. je6

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The Bankers' and Brokers' Board having adopted the following RATES OF COMMISSION, we will be governed thereby from this date:

Stocks selling at $2 and under, 2 cents per share.
Do do $2 and up to $25, 1 per cent.
Do do $25 and up to $100, 25 cts. pr. share.
Do do $100 and over, ¼ of 1 per cent.
jy11

ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
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Opposite the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, Pa.
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
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ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
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Purchasers will always find prices satisfactory.
No. 77 Federal Street,
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ALLEGHENY CITY.
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J. J. BENDER & CO.,
NO. 341, CORNER LIBERTY AND WAYNE STS
Offer for sale Lindsay's Improved Blood Searcher, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Brown's Bronchial Troches. Cary's Cough Cure. Ramsom's Hive Syrup and Tolu. Sozodont. Seller's Cough Syrup. Carbonate Ammonia. Extract Calabria Licorice. Extract Logwood. de6

COUGHS! COUGHS!!
TRY STRICKLAND'S
MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM
DR. STRICKLAND'S MELLIFLUOUS COUGH BALSAM is warranted to cure Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

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All the medical men and the press recommend DR. STRICKLAND'S ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE as the only certain remedy for Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination of Astringents, Absorbents, Stimulants and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.

PILE REMEDY.
DR. STRICKLAND'S PILE REMEDY has cured thousands of the worst cases of Blind and Bleeding Piles. It gives immediate relief, and effects a permanent cure. Try it directly. It is warranted to cure.

TONIC.
We can recommend those suffering with loss of appetite, Indigestion or Dyspepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it strengthens the whole nervous system; it creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

For sale by Druggists generally, and by Park & Brill and Geo. A. Kelly, Allegheny City. R. E. Sellers & Co., N. McClarran & Co., Chas. H. Super, J. M. Fulton, Fifth street, and JOSEPH FLEMING, Druggist, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond, near Fourth.
Send by Express everywhere. -1y

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S
Female Regulating
PILLS.

The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and cannot do harm to the most delicate; certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Pills was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of irregularties and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline. These Pills form the finest preparation ever put forward with immediate and persistent success. Don't be deceived. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you want the best and most reliable female medicine in the world, which is comprised in these Pills.

Dr. CHEESEMAN'S Pills have been a Standard Remedy for over thirty years, and are the most effectual one ever known for all complaints peculiar to females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box or 6 Boxes for $5, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills sent by mail, promptly, secure from observation, by remitting to the Agent. Sold by Druggists generally.

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Sold in Pittsburgh by JOSEPH FLEMING, corner Market street and the Diamond near Fourth. no20

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COAL, COKE AND LIME,
FIRE-BRICK AND TILE.
The Pittsburgh and Connellsville Gas, Coal and Coke Company are receiving daily, from their Connellsville Works, Coal, Coke and Lime, which they are prepared to sell at lowest rates. Coal and Coke loaded in cars for Western shipment.
S. C. SCOTT, General Agent.
Office and Yard, Marion avenue, Allegheny City.
dec26

PAPER DEALERS.

THE PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY have on hand and are constantly receiving from their mills
Print, Manilla, Hardware, Roofing and Wrapping Papers,
Of all sizes the market requires, and can afford unusual facilities to customers. Cash paid for all kinds of paper stock.
Warehouse, 82 Third street. my1

HALL PAPERS—
In panel decorations—new and handsome—at No. 107 Market street.
au26 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

OFFICE WINDOW-SHADES—
Of a new stripe, for sale at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth street. JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
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ARTIFICIAL LIMBS.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS,
AND
APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS,
Manufactured and repaired on the shortest notice. Also, the largest assortment of ready-made Trusses, Supporters, Bandages, Dental and Surgical Instruments, Cutlery, &c., in this city. OTTO HELMOLD, 96 Smithfield street, near Fifth.
Ladies attended to by Mrs. Helmold. se14-1y

UTILITY WORKS.—McLEAN & STROUS, sole manufacturers of Utility Locks, Utility Shutter and Butt Hinges, and McLEAN'S PATENT WINDOW SASH SUPPORTERS. Also, manufacture superior Counter Scales, Grindstone Hangings, Bed Castors, Strap Hinges, and a general assortment of Builders' and Cabinet Hardware. Sash Weights and Sad Irons, all sizes, kept constantly on hand. Office and warehouse,
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CLARK'S INDELIBLE PENCILS, Gold Mounted Rubber Pencils, Artist Pencils, and Plain Rubber Propelling Pencils, for sale at the Stationery Store of
W. S. HAVEN,
au4 Corner Wood and Third sts.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

SEPTEMBER 11TH.—100 BUILDING LOTS—Second great auction sale in subdivision of McFarland's Grove, near Shadyside Station, East Liberty, (only about two miles from the court house in Pittsburgh.) Sale on MONDAY AFTERNOON, Sept. 11, at half-past two o'clock, on the premises. The central and beautiful site of these lots is well known. Each lot will be sold to the highest bidder, without reserve or regard to price. Terms, one-third cash; balance in one and two years; $10 cash to be paid on each lot when sold, as part of the cash payment.

A FREE EXCURSION TRAIN OF 10 CARS will leave the Pennsylvania Depot, Pittsburgh, at 2 o'clock precisely on the day of sale, and take persons (ladies or gentlemen) to and from the sale free of charge. No tickets required.
se7-4t A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

OIL YARD AND IRON TANKS FOR SALE.
We offer for sale, on advantageous terms, our oil yard, at Lawrenceville, with tanks, sheds, warehouse, office, stable and all other fixtures. It is the best landing near the city, has every convenience for easily and cheaply removing oil in bulk or barrels from the river to tank or warehouse alongside the Allegheny Valley Railroad, such as pumps, engine and boiler, reception tanks, railroad from river to warehouse—in fact, there is nothing wanting to enable persons doing a crude oil business, in the most economical manner. As an investment for income, we doubt if persons wishing to make one both safe and profitable could do better. The tanks will always rent for a price that will pay at least twenty per cent. on our price. For further particulars, apply to BREWER, BURKE & CO.,
Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock streets.
au26-eod-1m

SALE OF FORFEITED STOCK.— There will be sold, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock A. M., on MONDAY, the 16th day of October, 1865, at public auction, at the office of the Treasurer, in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., unless sooner redeemed by payment of assessment of one dollar per share, due January 4, 1865, with interest and charges thereon: 3,981 shares in the Medora Mining Company, said stock having been forfeited for non-payment of the assessment above referred to, according to the terms of the charter and by-laws of the company. Eastern stockholders may redeem their stock, as above provided, by payment to F. K. Womrath, Esq., transfer agent, 324 Walnut street, Philadelphia, at any time prior to the close of business on FRIDAY, the 13th of October next, or to the Treasurer before the sale. By order of the Directors. JAMES M. COOPER, Secretary and Treasurer Medora Mining Company.
Pittsburgh, September 6, 1865. se6-toc16

A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT—For sale, that beautiful Homestead, of the late Colonel MORGAN ROBERTSON, of Pittsburgh, attaining 187 acres, a large portion rich river bottom, with about 30 acres containing the best Youghiogheny Coal, and some 50 acres of hill land heavily timbered, and the balance under cultivation. The improvements in part consist of a good DOUBLE BRICK HOUSE, a large Barn and Out-Houses, a never-failing Well, an Orchard of the best varieties of Fruit Trees, now in bearing; also, two Tenant Houses, &c. This Farm lies upon the bank of the Monongahela River, fourteen miles from Pittsburgh, and offers peculiar facilities for the Mining, loading and shipping of Coal, for building all kinds of Water Craft, for the most convenient and profitable disposition of the Timber and other products of the land. The whole is offered for sale on most advantageous terms.
For particulars appy to
JOSEPH DILWORTH, Esq.,
Of Dilworth, Porter & Co., or
THOS. J. KEENAN, Esq.,
my19tf Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE IN EAST LIBERTY.
A fine new brick house, of 8 rooms, and large stable; lot 150x135 feet, on a 40 foot street; within three squares of the Passenger Railroad Station. A bargain will be given to any person desiring property of the above description. J. S. STRICKLER,
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VALUABLE IRON PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TENNESSEE
ROLLING WORKS.

We will offer for sale on the 2d DAY OF OCTOBER, 1865, on the premises, the valuable Iron Property known as the

Tennessee Rolling Works,

with 6440 acres of Land, about 600 acres good Farming Land cleared and under fence, situated on the Cumberland River, fifty miles above the mouth, in Lyon county, Kentucky, embracing a large and complete Rolling Mill, a Forge with twenty Nobbling Fires, a Machine Shop containing Lathes, Boring and Planing Machines, with a Boiler and Engine to run separate from Mill, with a Grist Mill attached, a large Warehouse, Dry Goods Store, Brick Office, and a large number of Dwellings for workmen. Also about Forty Thousand Bushels of Stone Coal, and Sixty Thousand Bushels of Charcoal.

The above Iron Works have been in successful operation for a number of years, and the reputation of the Iron fully established, with a capacity for making Five or Six Thousand Tons of superior Charcoal Iron yearly—unsurpassed by any manufactory in the United States. The facilities for obtaining Pig Iron are superior to any establishment in the West, there being three Charcoal Furnaces within one to three miles of the Mill, capable of producing Seven or Eight Thousand Tons of Pig Iron yearly.

The facilities for obtaining cheap supplies of Corn, Pork and other articles, are unsurpassed.

Shipments of Iron can be made to the mouth of Cumberland River all seasons of the year.

TERMS OF SALE.

The Rolling Mill, Forge and Lands thereto attached, Tools, embracing Mill, Forge and Blacksmith Tools, and Weighing Scales, are to be sold on a credit of one, two and three and four years from date, with approved security, and lien retained until the purchase money is paid.

It is understood that the purchaser of the Mill, lands and fixtures is to take the wrought iron and cast iron scraps, stone coal, charcoal, farming tools, carpenter tools, corn, hay, mules, cattle, hogs, iron safe and fixtures in office, wagons, carts, medicines, etc., and pay cash at a fair valuation, two disinterested men to fix said valuation; in case they do not agree, to call in a third man.

The object of the sale is to close up said business agreeably to the articles of co-partnership.

Capitalists wishing to invest in a profitable iron property will do well to examine the same, when competent men will be ready at all times to show the property, and give particulars until day of sale.

HILLMAN BROTHERS.
je21-toc1

BOOTS AND SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
At 63 Market Street.
SOUTH & ROSS.
au22

GENTLEMAN'S CALF BOOTS AND CONGRESS GAITERS.
A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable prices. S. DALZELL,
No. 132 Smithfield St., fourth door from Virgin Alley

SILK & DRY GOODS JOBBERS

EDMUND YARD & CO.,
617 Chestnut and 614 Jayne Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Have just received from auction
500 PIECES FRENCH MERINOES,
300 PIECES ALL-WOOL DELAINES,
Which they offer to the trade
At a Small Advance.
au21-1m

TANNERIES.

G. W. KIEFER..........C. L. STRAUB..........WM. HUMMEL.
GENERAL GRANT TANNERY.
KIEFER STRAUB & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
Leather.
Tannery at Hillside Station, on Pennsylvania R. R.
Office, No. 58 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa
☞ THE HIGHEST PRICE paid for HIDES and CALF-SKINS. ja28-1y

EAGLE TANNERY.
CHARLES KIEFER,
Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of LEATHER, such as oak-tanned harness, bridle, skirting and slaughter Sole Leather, waxed upper kips and calf-skins. The highest price paid for all kinds of Leather in rough, for green hides and calf-skins, and chestnut-oak bark. Office, 58 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
ja27

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON'S
HIGHEST PREMIUM
LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINE
AND
BUTTON-HOLE MACHINE.
AGENCY, NO. 27 FIFTH STREET.
au31

ERNEST AXTHELM, No. 103 THIRD street, Pittsburgh, Agent for PLAYNER & KAYSER'S
Noiseless-Patent Sewing Machines.
These Sewing Machines are known as the very best in the United States. They are warranted, and sold at the Lowest Prices. Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Repairing of Sewing Machines of every kind promptly attended to. se30-1y

LIME—200 brrrels Best White Lime for sale by J. B. CANFIELD
je8

CARPETS.

NEW MATTINGS,
WHITE AND RED CHECKED,
In all widths, of the latest importation.
FANCY MATTING, new and handsome styles, just received and for sale by
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
jy22 71 and 73 Fifth street.

WE HAVE JUST PURCHASED and are now receiving a new assortment of
Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, etc.,
Which, in addition to our heavy stock of goods previously on hand, enables us to offer to our customers all the advantages the market affords, at the
Lowest Prices Reached This Season.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 Fifth Street,
jy22 Next house to the Postoffice.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL
OF
NEW GOODS.
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
ENGLISH & AMERICAN BRUSSELS
Tapestry Ingrain,
EXTRA SUPER AND FINE
CARPETS,
China and Cocoa Mattings,
Oil Cloths, &c.,
AT PRICES
Lower than Ever Reached this Season.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
No. 23 Fifth Street.
le22

CLOTHING.

FRENCH AND DOMESTIC
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
Auction Bought at New York,
NOW FOR SALE AT
McGratty's Clothing House,
Southwest corner Diamond and Ohio streets,
Allegheny City, Pa.

Mr. J. C. KLETT, Jr., having just returned from New York, where he has bought a large stock of FRENCH, ENGLISH and AMERICAN CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, which he is now prepared to make up in the best and most fashionable styles, and at
UNSURPASSABLE LOW FIGURES.

We have also on hand a large stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING, for Men, Youths and Boys' wear. All [illegible] of furnishing goods, &c. Don't forget—South-[illegible] corner of Ohio street and Diamond, Allegheny
se5-1w

GREAT
CLOSING OUT SALE
OF
SUMMER CLOTHING.

The undersigned now offer the balance of their stock of SUMMER CLOTHING at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,
In order to dispose of the same before the FALL TRADE sets in. At the same time we inform the public that we have already received a large and well assorted line of Goods, suitable for the FALL TRADE, consisting of Heavy, Dark and Light Colored

Cassimere Suits,
PANTS AND VESTS,
CASSIMERE AND FLANNEL SHIRTS,
UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.

We also have a great variety of
White Shirts; Hats;
Silk, Linen, and Cotton Handkerchiefs,
Linen and Paper Collars,
Neckties and Scarfs;
Kid, Leather, Woolen and Cotton Gloves;
Silk and Cotton Suspenders;
Silk and Gingham Umbrellas,

And a great many articles, too numerous to be mentioned, all of which we are enabled to sell

Below Their Actual Value,

Owing to their being purchased before the late rise in goods. You will therefore find it to your interest by giving them a call before purchasing elsewhere.

N. GROSSMAYER & CO.,
47 FIFTH ST., OPPOSITE THEATER.
au5

JOHN S. LEE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
And Dealer in
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
NO. 49 ST. CLAIR ST., PITTSBURGH.
my16

250,000 WATCHES,
CHAINS, DIAMOND RINGS, &c.,
WORTH OVER $1,000,000.

All to be sold for One Dollar, each, without regard to value. Not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive.

"This is one of the largest firms in the City of New York, and are doing a very extensive business and have on hand the largest stock that can be found in that City.—Oceana Times, Pent Water, Michigan, Oct. 21, 1864. "Their stock is large, and buyers may rely on articles purchased from them just as represented. Their long continuance in business enables them to offer better inducements than any other house in the city."—Loyal American, Anderson, Ind., Oct 20, 1864. "Their watches are admitted by competent judges, and those who have used them, to be the best in use. They are all they are advertised to be."—Independent, Warren, Ill., Oct. 20, 1864. They are large dealers, and their stock is manufactured in the best style, and of pure materials."—Telegraph, Saugerties, N. Y., Oct. 21, 1864. "All goods furnished are what they are represented to be."—Times, Waterville, N. Y., Oct. 20, 1864. "Worthy of confidence." Wyoming Democrat, Warsaw, N. Y., Oct. 18, 1864. Honorable and fair dealing men."—Cumberland Valley Journal, Mechanicsburg, Pa., Oct. 20, 1864.

Splendid List of Articles. All to be Sold for $1 each.

250 solid Silver Dining Sets, $75 to $300; 500 Silver Salvers and Urns, $50 to 250; 500 Solid Silver Tea Sets complete, 50 to 300; 150 Rosewood musical Bxs, 32 airs, 75 to 250; 200 Mahogany Musical Bes, 24 airs, 50 to 200; 250 Gold Hunting Watches, 75 to 250; 250 Ladies' Enamelled Gold Watches, 50 to 200; 500 Gents' Hunting Silver Watches, 25 to 100; 500 Open-face Silver Watches, 25 to 50; 250 Diamond Rings, 50 to 100; 5,000 Photo. Albums, all sizes, 5 to 50; 2,000 Gold Vest and Neck Chains, 15 to 30; 3,000 Gold Oval Band Bracelets, 5 to 10; 5,000 Chased Gold Bracelets, 6 to 12; 2,000 Chatelaine and Guard Chains, 5 to 20; 7,000 Solitaire and Revolving Brooches, 5 to 10; 2,000 Lava and Florentine do, 4 to 10; 5,000 Coral, Opal and Emerald do, 4 to 10; 5,000 Mosaic, Jet and Lava Eardrops, 4 to 10; 7,500 Coral and Emerald Eardrops, 3 to 8; 5,000 California Diamond Pins, 5 to 20; 5,000 Cal. Cluster Diamond Pins, 3 to 10; 3,000 sets Solitaire Buttons and Studs, 3 to 10; 3,000 Gold Thimbles, Pencils, &c, 3 to 8; 10,000 Lockets, double-glass, 3 to 5; 5,000 Lockets for Miniatures, 5 to 10; 3,000 Gold Toothpicks, Crosses, &c, 3 to 8; 5,000 plain Gold Rings, 4 to 10; 5,000 chased Gold Rings, 4 to 10; 10,000 shield and Signet Rings, 3 to 10; 10,000 California Diamond Rings, 7,500 sets Ladies' Jewelry, jet, 5 to 10; 5,000 sets Ladies' Jewelry, coral, 8 to 12; 5,000 sets Ladies' Jewelry, onyx, 10 to 15; 5,000 sets Ladies' Jewelry, lava, 12 to 20; 2,500 sets Ladies' Jewelry, mosaic, 20 to 30; 10,000 Gold Pens with Silver holders, 5 to 10; 5,000 Gold Pens with Gold holders, 6 to 12; 5,000 Gold Pens and holders, super'r 10 to 15; 5,000 Silver Goblets and Drinking Cups, 8 to 10; 3,000 Silver Castors and Wineholdrs, 15 to 50; 2,000 Silver Fruit & Cake Baskets, 20 to 50.

Messrs. T. & H. GAUGHAN & CO., No. 116 Broadway, New York, extensive manufacturers and importers of all the leading and most fashionable styles of Watches and Jewelry, desiring to increase their business to an unlimited extent, have resolved upon a Great Gift Distribution, subject to the regulations following:

Certificates naming each article and its value, are placed in Sealed Envelopes and well mixed. One of these envelopes will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of twenty-five cents.

All articles sold at One Dollar each, without regard to value.

On receipts of the certificate you will see what you are going to have, and then it is at your option to send the dollar and take the article or not. Purchasers may thus obtain a Gold Watch, Diamond Ring, or any set of Jewelry on our list for One Dollar, and in no case can they get less than one dollar's worth. The price of Certificates is as follows:—One for 25c; five for $1; eleven for $2; thirty for $5; sixty-five for $10; one hundred for $15.

Agents wanted everywhere, to whom special terms are offered. T. & H. GAUGHAN & Co.,
se1-1m No. 116 Broadway, New York.

"SMOKY CITY FEED STORE."
J. H. SHELLABERGER & CO.,
Dealers in Baled Hay, Oats, Corn, Bran, Middlings, Flour, Produce, &c., No. 12 Market street, two doors below First street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
N. B.—Consumers supplied with all kinds of Feed at the lowest market prices. le22-3m

THE ARDESCO OIL COMPANY
manufacture and have for sale a
Superior Quality of Refined Ardesco Oil (Non-explosive).
Also, PURE BENZOLE.
Warehouse, 27 Irwin street, Pittsburgh, Pa. se7

COV'T SALES & PROPOSALS

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE
OF
Steamboats, Wharfboats, Barges,
AND OTHER PROPERTY.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE
WASHINGTON D. C., July 29, 1865.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at the places, and until the dates hereinafter named, for the purchase of the following named

STEAMBOATS, WHARFBOATS, BARGES,
And other property.

At Little Rock, Arkansas, until Monday, September 11, 12 M.,
For the sidewheel steamer Davenport (ferry-boat) registered 159 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Convoy No. 2, registered 111 tons.
Which can be seen at LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS, until the day of sale.

At Vicksburg, Mississippi, until Friday, September 15, 12 M.,
For screw tug Belle Darlington, registered 84 tons.
One (1) wharf-boat, 796 tons.
One (1) wharf-boat, 787 tons.
Model barges Rhodes and Geo. B. McClane.
Nine (9) gunwale barges.
Forty (40) coal boats.
One (1) yawl and one (1) floating dock.
All of which can be seen at VICKSBURG, MISS., until the day of sale.

At Natchez, Mississippi, until Monday, September 18, 12 M.,
For one wharf boat, 700 tons.
Model barge Mollie.
Five (5) gunwale barges.
Three (3) coal boats.
All of which can be seen at NATCHEZ, MISS., until the day of sale.

At New Orleans, La., until Wednesday, October 4, 12 M.,
For the model barge Mulligan, and one (1) coal boat.
Which can be seen at PORT HUDSON, LA., until the day of sale.
For the wharf boat Natchez, 700 tons; and two (2) coal boats.
Which can be seen at BATON ROUGE, LA., until the day of sale.
ALSO, for the
Sidewheel steamer Colonel Holcomb (building), registered 220 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Illinois, registered 600 tons.
Sidewheel steamer W. B. Savory, registered 62 tons.
Sidewheel steamer J. M. Brown, registered 339 tons.
Sidewheel steamer A. G. Brown, registered 229 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Ohio Belle, registered 300 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Mustang, registered 178 tons.
Sidewheel steamer St. Charles, registered 557 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Diana registered 780 tons.
Sidewheel steamer E. H. Fairchilds, registered 651 tons.
Sidewheel steamer B. J. Adams, registered 687 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Switzerland, registered 519 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Ida May, registered 250 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Iowa, registered 482 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Altamont, registered 392 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Dick Fulton No. 2, registered 118 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Colonel Benedict, registered 181 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Colonel Chandler, registered 20 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Cornie, registered — tons.
Sternwheel steamer Lizzie Davis, registered — tons.
Sternwheel steamer Colonel Chapin, registered — tons.
Screw tug Leviathan, registered 324 tons.
Screw tug Binnie Banks, registered 32 tons.
Screw tug Baltic, registered 113 tons.
Screw tug Captain Pitkins (now building).
Screw tug (no name and now building).
Screw tug Geo. E. Tyler, registered 116 tons.
Screw tug America, registered 418 tons.
Screw tug Hancock, registered 150 tons.
Screw tug Admiral, registered 163 tons.
Screw tug Gladiator, registered 171 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer Kepper, registered 81 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer General Ransom, registered 104 tons.
Centre-wheel steamer Colonel Colburn, registered 91 tons.
Model barges Nos. 10, 11, and Abbey.
Canal boat Rosalie.
Ten (10) gunwale barges.
Twenty-four (24) pontoon boats.
Four (4) yawl-boats, one (1) sail-boat, one (1) metallic boat, five (5) skiffs, and one (1) set of ways.
All of which can be seen at NEW ORLEANS, LA., until the day of sale.

At Mobile, Alabama, until Thursday, October 12, 12 M.,
For the sidewheel steamer Laurel Hill, registered 783 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Warrior, registered 466 tons.
Sidewheel steamer James Battle, registered 621 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Ariel, registered 302 tons.
Sidewheel steamer N. W. Thomas, registered 511 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Starlight, registered 351 tons.
Sidewheel steamer Iberville, registered 505 tons.
Sidewheel steamer J. D. Swain, registered 227 tons.
Sternwheel steamer Jennie Rogers, registered 346 tons.
Sternwheel steamer R. B. Hamilton (sunk), registered 199 tons.
Screw tug Perry, registered 154 tons.
Screw tug Alph Cutting, registered 95 tons.
Screw tug Blossom, registered 54 tons.
Model barge Ford. Canal Boat Golden Era, canal boat (no name), forty (40) pontoon barges, thirty (30) Yawl Boats, and three (3) Sectional Docks.
All of which can be seen at MOBILE, ALA., until the day of sale.

Persons making proposals for more than one boat or barge, should give the name or number of each boat or barge bid for, with price proposed to be given for each.

Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed, and the name of the boat or barge, or description of the property, endorsed thereon, and addressed to Brigadier General L. B. PARSONS, Chief of Rail and River Transportation, in care of the officer in charge of river transportation at the point designated for opening bids.

The Government reserves the right to withdraw any of the above property, and to reject proposals if deemed too low.

Payments to be made in United States currency, upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the property.

A full description of the property may be obtained on application to Col. ARTHUR EDWARDS, assistant quartermaster, St. Louis, Missouri.

By order of the Quartermaster General:
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brig. Gen'l and Chief of Rail and River Transportation. au7-td

CLOSING SALES OF
GOVERNMENT
Horses and Mules.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 24, 1865.

Will be sold at public auction during the month of September, to the highest bidder, at the time and place named below, viz:

NEW YORK.
New York City, Tuesday of each week, 100 Horses each day.
New York City, Thursday of each week, 200 Mules each day.

PENNSYLVANIA.
Philadelphia, Thursday of each week, 100 Horses each day.
Philadelphia, Saturday, September 2, and Wednesday and Saturday of each week thereafter, 100 Mules each day.
Pittsburgh, Thursday and Friday of each week, to September 22, inclusive, 150 Mules each day.
Harrisburg, Tuesday of each week, 150 Mules each day.
Mauch Chunk, Thursday, September 7, 200 Mules.
Indiana, Tuesday, September 12, 150 Mules.
Greensburg, Thursday, September 14, 150 Horses.
Reading, Thursday, September 14, 200 Mules.
Altoona, Thursday, September 28, 150 Horses.

INDIANA.
Indianapolis, September 11, 13, 15, 25, 27, and 29, 150 Horses each day.
Indianapolis, September 12, 14 and 16, 150 Mules each day.

ILLINOIS.
Chicago, September 5, 7, 9, 19, 21, 23, 30, 150 Mules each day.
Chicago, September 4, 6, 8, 18, 20, 22, 29, 150 Horses each day.

DELAWARE.
Wilmington, Friday of each week, 150 Mules each day.
Wilmington, Tuesday of each week, 100 Horses each day.

NEW JERSEY.
Trenton, Tuesday, September 5, 150 Mules.
Trenton, Tuesday, September 19, 150 Mules.

MARYLAND.
Baltimore Thursday, September 7, 150 Mules.
Baltimore, Thursday, September 21, 150 Mules.

MISSOURI.
St. Louis, Thursday, September 7, and Tuesday and Thursday of each week thereafter, 200 Mules each day.

KANSAS.
Fort Leavenworth, commencing Tuesday, September 12, and continuing thereafter at such times as the Depot Quartermaster may designate, 2,000 Mules.

GIESBORO, D. C.
Tuesday and Thursday of each week, 100 Horses each day.

No sales of Mules will take place at WASHINGTON, D. C.

The animals to be sold in September are superior to any heretofore offered to the public. The majority of them are sound and serviceable.

It is expected that at this series of sales all the surplus Government animals will be disposed of. Buyers should therefore avail themselves of this last opportunity to purchase.

Animals will be sold singly.
Sales to commence at 10 A. M. each day.
Terms—CASH, in United States currency.
JAMES A. EKIN,
Brevet Brig. Gen., in charge 1st Div. Q. M. G. O.
au25tse22

LARGE GOVERNMENT SALE OF COAL.
1,000,000 BUSHELS.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., August 5, 1865.

Sealed proposals are invited and will be received at the places and until the dates hereafter named, for the purchase of all the surplus coal at those places belonging to the Government.

At ST. LOUIS, MO., until 12 o'clock M., of TUESDAY, September 5, for coal lying at Cairo, Ill., Memphis, Tenn., Helena, Ark., and mouth of White River.

At VICKSBURG, MISS., until 12 o'clock M., of FRIDAY, September 15, for coal lying at Vicksburg, Miss.

At NATCHEZ, MISS., until 12 o'clock M., of MONDAY, September 18, for coal lying at Natchez, Miss.

Separate proposals will also be received at the same time for the barges or boats containing the coal.

Each envelope containing a bid should be sealed, and the name or number of the barge containing it endorsed thereon, and addressed to "Brigadier General Lewis B. Parsons, Chief Rail and River Transportation," in care of the Quartermaster in charge of river transportation at the point designated for opening the bids.

Payment to be made in United States currency upon the acceptance of any proposal, and prior to the delivery of the property.

The Government reserves the right to withdraw any of the coal and the barges containing it, and to reject proposals if deemed too low.

By order of the Quartermaster General.
LEWIS B. PARSONS,
Brigadier General and Chief Rail and River Transportation. au9-tse18

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., August 19, 1865.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT MULES.
GOOD, SOUND SERVICEABLE MULES

Will be sold at public auction, at the Fair Grounds, in this city, to the highest bidder, on the days and in numbers as follows:

150 Mules on FRIDAY, September 8, 1865.
150 Mules on THURSDAY, September 14, 1865.
150 Mules on FRIDAY, September 15, 1865.
150 Mules on THURSDAY, September 21, 1865.
150 Mules on FRIDAY, September 22, 1865.
Mules sold singly.
Sale to commence at 9½ o'clock, A. M.
Terms cash, United States currency.
O. CROSS,
au19-td Lieut. Colonel and Deputy Q. M. Gen.

RIDER & CLARK,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
AND FACTORS IN
Petroleum and its Products,
OILS, CANDLES, &C.
98 Water and 132 Front street Pittsburgh, 51 Broad street New York.
Agents of the Portland Kerosene Oil works, New York Parafine Candle Company, &c. au26-1y

DRY GOODS.

S. R. M'ELROY.......JAMES DICKSON.......JOHN T. SHANE
DRY GOODS.
FALL 1865!
M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,
No. 54 Wood St.,
PITTSBURGH,

Having recently refitted their store, with improved facilities for doing business, now offer their

FALL STOCK OF DRY GOODS,
AT WHOLESALE, AT
Low Prices, for Cash.

STAPLE AND DOMESTIC FABRICS
In good assortment, which will be kept complete during the season. A very large stock of
FLANNELS,
Of the following and other well known brands, now in store:
FULLERTON'S,
BRADLEY'S,
STEUBENVILLE,
THOMPSON,
WILDE'S.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
TWEEDS, JEANS, &c.,
PRINTS AND DRESS GOODS,
A full line; also,
COTTON YARNS,
WOOLEN YARN,
BATTING AND BAGS.
Pittsburgh, September 1, 1865. se4-3m-MW&F

TEN CASES
EXTRA FINE MERINOS,
87½, 1 00, 1 25, 1 37½, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00 ℔ Yard.
Four Cases 5-4 All Wool Delaines,
87½, 1 00, 1 25, 1 37½, to 1 75 ℔ Yard.
TWENTY-FIVE PIECES
PLAIN BLACK AND REP SILKS,
1 50, 1 62, 1 75, 1 87½, 2 00 to 9 00 ℔ Yard.
FORTY PIECES
Auction Bought Linen Sheeting,
50 Cents ℔ Yard,
Four Cases Merrimac Style Prints,
25 Cents ℔ Yard,
AT
GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,
92
MARKET STREET.
Forty Bales of Cotton Batting, Cheap.
se6

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
OFFER
Special Inducements to Buyers,
—IN—
EMBROIDERIES AND LACE GOODS;
WHITE GOODS EDGINGS AND RUFFLINGS;
HAMBURG EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS;
HANDKERCHIEFS AND COLLARS;
RIBBONS AND BONNET SILKS;
MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS;
CRAPES, FRAMES, RUCHES;
FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS;
TARLETANS AND MALINES;
FEATHERS AND BIRDS;
BEAD ORNAMENTS AND SETS;
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS;
SILK AND BEAD BUTTONS;
GENTS' AND LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS;
ZEPHYR-KNIT GOODS; BALMORAL SKIRTS;
CORSET AND HOOP SKIRTS;
HOSIERY AND GLOVES; YARNS;
WORSTEDS, and a general assortment of
Fancy Goods and Notions.

Their Wholesale rooms will be found well supplied with all the desirable goods in their line. Buying exclusively for cash, we purchase cheap and

OFFER BARGAINS
—AT—
77 and 79 Market Street.
au22

WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS HOUSE!
WILSON, CARR & CO.,
94 Wood street.

The attention of the trade is invited to the superior stock, always to be found on hand, equal in extent to that of many

EASTERN HOUSES,

And surpassed by none in the West, among which may be found

PRINTS,
DRESS GOODS,
ALPACAS,
COBURGS,
BLACK SILKS
WOOL DE LAINES,
AMERICAN DE LAINES,
LADIES' CLOTHS,
FRENCH CLOTHS,
FANCY CASSIMERES,
BLACK DOESKINS,
TRICOTS,
ALL WOOL TWEEDS,
COTTONADES,
DENIMS,
KENTUCKY JEANS,
TWEEDS,
ERMINES,
SATTINETS.

Also a full line of
DOMESTIC GOODS.

All goods bought for cash and sold at a small advance.
jul0-tf

J. A. WILSON..........J. W. CARR..........D. M'CANDLESS
WILSON, CARR & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Payne & Co.)
Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods,
94 WOOD STREET.
Third House above Diamond Alley.
se25 PITTSBURGH

SALEM, OHIO.
Isaac Trescott,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
BOOKS, RAGS, WALL AND WINDOW PAPERS, WRITING PAPERS, STATIONERY, ETC.,
Orders promptly executed. Agent for the Pittsburgh Daily COMMERCIAL. my22-1y

DUFF'S BANK,
RAILROAD,
STEAMBOAT and
MERCANTILE BLANKS,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
se6 Corner Wood and Third streets.

MANUFACTURERS.

AMERICAN IRON WORKS
JONES & LAUGHLINS,
PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
AMERICAN AND CLAIR
BAR, HOOP, SHEET and PLATE IRON,
BRIDGE IRON,
ANGLE AND T IRON,
GUARD IRON,
COAL SCREEN IRON,
T RAILS, 16 and 20 lbs. to yard,
TRAM RAILS, punch'd and counter sunk,
BOILER, BRIDGE and TANK RIVETS,
CUT NAILS and SPIKES,
SHIP and BOAT SPIKES,
RAILROAD SPIKES,
RAILROAD FISH BARS and BOLTS,
RAILROAD CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
STREET CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
COAL-PIT CAR WHEELS and AXLES,
PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTING,
PATENT COLD ROLLED PISTON RODS, MOWER AND REAPER BARS.
Warehouse and Office,
120 WATER, AND 158 FRONT.
Branch House,
NOS. 22, 24 AND 26 RIVER ST.,
jy8 Chicago, Ills.

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.
MODES, RYRIE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
BLACK AND GREEN GLASSWARE
DRUGGISTS' WARE, BOTTLES, DEMIJOHNS, CARBOYS, &c.
Warehouse, No. 144 Water street, between Smithfield and Grant streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
We warrant our wares to be superior to any manufactured west of the mountains. Always on hand, Glassware of the above description. All orders promptly attended to.
☞ Particular attention paid to Private Moulds.
au4-1y

CARLIN & GIBSON,
FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY
AND MACHINE WORKS,
Sandusky street, near Robinson, Allegheny City,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES, ROLLING MILL AND MACHINE CASTINGS.
We have always on hand, and make to order, Steam Engines for oil wells, with flue or portable boiler Counter shafts, Derrick fixtures, &c., &c. my21-6m

W. SMITH DAVID E. PARK. JAMES PARK, JR
SMITH, PARK & CO.,
NINTH WARD FOUNDRY,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Warehouse, 149 First and 120 Second streets, manufacturers of all sizes and descriptions of coal oil retorts, and stills, gas and water pipes, sad irons, dog irons, wagon boxes, steel moulds, pullies, hangers and couplings; also, jobbing and machine castings of every description made to order. Having a complete machine shop attached to the foundry, all necessary fitting will be carefully attended to. se15

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS
ESTABLISHED IN 1848.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Tool Cast Steel,
Spring, Plow, Blister and Saw Steel, Railroad Car Springs and Spring Steel, Axle Springs, Steel Tire, &c. best Cast Steel suitable for Oil Tools. Warehouse, 83 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap5

BANNER COTTON MILLS,
PARK, PAINTER & CO.,
Warehouse, Nos. 149 First and 120 Second Streets
PITTSBURGH PA.
4-4 Brown Sheeting, Carpet Chain of all Colors, Candlewick, Batting and Twine.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of best quality refined Cast Steel, square flat and octagon, all sizes.
Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.
Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 First and 120 and 122 Second street Pittsburgh, Pa. no7

WELDON & KELLY,
No. 164 Wood Street, Pittburgh, Penn.,
Gas and Steam Fitters and Plumbers, and Manufacturers of
Oil Well Pumps, Tubing and Tools,
Keep on hand Improved Oil Well Tubing with Brass or Iron Couplings, Brass or Copper Working Barrels Tongs, Clamps, Rods, Sand Pumps, and everything necessary for the working of oil wells. my13-1y

J. E. CONNOR, Manufacturer of the latest improved Screw, Lever and Drop Presses; Cutting and Stamping Dies; and general agent for the far famed Olmsted's late improved combined Double Cutter and Setting Down Machine; combined Circular Shears, Square and Bevel Cutters, and Tinners' Tools of all kinds made to order. Nos. 69, 71 and 73 Adams street,
ap15 BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

SPEERS' SAMBURG WINE,
PURE, AND FOUR YEARS OLD,
OF CHOICE OPORTO GRAPE,
FOR PHYSICIANS' USE,
For FEMALES, WEAKLY PERSONS & INVALIDS,
EXCELLENT WINE FOR FEMALES.

Every family at this season should use the SAMBURG WINE, celebrated in Europe for its medicinal and beneficial qualities, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, used in European and American Hospitals, and by some of the first families in Europe and America.

AS A TONIC it has no equal, causing an appetite and building up the system, being entirely a pure wine of a most valuable grape.

AS A DIURETIC it imparts a healthy action of the Glands, Kidneys and Urinary Organs, very beneficial in Dropsy, Gout and Rheumatic Affections.

SPEER'S WINE is a pure article from the Juice of the Port Grape, possessing medical properties superior to any other wine in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite, and benefitting ladies and children. *Try it once, and you will not be deceived.*

☞ Be sure the signature of ALFRED SPEER is over the cork of each bottle.

Sold by N. McCLARREN & Co., JOS. FLEMMING FRED. BRAUN, ALFRED J. RANKIN, and J. M FULTON. In Allegheny, by GEO. A. KELLY & Co. and S. B. CRAIG, and by all first class dealers in surrounding towns, who also sell the CASTELLA PORT BRANDY, a choice old article imported only by Mr. SPEER, direct from the vaults of Oporto. Trade supplied by B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & Co., and by A. SPEER, at his Vineyard, New Jersey. Principal Office, 208 Broadway, New York. 1y-Staw.
JOSEPH FLEMING. Pittsburgh, Pa.

PIG LEAD.
500 PIGS LEAD just received from the Linden Mines, Wisconsin, from which I will receive supplies weekly. Being very soft and pure; it is well suited for Glass and White Lead Manufacturers use. For sale by
WM. BAGALEY.
mh14-tf 12 Wood

FISH—
20 barrels new Baltimore Herring,
25 barrels No. 3 Large Mackerel,
25 half barrels do
20 bbls No. 2 do
25 kits No. 3 do
50 half bbls Lake Herring,
25 half bbls White Fish,
20 half bbls Trout,
For sale by
je3-tf J. B. CANFIELD

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

THE FORTHCOMING REGATTA.

The Prospects—The Judges—Treasurer—The Entries—No Brown Crew Yet—Public Expectation on the Subject—Liberal Conditions Offered—Probable Surprise—The Offer Still Pending—The Promise—The Prizes.

As many of our citizens have entered into the arrangement for a grand Regatta, and have exhibited their desire for a first-class affair by subscribing liberal amounts for the purpose of carrying the idea into effect, and as the people generally have been led to expect an occasion of unusual interest, it is important that they should be duly informed of the progress which has been made in the preparations for the projected event of the 16th inst.

THE JUDGES.

The following gentlemen have consented to act as judges upon the occasion: David Holmes, Esq., W. W. Ward, Esq., C. H. Paulson, Esq., H. A. Weaver, Esq., Robert Jackson, Esq., James Scott, Esq., and J. C. McVay, Esq.

TREASURER.

The Hon. James Lowry, Jr., Mayor, is Treasurer of the Regatta Fund, and has manifested considerable desire to have such an exhibition of oarsmanship, and friendly intercourse between contesting oarsmen of our own and other cities as may be creditable to the name and fame of the city already secured in so many other ways.

THE ENTRIES.

The entries which have been made up to date are the following:

FOUR OARED RACE:—"Friendship;" Crew—William Jackson, James Hamill, John Hamill, Fred. Wolf. Dressed in pink shirts.

"Xanthe;" Crew—William Meyer, George Speer, Scott Luther, Henry Colter. Dressed in white skirts.

SINGLE SCULL:—"Lillian Roberts;" William Jackson. Dressed in pink shirt.

James Hamill's new boat; John Hamill. Dressed in blue shirt.

BOYS' RACE—SINGLE SCULL:—"Lillian Roberts;" Wm. Jackson, Jr.

————; William Falgar, Philadelphia.

It will be seen that no entry has been made of the Champion crew of New York, whom, we had been led to expect, would, without fail, be on the ground to contend for the prize. This omission will not astonish and disappoint the public more than the COMMERCIAL, for we advocated the getting up of the regatta on the ground that the best oarsmen of other cities, and particularly the renowned "Brown crew" of New York, would accept an invitation to come here, and, if possible carry away the prize. To this end the most liberal terms were offered. It was provided that if the "Brown crew" would come here, and fail by any accident to win the prize, they would have their expenses paid back to New York. Of course this liberal offer was made as an additional inducement, to say nothing of the very handsome prize of $500 in money to be taken by the winning crew. It was on the strength of expecting the crew referred to, that most of the funds now in the hands of the Treasurer were subscribed. It cannot be expected that the gentlemen thus interested will be satisfied with the entries for the four oared race, which we publish above, and we trust, for the sake of consistency, that if the "Brown crew" is afraid to put their reputation as oarsmen in the balance against our "Pittsburgh crew" of the "Friendship," that that part of the Regatta be postponed until they do accept.

The New York crew led our people to understand distinctly that if a prize worthy of their oars were offered, they would come, and it was in accordance with this promise that the most liberal prize ever offered in any regatta of the United States was offered. The course is open for the "Brown crew" or any others who deem themselves worthy to contend against our Pittsburghers. It may be, however, that the New Yorkers are holding back with the view of giving our "boys" a surprise visit. This is, of course, practicable, as New York is but one day's ride from Pittsburgh. Should this be so, we will cheerfully welcome them, and take back any words that may have a tendency to offend or dishearten any or all who may be interested.

PRIZES.

We have already published a list of the prizes, and re-produce it now:

First prize for four-oared boats	$500
Second prize for four oared boats	100
First prize for double-sculled boats	150
Second prize for double-sculled boats	50
First prize for single-sculled boats	150
Second prize for single-sculled boats	50
For single sculls, rowed by boys under eighteen years of age (two miles)	30
Second prize	20

The distance in the four-oared and single and double-scull races will be five miles. James Hamill will not enter in the single-scull races.

STAR FIRE BRICK COMPANY.

New Brick Works in Ninth Ward—Bricks Made by Machinery—Patent Brick-Press—Improvement in Material and Finish—Examination by Experienced Iron and Glass Men.

Among the improvements now being developed in Pittsburgh, that in the manufacture of fire brick, which we are about to notice, is worthy of a prominent place. The vast quantities of fire brick used by our extensive iron workers in this immediate region renders it important that, if possible, a more durable article than has been used hitherto should be obtained. To this end, a new fire brick manufactory, under the auspices of the "Star Fire Brick Company," has recently gone into operation, in the Ninth ward of this city.

The company intend to carry on business on a very extensive scale, and are making their arrangements accordingly. Their first kiln of forty thousand bricks has just been burned, and the specimens we have seen must be acknowledged as neater and much better tempered brick than any we have seen hitherto. This latter fact is owing, in a large measure, to the material used in the composition of the brick, and the manner in which it is prepared.

The great feature of this establishment is a new brick press, invented and patented by Mr. John K. Lemon, of Allegheny city. This machine exhibits no little ingenuity on the part of the inventor. It is worked by steam power, and is the most perfect press for this purpose that we have seen, and performs its work in a most admirable manner. The mode of operation is somewhat like what we will endeavor to describe. The brick to be pressed is laid on the bed-plate of the machine by a boy. This brick is carried forward and let down into a mould, the bottom of which drops down like a trap, and a cover, corresponding in size with the bottom of the mould comes down and gives the pressure which finishes the brick, except the drying and burning process, which, of course, is a subsequent operation. When the brick has received its pressure, the upper plate rises; the bottom of the mould rises to the level of the bed plate again, and a side plate pushes it forward to the shelf or front part of the bed-plate from which it is picked up on a square smooth piece of wood or bearing off board, and carried to its place over the drying flue by a series of boys who are kept constantly at work. The press works with great rapidity, keeping the boys in attendance very busily engaged. The bricks are turned out just as fast as it is possible for them to be handled. The press is capable of turning out from eight thousand to ten thousand per day, being about three or four times as fast as they can be pressed in the usual way—by hand. The improvement claimed for this press, however, is not confined to speed, for the pressing is much more perfectly performed by it than by the old process. It gives a compactness and uniformity to the brick which it cannot possibly obtain by the use of the hand press.

The bricks made by this machine have been examined by some of the most experienced manufacturers of iron and glass in this city, and pronounced superior and more valuable than those made in the usual way.

The press is of equal value as a means of pressing front brick for building purposes, as it not only performs the work much more rapidly than any other press or machine, but also imparts uniformity and finish to the brick necessary for frontal purposes. We have no doubt that this press will be extensively used as soon as its work is seen beyond the limits of Pittsburgh. The work is managed by Mr. Lemon personally, and the whole establishment is under the supervision of Mr. Josiah Baker, a thoroughly practical, attentive and industrious man. Several new kilns are in process of erection, and when these star Fire Brick Works are finished, manufacturers who need the article made by Mr. Lemon's press will find something to attract them thither

The Locomotive Explosion at Duncannon—The Inspector of Boilers at Altoona Responsible for the Disaster.

The coroner's jury in the case of the locomotive explosion near Duncannon, visited the scene of the catastrophe, for the purpose of viewing the wreck, and, if possible, ascertain the real cause of the explosion. The Harrisburg *Telegraph* says a more complete, thorough, and irreparable destruction of a locomotive could not possibly have been made. Bars of iron which formed portions of the machinery of the locomotive, were broken and twisted in all imaginary shapes. The wood work was scattered into countless splinters, the running gears torn asunder, and the boiler, itself, rent into shreds, resembling the torn edges of rotten cloth when subject to malicious destruction. Two hundred and fifty feet of the track was torn up by the force of the explosion, and yet, strange to say, the concussion was not heard by some of the passengers on the train, and when the train itself stopped, passengers in the rear cars imagined the stoppage was only the result of some ordinary cause. It is related that the explosion was distinctly felt at Duncannon, and roused many of the inhabitants of that village from their beds. In all respects we are constrained frankly to admit, after having witnessed several explosions of steam boilers, on steamboats and in factories, that this explosion was the most complete, in its destruction of machinery, we ever witnessed.

The testimony taken on the ground was very brief, and consisted of the examination of some of the practical men in the employ of the company. The jury seemed to seek as an important fact in the case, for evidence concerning the personal character and mechanical skill of the engineer in charge of the locomotive. The evidence taken established the engineer's good character without a doubt. He was represented as being one of the most careful and skillful engineers on the road, highly reputed for the conscientious scruples with which he adhered to schedule time, and the absolute caution with which he managed the machinery in his charge. There was an earnestness and solemnity in the evidence in favor of the engineer, which made a deep impression upon the jury, particularly when at the same time the fact was clearly demonstrated by the shattered remains of the boiler itself, that the material of which it was composed was recklessly and even criminally defective. Certain portions of the boiler presented the unmistakable appearance of having been in a condition to have resulted in a similar disaster for weeks past, and as these were pointed out to the witnesses by members of the Coroner's jury, they were at once pronounced by those witnesses as wholly defective. The result of the Coroner's inquest was to elicit a verdict to the effect that the iron in the boiler of the locomotive exploded, was defective and unfit for use, and that the inspector of locomotives in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, at Altoona, was responsible for the disaster, and should at once be discharged.

Family Broil.

On Wednesday evening, James Algeo, a returned soldier, who was severely wounded during one of the late battles, was arrested in Allegheny, on complaint of his wife, on a charge of assault and battery. The Mayor, not wishing to send him to jail, prevailed upon his wife to withdraw the suit, upon Algeo promising to leave the house, which he agreed to do. Yesterday morning, however, Mrs. Algeo again presented herself at the Mayor's office, and entered another complaint against her husband for a similar offense. She alleged that during the night Algeo had beat her severely with one of his crutches, and exhibited a number of scars and bruises in confirmation of her statement. Algeo was again arrested, but this case was also compromised. A few hours afterwards, Mrs. Algeo appeared at the Mayor's office and stated that upon her arrival at home, she found Algoe employed in depleting her wardrobe, and had already torn up and destroyed several dresses. The police declined to interfere further in the matter, when she called upon officer McKelvey, of Alderman Neillie's police, and enlisted him in her service. The officer visited her house, which is located in Ohio avenue, near Graff's foundry, and at the solicitation of Mrs. Algeo, consented to remain and watch the belligerent soldier. A recurrence of hostilities on Algeo's part will result in his arrest and consequent punishment. The reasons assigned for Algeo's conduct are not very complimentary to his wife.

ANOTHER MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR.

Alleged Murder of a Returned Pittsburgh Soldier in New York—Letter from a Companion of the Missing Man—Nothing Known of it in New York.

Yesterday a singular case was brought before the attention of Mayor Lowry, which promises good for another mysterious affair. It appears that about ten days ago Mr. Hall, a young man who had been a soldier in the recent war, with his wife, also young, came to this city on the steamer "Delaware," from Cincinnati, and roomed at the Scott House. After being here for a day or two he informed his wife that there was some important business requiring his attention in person in New York, and left with the promise that he would return in the course of a few days. On the 30th of August he addressed a letter to his wife, which was couched in the most affectionate terms, and setting forth that he was about to return. On the 31st of August, one day later, Mrs. Hall received another letter from a person signing himself Ed. Abbott, which set forth that on the previous night he was in company with her husband in a saloon in Broadway, where, in an altercation which occurred, Hall was shot. After being shot, Abbott states that he had Hall removed to a boarding house, where after lingering for some time he died of his wound. Before becoming insensible it is alleged by the letter writer, that the wounded man requested him to write and tell her to "do as she promised." The letter was dated from New York, but bears the Pottsville post mark which is very indistinct. The story of the murder in New York is an imposition, as Mr. John O. Kennedy, Superintendent of the Metropolitan Police, telegraphed to the proprietor of the Scott House that no such event had taken place. Mrs. Hall says she had heard her husband speak of Abbott, but he never cared much about him, as he had a very poor opinion of him. She has a likeness of Abbott in her possession. She states that Hall is under age and has a guardian residing in Evansville, Indiana, where he was raised. Her home is at Princeton, Indiana. His guardian has been telegraphed to at Evansville, and it is said, is expected to arrive immediately. Mrs. H. appears to be very much distressed, and her youthfulness has secured her considerable sympathy. The proprietor of the Hotel, and Mayor Lowry, are exerting themselves with a view to obtain a clue to the affair. We need hardly say that we deem the whole affair a hoax, Hall a hoaxer, and the rest of the story pretty much of the same character.

Soldiers' Monument Association.

Collectors to Commence Work Monday.

A regular meeting of the Soldiers' Monument Association was held yesterday afternoon, at the Board of Trade Rooms, Wood street. In the absence of Gen. Negley, the Chairman, John Harper, Esq., Vice President, was called to the chair.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

Gen. Pearson, from the Finance Committee, made a verbal report, in which he stated that the collectors for the various districts would be appointed during the present week, and be ready to commence work on Monday next. The applications from disabled soldier had not been so numerous as had been anticipated, and it would be necessary to appoint other collectors in many of the districts. The report was accepted.

Mr. Harper, Chairman of the Committee on Location and Design, reported that he had met with the committee appointed by the City Councils in reference to the location of the proposed Cenotaph. The committee had expressed their willingness to donate at least an acre of the old basin lot for that purpose, and permit the Association to occupy a much larger space until it would be required for an enlargement of the basin, or some other public object.

Gen. Pearson moved that a committee be appointed to communicate with the various clergymen of the county to secure their co-operation, and request them to address their congregations in behalf of the sacred undertaking. The motion was adopted, and Rev. Richard Lee, Rev. Wm. A. Snively, Rev. J. G. Brown, D. D., Gen. A. L. Pearson and Wm. M. Gormly, were appointed said committee.

The Association then adjourned until Thursday afternoon next.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

Departs.		*Arrives.*	
Day Express	2:50 a m	Mail	1:20 a m
Mail Accommodn	5:50 p m	Fast Line	2:00 a m
Pitts. & Erie Mail	1:30 p m	Pitts. & Erie Mail	12:50 p m
Phila. Express	4:25 p m	Baltimore Expr's	1:30 p m
Fast Line	9:30 p m	Phila. Express	2:30 p m
Johnstown Acc'n	3:00 p m	Johnstown Acc'n	10:05 a m
1st Wall Station	6:30 a m	1st Wall Station	6:25 a m
2d " "	11:40 a m	2d " "	8:50 a m
3d " "	4:35 p m	3d " "	2:05 p m
4th " "	6:05 p m	4th " "	6:50 p m
Penn Accommdn	10:30 p m	Penn Accommd'n	7:50 a m

The church train leaves Walls' Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:00 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago.

Departs.		*Arrives.*	
Express	2:10 a m	Express	2:20 a m
Express	2:00 p m	Express	3:30 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	6:00 p m
Mail	7:00 a m	Mail	7:50 p m
N. Castle & Erie	6:40 a m	N. Castle & Erie	8:30 p m

New Brighton Accommodation leaves Allegheny depot at 9:00 a. m., 11:50 a. m., 4:45 p. m., and 6:00 p. m. Rochester, 2:15 p. m.; New Castle, 3:50 p. m.; Economy, 11:30 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Wheeling.

Departs.		*Arrives.*	
Express	2:10 a m	Express	2:10 a m
Express	2:45 p m	Express	3:45 p m
Mail	6:10 a m	Mail	9:00 p m

Steubenville Accommodation leaves Allegheny at 3:50 p. m.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.		*Arrives.*	
Mail	7:55 a m	Mail	6:00 p m
Express	3:00 p m	Express	10:00 a m
1st McKeesport	11:00 a m	1st McKeesport	6:50 a m
2d "	6:15 p m	2d "	2:05 p m
1st Braddock's	7:00 a m	1st Braddock's	8:30 a m
2d "	4:15 p m	2d "	5:40 p m

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Leaves.		*Arrives.*	
Mail	7:00 a. m.	Express	9:30 a. m.
Express	4:30 p. m.	Mail	7:00 p. m.
Accommodation	2:00 p. m.	Accommodation	8:00 a. m.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
Third door from Suspension Bridge, Allegheny Pa.
ap15. Branch Store at Salem, Ohio.

TOBACCO.
On hand and for sale, a complete assortment of
Ohio Seed Leaf Fillers and Wrappers,
Mason county and other grades, Cutting Lugs, fine bright Cutting Leaf, and all grades bright and dark manufacturing Fillers and Wrappers.
Orders for leaf promptly and carefully executed.
RICHARD MALLAY,
mh31-1y 122 West Second st., Cincinnati, O.

NEW TOBACCO HOUSE.
BAKER, SMITH & CO.,
Dealers at wholesale in
TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, ETC.,
No. 297 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh Pa.
Storage can be had by applying at 297 Liberty
ap7-1y

H. M. ROLFE. JOSEPH DILWORTH.
J. H. SWETT. GEORGE PORTER.
DILWORTH, PORTER & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
RAILROAD CHAIRS AND SPIKES.
Office, cor. Water st. and Cherry alley. au15-1y

GROCERIES.
50 Bags Prime and Common Coffee;
10 Mats Java Coffee;
100 Barrels Sirups, various brands;
10 Puncheons E. I. Molasses;
100 Bbls Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugars;
25 Bbls Porto Rico Molasses;
With a general stock of fine groceries, on hand and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
Nos. 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin streets.
au26

ANDREWS & ARMSTRONG,
Engine Builders & Practical Machinists.
Manufacturers of
Marine and Stationary Steam Engines.
Also, ENGINES of all descriptions for oil purposes
PULLEYS, HANGERS, SHAFTING and CASTINGS of all descriptions made to order.
CORNER SANDUSKY AND WATER STS.,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Particular attention paid to REPAIRING.
au8-6m

WELLS, FARGO & CO.,
NEW YORK AND CALIFORNIA
Express und Exchange Company,
84 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Freight and small packages received for California and the Pacific Coast.
California Coupons bought or collected.
Collections made and commissions executed in the Pacific States.
Exchange for sale on London, Dublin, Paris and San Francisco.
Letters of Credit on the Union Bank of London issued to travelers, exchangable for Circular Letters payable in all parts of Europe.
Persons going abroad will find this the most convenient as well as *the safest* way of providing themselves with funds.
Also, Letters of Credit on our San Francisco house, for which they will issue Circular Letters payable at any of our offices in California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, and British Columbia.
Telegraphic transfers of money made to San Francisco and all accessible points in the Pacific States.
California and Nevada Mining and other Stocks bought and sold on Commission by telegraph.
je21-6m WELLS, FARGO & CO.

M'CULLOUGH'S LEAD CO.,
No. 64 DUANE STREET,
NEW YORK,
Keep constantly on hand, of their own manufacture, and offer for sale at the following NETT CASH PRICES:
LEAD PIPE, 13 Cents.
SHEET LEAD, 13 Cents.
BAR LEAD, 11 Cents.
DROP SHOT, 13 Cents,
BUCK SHOT, 14 Cents.
Orders for the above articles solicited, and prompt attention paid to shipments.
se1-1m JAMES McCULLOUGH, President.

BOLIVAR UNION FIRE BRICK WORKS,
ERSKINE, HAMMOND & McMATH,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Fire Brick, Furnace Brick and Tile, Bolivar, Westmoreland county, Pa. Prompt attention given to orders by mail. Agents in Pittsburgh,
HERRON & CO.,
ap24-1y Corner of Penn and Wayne streets.

BASE BALLS AND BATS—FOR sale by
JAMES BOWN,
1y8 136 Wood street.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
BANKERS,
No. 57 Market Street, Pittsburgh,
Buy and sell at market rates—
U. S. 6 per cent. 5-20 Bonds.
U. S. do. 1881 Bonds.
U. S. 5 per cent. 10-40 Bonds.
U. S. 6 per cent. one year certificates,
And all other U. S. Securities, Bank Notes and Coin.
Stocks and Bonds of Every description
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
se10

FINANCE AND TRADE.

BANKERS' AND BROKERS' BOARD.

J. M. TIERNAN, Pres't. | SAM. R. McCLEAN, V. P.
S. S. BRYAN, SECRETARY.

Meets Daily at 10½ O'Clock, A. M.

TRANSACTIONS SEPT. 7, 1865, AT THE BOARD.

	Bid.	Asked.
United States 6s '81	1 07	......
United States 5-20's, old	......	107 50
United States 7-30's 1st series	99 25	99 75
United States 10-40's	93 50	......
United States Certificates	98 00	......
Gold	1 41	......
Pittsburgh 5's, $1,000 Coupons	69 50	......
do do $500 Registered	......	65 00
Allegheny City 6s	97 25	......
Steubenville Scrip (contractors)	......	50
Lawrence County 6's	40 00	......
Allegheny Insurance	25 00	......
Boatmen's Insurance Co	......	30 00
Cash Insurance	......	60 00
Eureka	50 50	55 00
Western	52 00	......
Allegheny National Bank	......	60 50
Fourth National	......	130 00
Iron City National Bank	80 50	......
Merchants' & Manufacturers' National	55 00	......
Bank of Pittsburgh	61 00	......
People's National Bank	104 00	......
Third National	125 00	......
Columbia Oil	25 00	......
Cherry Run Central	......	55
Cherry Run and Pithole	......	58
Cherry Run and Pittsburgh	......	70
Caldwell	......	2 00
Central Basin	......	75
Dalzell	......	3 75
Federal	......	75
Merchants'	......	35
McAboy	......	30
Murray	......	75
Philadelphia, Lancaster & Cherry Run	......	1 15
Union Lubric	......	20
Germania	......	4 00
Phoenix	......	1 10
Whitely Creek	......	2 00
Phillips	......	5 00
Monongahela Pioneer	......	40

THURSDAY, September 7—P. M.

The bids at the Board of Bankers and Brokers this forenoon were more numerous than any day this week. For United States 6's, of '81, 107 was offered, and 99¼ for 7-30's. Pittsburgh Fives 69½, and Allegheny Sixes 97¼ were bid. Insurance stocks were inquired for, at 25 for Allegheny, 50½ for Eureka, and 52 for Western. Bank shares were in good demand, without any sellers, however.

—Our local market is dull and inactive. The only sales we can hear of are Columbia at 25½, and of some of the low-priced stocks on private terms.

—The Dunkard Creek Union has got into court, and if the victims of it succeed in getting their money back, it may induce holders of stocks in other companies to adopt similar means. The probability is, however, that the money obtained through courts and lawyers will cost, in time, trouble and expense, more than the difference over the market price; but it is about time for the lawyers' harvest. They have had a rather dry time for some years past, owing to the abundance of money, and the fact that people have been too busy to spare the time necessarily consumed in litigation.

—The New York Oil Stock market was dull at the morning board, and prices generally lower, excepting Tack, which advanced to 51c; Webster sold at $1 65; United States, $27 80; Pithole Creek was hammered down to $8 35, and Oil Creek to $3 25. In the afternoon Pithole rallied and sold up to $8 80; and United States suffered a further decline, selling at $27 70.

—The commission appointed to examine into the condition of the banks of Virginia have reported the following banks, which reported on call, are the Bank of Virginia, Richmond, with its branches at Petersburg, Fredericksburg, Lynchburg, Norfolk, Danville, Portsmouth, and Union. The Exchange Bank of Virginia, at Richmond, with its branches at Petersburg, Salem, Clarksville, Abingdon, Lynchburg and Alexandria. The Farmer's Bank of Virginia, at Fredericksburg, Wytheville, Blocksburg Lynchburg, Danville, and Gainesville. The Bank of the Old Dominion is at Alexandria and Perrysburg, and the Bank of the Valley at Leesburg and Christiansburg. As an illustration, the correspondent states that the Exchange Bank holds $6,700,000 in rebel bonds and securities, and $150,000 in specie. The Bank of Virginia eight millions in bonds and $300,000 in specie. In other securities the banks hold a considerable amount of Southern States bank notes, and have claims on much of the specie captured in Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina. The notes of the following banks are worth at least the current value of State tax: Bank of Commerce, at Fredericksburg; Bank of Winchester, at Winchester; Southwestern Bank of Virginia, at Wytheville; Bank of the Old Dominion at Alexandria; Perrysburg Merchants Bank, of Lynchburg; Farmer's Bank of Fincastle. The following Independent Banks are in a much more deplorable condition: The Monticello Bank of Charlotte, Bank of Howardsville, Bank of the Commonwealth, Bank of Richmond, Central Bank of Stanton.

—The following is a comparative statement of the number, capital and circulation of the National Banks actually organized for business purposes throughout the country at the close of 1864, and of the week ending with Sept. 2, 1865:

	No of Banks	Capital	Circulation.
Dec. 31, 1864	643	$135,618,874	$66,769,375
Sept. 2, 1865	1,549	394,804,333	177,487,220
Increase	906	$258,185,459	$110,717,845

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
FRIDAY, September 8, 1865.

BUSINESS—The market for some days past has presented no new feature worthy of special notice. The sales were confined to small parcels for home purposes. The weather continues warm, with occasional showers. Our rivers remain in fair navigable order. Boats that depart carry out good trips. The J. S. Hall came in from Gallipolis with a good trip; she will lay over and leave on her regular day, Saturday, at 12 M. The new steamer Gleaner was detained at the Steubenville bridge; she did not get out last evening, but will leave to-day on time, positively. The Delaware will leave to-day for Cincinnati and Louisville. The first-class packet Nevada is announced for Cairo and St. Louis on Saturday. The boats on the slackwater navigation have all the business they can attend to. Trade on that route is rapidly increasing, and the present boats are unable to do all the business offered. The receipts of Produce were not large, but sufficient for present purposes. Buyers are inclined to hold off for lower prices, hence we have but few sales to record. Wheat was firm, and holders were not disposed to give way. Parcels that arrived from the West were stored in preference to submitting to lower prices. Oats were not very active. Prices seemed to have touched bottom. The operations were moderate. Corn was dull, but not quotably lower. Barley was more inquired for. Rye was not favored. Flour—The demand is again in the ascendant. Holders have no inclination to give way, hence the sales were not favorable for local trade. The supply was not large, but in excess of the demand. The principal sales were of choice grades, whilst inferior lots were in want of purchasers. Bacon—The season is drawing to a close, and the present stock will soon be exhausted; prices rule high. Pig Iron remains very firm, with the advantages on the side of the holders. The receipts by rail are on the increase. Iron and Nails were firm, at the late advance. Other articles remain as previously noted. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice.

CRANBERRIES—This delicious fruit is beginning to arrive. Prices have opened at $14 00 ₩ bbl. Demand fair.

FLOUR—The market was steady, with a fair inquiry for most descriptions. So far as relates to prices we have no changes to notice. Dealers confine their purchases to lots sufficient to supply their immediate wants. Among the operations reported were: Extra Family—100 bbls, $9 85; 100 do, $10@10 15 ₩ bbl—all winter wheat. Sales of 75 bbls spring wheat at $8 90@9 20. Other sales were made at the same range of prices. Wagon flour is coming in slowly, and sells at various prices.

BACON—The supply at the present rate of sales will soon be exhausted. Since the late advance a large number of consumers have been cut off. They have to do without. Their finances will not reach so high. Shoulders, sales 5,000 lbs at 18c; Sides, sales 3,000 lbs ribbed at 18½c. Of hams, the market continues bare. We omit the nominal prices. Country meats have also disappeared.

LARD OIL—The market continues firm with a large demand. In fact the week's sales were liberal for this market. Sales 25 bbls No. 1, at $2 05@2 10 ₩ gallon. Sales 20 bbls No. 2, at $1 75.

LARD—Was in good demand, with sales of 10 bbls City Leaf at 24@24½c. Country sold in a small way at 21½@22c.

HAY—The receipts about keep pace with the demand. At the scales 16 loads were disposed of at $16@20@22 ₩ ton. The latter was paid only for a choice article.

PEACHES—The demand was in advance of the supply. Holders were firm. We note sales of 50 boxes at $3 50; 85 boxes do $3 75@4 00.

WHISKY—Holders were firm, with a fair local demand: sales of 30 bbls city rectified, at $2 25; sales of 25 bbls do, at $2 23@2 25 ₩ gall.

APPLES—The market presented no change; sales were made at a variety of prices, ranging from $2 50@5 00; the sales at these figures reached 75 bbls.

SALT—Market firm, with a good demand; sales of 100 bbls, first hands, at $2 50 ₩ bbl.

BUTTER—Was among the articles inquired for; holders were enabled to obtain pretty much any figures they chose to exact; a fair business was transacted at 27@28c ₩ lb. The demand was in advance of the supply.

CHEESE—Firm, with a good demand; prices still looking up; sales to a fair amount were made for future delivery; sales of 35 bxs Goshen at 20@21c; sales of 75 bxs Western Reserve, at 18c; Hamburg, sales of 20 bxs, at 18½c.

EGGS—Scarce and in demand; sales of 4 bbls and 500 doz, at 20@21c ₩ doz.

GRAIN—Prices for most articles were irregular whilst others were in fair demand. Among the sales were the following: Oats—holders were inclined to put up the figures. The market was not exactly ready for such an operation. We note sales of 1 car, on track, at 46c; 2 cars bulk, 42½; 375 bush from store, 48c; some were holding out for 50c. Corn was not much inquired for; sales 450 bush shelled at 75@78c; 200 bush damaged, 60c; 150 bush ear, 85c, from store. Wheat was inquired for; sales 2 cars of Milwaukee club at $1,75 for Spring; Red held at $1 78@1 85; White, $1 90@1 95.

GROCERIES—The market was firm with a good demand. As prices have undergone no material change we omit them.

Providence Wool Market.

Providence, September 2.—Wool—Market remains as last quoted. Printing Cloths—Market firm, the production not being equal to the demand, hence the steady advance. The following are the sales: 5,600 pieces 56x60, 20c, to be made; 2,500 do 60x60, 20c, to be made; 4,000 do 60x64, 23½c, to be made, September and October; 42,000 do 64x64, 22c, to be made; 8,000 do do 22½c. to be made; 10,500 do do 25c, on hand; 2,000 do do 25½c, on hand—74,000 pieces.

Philadelphia Oil Market.

September 7.—Fish oils are firm and moderately active at the late advance. Lard oil is steady, and Linseed continues in request, and prices tending upwards; sales are reported at $1 55@1 60. Petroleum is active and on the advance; about 4,000 barrels refined in bond sold at 53½@54½c for present and future delivery; free oil is selling at 70@73c, as to color. Crude is scarce and nominally held at 31c.

Cotton at St. Louis.

The market for cotton continued very dull, with so little business that quotations are nominal. Sales comprised 75 bales, including 28 at 41c; 25 at 37c; 6 at 36c, 6 at 35c, and 10 at 34c. We quote as follows:

Good middling	43c
Strict middling	40@41c
Middling	38c
Low middling	35@36c
Good ordinary	32c

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
Friday, September 8, 1865. }

Business in the oil way was moderately active. Buyers were plenty, and so would have been sellers, had the supply been sufficient; unfortunately, the stock on hand at this time would admit of small sales. Holders were firm for both Crude and Refined. The receipts of Crude by the Allegheny were light, amounting to 915 barrels. A number of lots are known to be on the way and may arrive at any time. It would take heavy receipts for some time to bring about a reaction in the market. The receipts of oil per the Slackwater Navigation were 75 bbls. This oil is becoming a favorite among purchasers. There is a large amount at the wells waiting shipment. The ruling prices of Crude yesterday were 21c without packages, for fair gravities. One lot of 95 barrels of 34@35 gravity, sold at 23c, packages returned. Greene County oil sold at the same figures. Refined Oil—The market continues firm—Prices looking up. We have never witnessed a more liberal disposition to operate than has been manifested for some weeks past. Bonded oil could be sold in large quantities, either for present or future delivery. The refineries are in full blast. Most of the owners have sold large amounts for fall delivery, hence they are not so anxious to sell as if differently situated. The principal transactions were for the Philadelphia market. Tar seems to be neglected. Prices have undergone no change.

CRUDE OIL—We have but few sales to note. The market was altogether in favor of holders, who were not slow in discovering the fact. Sales 135 bbls at 21c, without packages; sales of 95 bbls heavy oil, gravity 34@35, at 23c, bbls returned; 400 bbls in two lots at 21c, without packages; sales 54 bbls of Greene county amber oil at 28c, including packages. Buyers and refiners were willing to contract for good round parcels, at the figures we have named.

REFINED OILS—Were in brisk demand. The stock on the market being very light, the principal portion of the sales were for future delivery, viz., sales of 1,000 bbls bonded, Philadelphia delivery, at 55c; 1,000 bbls Globe, bonded, 55½c, Philadelphia delivery from the 15th to the 30th of September; 500 bbls bonded at 56c, Philadelphia, November delivery; 1,000 bbls bonded, November, on the spot, at 47c; 100 bbls free, light straw, on the spot, 65½c.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny River.

Fisher Bro	362	Jno Gallagher	280
Union Storage Co	230	J. T. Stockdale	43
Total			915

Oil Receipts Per Allegheny Valley R. R.

GOING WEST.

Aladdin Oil Company, 216 barrels refined, for Boston.
Aladdin Oil Company, 105 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
J. Myers & Co., 161 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
Morrison, Myers & Co., 275 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
Ecky & Robbins, 65 barrels tar, for Philadelphia.
J. Gracie & Co., 162 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
Forsythe Bro. & Co., 169 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
North American Oil Company, 114 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
Globe Oil Company, 54 barrels refined, for Boston.
Sellers, Canfield & Co., 166 barrels refined, for Point Breeze.
P. Weisenberger, 100 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
Lucesco Oil Company, 123 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
Brewer, Burke & Co., 336 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
Brewer, Burke & Co., 178 barrels crude, for Philadelphia.
D. Biy, 110 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
Waring & King, 56 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
L. Wilcox, 52 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.
Total, 2,442 barrels.

Oil Receipts per Monongahela Slackwater Navigation Co.

Wade Hampton, 21 bbls crude oil.
W B Hays, 44 bbls oil.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL STOCK YARDS.

EAST LIBERTY, September 7, 1865.

The market during the week was well supplied with stock, particularly Cattle. The sales were liberal, at prices about the same as the previous week. The exports were not so large as the previous week. Stock Cattle was disposed of readily at fair prices. The principal sales of this description were to parties who reside in the Eastern part of the State, who have purchased largely in our market for some time past. The highest figures paid this week were $7 50 ₩ cwt. for a choice lot of thirty-one head, average weight 1,300 lbs. The lowest figures were $4 25 for sixty head, average weight 556 lbs. The exports were, to Baltimore, 141 head; Philadelphia, 1,908; and way points, consisting altogether of Stock Cattle, 3,181 head.

HOGS—The market was very firm. The demand was active. Drovers preferred forwarding East, hence we have only a beggarly account of sales to record. Prices ruled high; the highest figures paid were $12 62 for a round lot of 200 head, the only lot of any size which changed hands. The exports were, to New York, 2,587 head; to Philadelphia, 1,355 head; Baltimore, 2,055—making a total of 5,997 head.

SHEEP—The market was firm. The sales were only on a small scale, as compared with last week's operations. The receipts amounted to 7,451 head, against 13,104 head the previous week—a falling off of 5,653 head. Prices were about the same, whilst the sales were less than half the number of the previous week. Most of the heaviest purchasers were not on hand. The lowest figures reached were $4 95 ₩ cwt. for 180 head. The highest figures were $6 for 391 head, average weight 112 lbs. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

SALES OF HOGS PER CWT.

Seller	Purchaser	No Head	Weight	Price.
Howell	Singer	11	264	$12 00
Singer	Shirley	197	231	12 00
Tilden	Gilchrist	200	228	12 62
Emerick	Singer	4	260	11 87
Emerick	Gilchrist	87	251	12 00
Vanatta	Gilchrist	54	228	11 75
Zimmerman	Emerick	92	212	10 75

SALES SHEEP PER CWT.

Seller	Purchaser	No Head	Weight	Price.
Johnson	Hesser	189	98	$5 75
Ward	O'Neal	194	92	5 50
Warden	Hesser	388	98	5 75
Harsh	Hesser	87	112	6 00
Lawdeman	Orr & Co	304	98	6 00
Logan	Orr & Co	685	97	5 25
Shockley	Muleman	204	91	5 87
Dietrick	Brown	175	98	5 75
Dalzell	Preston	180	91	4 95
Loban	Doyle	374	88	5 25
Zimmerman	Emerick	200	85	5 30

SALES OF CATTLE PER CWT.

Seller	Purchaser	No. Head	Weight	Price.
Shamburg	Callbach	33	1095	$6 87
Vanatta	W. Rice	31	1300	7 50
W Rice	Smith	114	1200	7 37
J B Huff	Fuller	110	850	4 87
J B Huff	Graw	104	960	5 60
J B Huff	Miller	20	1020	6 25
J B Huff	Downs	169	950	5 62
McPherson	Knox	109	875	5 40
Ammon	Evans	40	930	5 65
Clarke	Mains	41	932	6 00
Reckhill	Cassiday	19	913	5 50
Daube	Shamburg	66	905	5 12
Brubraker	Lutz	44	896	5 20
Welsh	Fuller	42	1060	6 25
Lounderman	Mooney	36	807	5 15
Welsh	Aul	20	955	5 87
Welsh	Cochran	25	790	4 62
Axe	Sheeler	42	902	5 00
Logan	West	63	950	6 00
Forse	Metzgeter	60	556	4 25
Horst	Clendening	75	679	4 75
Logan	Miller	81	977	5 50
Logan	Wheelend	63	835	5 25
Oltzmus	Brindle	20	1092	6 90
Logan	Tarbutt	24	794	4 90
Logan	Leighton	22	835	5 00
Fuller	McLain	25	815	5 00
Logan	Scott	24	820	5 00
Davis	Young	60	956	5 80
Daube	Spacht	17	817	5 40
Logan	Neicely	24	878	4 75
Logan	Neicely	60	1009	5 50
McDonald	McLain	38	1029	5 80
Trauman	Reider	36	859	5 25
Daube	Connerd	38	950	6 00
Daube	Winters	54	933	5 62
Renington	Diller	77	985	5 75
Goldsmith	Colbough	53	1092	6 90
Crosby	Spout	83	966	6 70
Browder	Montague	52	1132	6 90

ALLEGHENY LIVE STOCK MARKET

ALLEGHENY CITY, Thursday, September 7, 1865.

The supply of Cattle during the week being liberal, the sales were of a similar description. Buyers were numerous. They came to purchase. They took hold freely; particularly of stock cattle—the sales of which were large, all things considered. The attendants and operators have done well, and have a perfect right to be satisfied with the week's operations. The current rates were 4½@5½c for fair and medium qualities. Strictly prime found purchasers at 6¾@7c. Extra in some instances sold at 7¼@7½c. The market closed firm, with the advantages on the side of holders. Those parcels not disposed of were forwarded East.

HOGS—The hog market in this vicinity has been neglected for some time. The sales at either of the yards were unusually light, the principal portion that arrives being consigned to the Eastern markets. A few head were sold to butchers in a retail way at $11@$12 25 per cwt.

SHEEP.—The receipts were larger than the previous week. The largest portion, however, was forwarded to the East. A few small parcels were taken by city butchers at $4 75@5 75 per cwt.

RETAIL SALES OF CATTLE PER CWT.

Seller.	Head.	Price.
Laube retailed	50	$4 87@.....
Kerwin	40	4 00@6 00
Myers & Co	52	6 00@7 25
Marks & Co	125	6 00@7 00
Emerick & Co	20	4 00@6 50
Greenwalt & Co	162	4 75@8 75
Verner	75	4 00@6 00
Merrick & Co	80	4 87@6 60
Glass & Co	95	4 87@6 50
Eckert	85	5 00@5 25

WHOLESALE SALES OF CATTLE PER CWT.

Seller.	Head.	Price.
Erwin sold	50	$5 60@.....
Wiles	21	5 75@.....
Wall & Co	19	5 40@.....
Wall & Co	55	4 70@.....
Ouden & Co	150	5 70@.....
Crum	57	5 80@.....
Rotchilds & Co	21	6 15@.....
Rotchilds & Co	90	5 00@5 78
Myers & Co	56	6 00@6 25
Eckert & Co	108	5 00@5 62
Reis & Co	73	6 87@.....
Reis & Co	132	6 00@6 87
Porter	17	4 00@.....
Marks & Co	200	5 00@7 00
Emerick & Co	59	5 25@.....
Greenwalt & Co	47	5 50@.....
Greenwalt & Co	114	4 50@5 25
Glass & Co	69	4 62@5 00
Monashine	35	6 00@6 75
Seymore	34	7 00@6 75
Haas & Co	116	5 90@.....
Eckert	25	5 62@.....

Louisville Tobacco Market.

The breaks foot up 101 hhds, with rejection of bids on 8 hhds. The tobacco sold was mostly of the lower grades.

The sales at the different warehouses were as follows, viz:

Louisville—2 at $5 20@5 50; 2 at 8 10@8 40; 1 at 9; 1 at 10; 1 at 11 40; 1 at 17; 2 at 18@18 25.

Boone—3 at $4 30@4 90; 1 at 5 30; 2 at 6 70@6 80; 1 at 7 20; 1 at 8 50; 1 at 9; 1 at 10 25; 1 at 16 75; 1 at 21 25.

Ninth Street—3 at $4 10@4 90; 5 at 5@5 90; 2 at 6@6 15; 4 at 7@7 90; 1 at 8; 1 at 9; 1 at 10; 2 at 11 75@12 25; 2 at 13 50@14; 4 at 15 25; 2 at 18 50@22 75.

Pickett—2 at $3 75@3 80; 5 at 4 10@7 70; 10 at 5@5 95; 4 at 6 10@6 90; 8 at 7 25@7 90; 4 at 8@8 90; 2 at 9 30@9 90; 1 at 10 25@10 75; 3 at 12 25@12 75; 2 at 13@13 25; 2 at 35@50@15 75; 2 at 17@17 75; 2 at 15 50@18 15; 2 at 19@19 25; 1 at 20.

Tobacco at St. Louis.

TOBACCO—On the breaks this morning were 147 hhds, for which good prices were offered, but holders being quite firm, they rejected bids on 44 hhds—chiefly of the lower grades. For one hhd of fine leaf $110 was the price offered and rejected. Lugs and low leaf were dull. Sales 6 hhds green lugs from $3 to $4 20; 16 hhds factory $4 90 to $5 90; 21 hhds planters' from $6 to $8; 15 hhds medium do $13 to $14 25; 5 hhds good $15 25 to $16 75; 11 hhds common manufacturing $16 75 to $23 75; 7 hhds medium do from $26 75 to $34 50; 1 hhd good at $45, and 5 hhds fine from $60 to $82 25 per 100 lbs.

New York Finance and Trade.

NEW YORK, September 7.

STOCKS.

The stock market is rather more active, with increased strength in prices. The movements in railroad shares are very spasmodic and unreliable. The market is wholly sustained by cliques of brokers and railroad managers, who keep up prices in the hope of getting speculation for a rise. The current fluctuations are chiefly due to the movements of these parties, who are necessitated to keep up an appearance of activity in order to save the market from being demoralized by absolute dullness. At present, the outside public are too busily employed with legitimate business, to venture upon stock speculations. The prospect is that the cliques may have to wait some time before they are able to draw any important outside support to the market. The present holders may prove able to carry the load as long as they please, without any decline. In prices to-day there was a slight advance on Hudson, Toledo, and Rock Island, on rumors of dividends. There was a general desire to sell shares of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh road early in the day on rumors of over issue. Government stocks are quite firm but not active; the chief movement was in 5-20s, for which there is a steady foreign demand. The recent advance in the old issue may help to draw up quotations of all other securities and especially of the new 5-20s, which it is supposed may soon be wanted for the foreign market. There was but little activity in miscellaneous shares.

GOLD

Remains very firm. The demand for customs is active and equal to five hundred thousand dollars daily. There is a prevailing opinion that the next steamer will bring in a decline in American Securities abroad, owing to the announcement of the Ketchum frauds. Cash Gold scarce and worth ⅛ per cent.

THE MONEY MARKET

Continues easy.

PETROLEUM STOCKS

More active to-day: Fee Simple 52, Pithole Creek 8 40, Webster 1 68, Watson 1 40, Buchanan Farm 71, Eureka 1 25, Cherry Run 30, Empire City 55, Excelsior 22, Germania 30, Heydrick 1 25, Montana 7 50, Oil Creek 3 25, Manhattan 25, Rynd Farm 80, Tack 50, United States 27 80.

PETROLEUM.

Prices have advanced ¼@½ per cent on all descriptions. Sales of Crude are noted at 34c. Refined, in bond, at 54@58c, October delivery at 60c, and free at 72@76c.

Philadelphia Stock Market.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

[From Work, McCouch & Co., Stock and Exchange Brokers.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 7.—St. Nicholas, 1½; Maple Shade, 6⅞; Curtin, 3; Dalzell, 3¼; Caldwell, 2; McClintock, 1 81; Excelsior, 44; Oil Creek and Cherry Run, 1; Cornplanter, 1½; Sugar Creek, 6½; Eldorado, ½; Mingo, 2⅛; Junction, 2.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Gold Market.

NEW YORK, September 7.—Gold continues strong, with a continued large demand for customs and for shipment South. The price is firm at 144⅝@144½, but entirely without speculative supply.

New York Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, September 7.—Prices have advanced ¼@½ per cent. on all descriptions. Sales of Crude are noted at 34c; Refined in bond at 54@58c; October delivery, 60c; and free at 72@76c.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, September 7.—Receipts—6,200 bbls flour; 18,500 bush wheat; 280,000 bush corn; 102,000 bush oats. Shipments—6,000 bbls flour; 31,000 bush wheat; 292,000 bush corn; 17,000 bush oats. Freights quiet. Highwines dull. Provisions firm. Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat firm, and 2@2½c higher, at $2 36½@2 37 for No. 1, and $2 23@2 24 for No. 2. Corn active and 4c higher, with sales at 62@62½c for No. 1, and 58@59c for No. 2. Oats quiet at 30¼@31c.

Cincinnati Provision Market.

September 6.—The provision market has been without spirit during most of the week. Mess pork of inferior repute, city brands, was sold on Saturday at $28 50; after a day or two's dull market, at $30. It has since recovered, with sales to-day at $30, and sellers generally standing for $31.

Lard has become very scarce; 23¼c is offered for it, but 2 c is asked.

Bulk meats have had an inactive market. Shoulders have been rated at 15½c, and Sides at 16@16½c loose. While holders have been firm, the demand has been only moderate. Bacon Shoulders have been kept at 17¼c, and sides as 17⅛@17½c, though hard to buy at less than the latter figure. Clear rib Bacon Sides are quoted at 18½c, and clear at 19½c, but they would not bring these figures on the present market. There are no Hams hardly to deal in; 24c is the quotation for plain.

Philadelphia Iron Market.

Sept[illegible]r 6.—Iron—There is a good inquiry for Pig Metal, [illegible] very reduced stock on sale; the makers generally [illegible] sold largely ahead of their production are asking [illegible]; a few small lots have been picked [illegible] $37@41 for forge, and $43@44 for foundry, as [illegible]ality, new generally held higher. Scotch Pig is scarce and wanted at $4 @44 ₩ ton, as to brand; for manufactured iron the demand is active and prices tending upward, with a further advance of $5 to note on bars.

Soap and Candles at Louisville.

September 5.—The trade is active and the stock on hand light. Star candles without any weight marked on the boxes are usually sold for 14 ounce candles. In some instances the 14 oz only weigh 12½ oz; 13 oz is the ordinary candle of commerce, which we quote at 23½@24c; full weight 28c. Best quality German soap at 12@13c.

Hemp at St. Louis.

Hemp—Market dull, with but little demand. We quote common to extra choice undressed from $160 to $185; dressed from $245 to 260, and hackled tow at $160@165 ₩ ton. Sales of 15 bales dressed hemp at $230; 12 do do at $255; 20 do undressed at $168; 20 do do at $160; and 10 do break tow at $110 ₩ ton.

Whisky at Cincinnati.

Whisky has had a better market at the advance. The market early to-day was $2 23, but there were sales afterward at $2 23½@2 24, and the latter is now asked firmly.

Lead at St. Louis.

No sales to report. The last sales were at $7 50 for soft Missouri, and $9 35 for Mine La Motte.

JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT,
Dealer in STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES,
No. 25 Smithfield street, corner of Second street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders from Boat and Coal Men will receive prompt attention.
jy28-1y

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED.

Arrived.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
J. S. Hall	Woodburn	Parkersburg.

Departed.

Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight there were six feet four inches by the Allegheny pier marks, and falling. The marks on the Monongahela were as follows: Old marks, five feet six inches; new marks, four feet six inches. The weather during the day was warm.

THE steamer Nevada, Capt. Evans, has her sign up or St. Louis and way points.

THE Brownsville packets continue to transact a large business both ways, travel on that route being brisk.

THE fine steamer Delaware, Capt. Horton, leaves this day for Cincinnati and Louisville. This boat has superior accommodations and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. We take pleasure in recommending boat and officers.

THE packet Delaware, Captain Harton, was detained. She will leave this day for Cincinnati and Louisville. Passengers and shippers will take notice. By the way we were pleased to see our old friend McAllister in the office. He is one of them.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The new and splendid passenger steamer Gleaner, being unavoidably detained, will take her departure this morning, positively, for Parkersburg and intermediate ports. This boat is well found in every respect, has unsurpassed accommodations, and give general satisfaction to all who traveled with her.

BACK AGAIN.—The favorite packet J. S. Hall, Capt. John Woodburn, will leave for Parkersburg, Gallipolis and intermediate ports on Saturday. This boat is a general favorite with passengers and shippers. She has hosts of friends, and deserves them all. The first clerk, Mr. W. A. Ghrist, will see that passengers have the best of attention.

HO! FOR PARKERSBURG AND THE VIRGINIA OIL REGIONS.—The new and splendid passenger steamer Gleaner, Capt. J. H. Porter, leaves to-day at noon for the above and intermediate ports. This boat has unsurpassed accommodations; she was built expressly for the trade, is entirely new, and has been constructed altogether in a superior manner. Capt. Porter having procured a splendid new piano, the lady passengers on this boat cannot fail to have a good time generally. The Gleaner's performance the present trip, was all that could be desired. The first clerk is Mr. E. Porter, an officer that will see that passengers are well cared for.

TO THE RIVER MEN.
EDWARD HEAZELTON, Jr.,
No. 21 Diamond,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER,
AND
PRODUCE MERCHANT.
BOAT STORES,
STEAM, TOW AND COAL BOAT SUPPLIES.
P. S.—Being near the market, I can supply you with all the freshest and choicest of GREEN VEGETABLES on short notice. I intend to give particular attention to the RIVER TRADE, delivering everything promptly.
au10-6m

SUMMER RESORTS.

FAYETTE SPRINGS.
WIGGINS & BUNTING,
Proprietors.
This delightful Mountain WATERING PLACE is now open for visitors and no pains or expense will be spared to give universal satisfaction. The well known medical virtues of the water, the cool mountain air, romantic scenery and classic grounds surrounding this locality, give it peculiar attractions.
"Fort Necessity," Washington's First Battle-field, Gen. Braddock's and Dumonville's Graves, Dunbar's Camp, and other historic localities are all within an hours ride. Also, Delaney's Cave, Pine Knob view, the Trout and Blowing Springs, the Cucumber Cascade, Meadow-run Falls, and the Great Ohio Pile Falls on the Youghiogheny river, are in the immediate neighborhood.
Two daily trains will bring visitors from Pittsburgh to Uniontown in a few hours, when Coaches will always be ready to carry them, by a pleasant drive of eight miles on the "National Road" to the Springs.
ju9-3m

H. P. ADAMS & SON,
OIL BARREL COOPERS,
And Contractors in Staves, Lumber
And Heavy Timber,
je28-3m SALEM, OHIO.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,
No. 167 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Continue to fit up dwellings with WATER and GAS, in the best style. Our facilities are not surpassed by any. We employ none but competent and skillful workmen. Our stock of material is the largest in the city, and our prices will be found moderate.
Orders respectfully solicited. au30

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Imports per Cleveland & Pitts. R. R.—L H Voigt, 149 bbls apples; J B Lyon & Co, 45 bbls sand; W H Hamilton, 229 bbls sand; Bakewell, Pears & Co, 15 cks pearl ash; R T Kennedy & Bro, 140 bbls headings; Schomaker & Lang, 100 bbls flour, 33 boxes cheese; Schultz & Son, 14 bxs cheese; Cuilds & Semple, 3 sks wool; A McDonald, 13 chimney tops; C Reamer, 1 car stoneware; E Hamilton, 110 sks flax seed; Hussey, Wells & Co, 10 bars cast steel; Hammer & Dauler, 5 bales tow; H J Gilmore, 5 bdls slates; Graham & Thomas, 75 bbls flour, 1 case tobacco; B C & J H Sawyer, 300 boxes candles; J T Colvin & Co, 11 bbls oil; Baker, Smith & Co, 6 boxes tobacco; Shriver & Taylor, 20 bbls tobacco; J Murphy, 10 bbls and 6 cases tobacco; R H Hartly, 4 bdls saddle trees; B L Fahnestock & Co, 1 crate kegs; M A Jones & Co, 5 cases tobacco; Miller & Ricketson, 5 butts tobacco, 3 drums do; Fleming & Torrence, 4 bbls cement; J & H Phillips, 3 rolls belting; Dorrington & Co, 3 bbls butter; Davis & Phillips, 1 box; McElroy & Co, 19 bales broom corn; J Grazier, 4 cases tobacco, 1 caddy.

Imports per P. F. W. & C. Railroad—Gay, Burk & Co, 25 bbls flour; J J Ralya, 1 car staves; M'Elroy & Dickson, 1 case dry goods; J Floyd & Co, 25 dozen buckets, 5 do tubs; Head & Metzgar, 20 dozen buckets; E H Myers & Co, 7 dozen tubs; Segmyer & Voskamp, 25 dozen buckets, 1 do tubs, 5 do washboards; E Hazelton, 310 gallon stoneware; Singer & Nimick, 6 springs; J Ogden & Co, 2 boxes dry goods; William Dilworth & Co, 2 cars lumber; John Mueller, 2 cars scrap iron; F Sellers & Co, 34 tierces lard; J B Sneathen, 3 casks rope; J Craig, 7 sacks wool; J Moorhead, 1 car metal; J S Liggett & Co, 150 sacks wheat; H Rea, jr, 25 sacks flaxseed; D Wallace, 150 sks rye; Keir & Glover, 2 car fire clay; McK Walch, 100 bbls flour.

Imports per Pitts & Connellsville R.R.—Markle & Co, 43 bundles paper; Rev E P Swift, 2 jugs wine; J J House, 1 box bacon; A Gluckenheimer, 15 barrels whisky; Bryce, Richards & Co, 114 feet stone; Adams & Co, 10 tons fire clay; D G Dearborn, 34 rolls leather; J Fricker, 1 barrel crackers; Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 29 coils rope; A Garretson & Co, 1 bbl scrap iron.

Imports per Allegheny Vall y R. R.—W P Beck & Co, 60 bbls of salt; T Vaughn, 65 bushels oats; G W McClintock & Co, 148 bdls iron; C L Voigt & Co, 2 bxs butter, 1 bx chickens; J McCully & Co, 60 bbls salt; Lewis, Baily & Dalzell, 1 car nails; Martin, Oliver & Brickell, 2 cars iron, 2 cars marketing.

Imports Coal per Pitts & Connelsville RR—C H Armstrong, 3,125 bush coal; Lloyd & Black, 1,125 do; Mellon & Bro, 1,500 do; Laughlin & Co, 1,250 do; Moore & Co, 1,875 do; J Rutherford, 250 do.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Gallipolis.

PER STEAMER J. S. HALL.—A Milliken, 8 doz chairs; R R Bulger, 7 doz do; Headly & Rockesham, 3 doz do; Forsythe Bros & Co, 60 oil bbls; T B Young & Co, 4½ doz cain seat chairs; G Purzell, 1 bx glass ware, 1 bbl do; McElroy, Dickson & Co, 4 bxs dry goods; A J Hagan, 49 bales hay; J Kelley, 13 bdls sheep skins.

Imports per Monongahela S.W. Nav'n.—Jas Ward, 3 hams; Seithen & Rill 2 bbls eggs, 4 buckets, 2 jars butter, 3 boxes fruit, 1 coop chickens; Jas McDonald, 100 bdls S boards; C B Leech, 58 sks oats; Wm P Beck & Co, 87 do; J W Farley, 39 sks corn; H W Rankin, 4 bbls eggs, 3 kegs do, 2 kegs butter; H Riddle, 18 kegs butter, 3 sks flax seed; Pittsburgh Paper Manufacturing Company, 108 sks rags; G W Motherel, 11 buckets plums.

Parkerburg.

PER STEAMER GLEANER.—G B Jones, 1 box; John Moffitt, 1 do; Head & Metzgar, 1 do; Wm Britton, 5 bbls and 7 half bbls ale; W H Garrard, 5 bundles sacks; Jas Hale, 75 oil barrels; Leamon & Welse, 47 pckgs furniture; R R Bulger, 10 dozen chairs; Fetzer & Armstrong, 2 bbls eggs, 4 bbls butter; Millingan & Co, 10 doz chairs; A Cordell, 6 tubs butter; John Doan, 276 empty barrels; Jones & Laughlin, 3,144 feet lumber.

RIVER PACKETS.

PITTSBURGH ADVERTISEMENTS.
1865. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. 1865.
MONONGAHELA RIVER
STEAM PACKET COMP'Y
Will run three daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Rice's Landing, Greensboro, Geneva, and the Dunkard Oil Regions. This line is composed of the following steamers:
FAYETTE............CAPT. S. C. SPEERS
TELEGRAPH............CAPT. D. BUGHER.
FRANKLIN............CAPT. Z. W. CARMAC
GALLATIN............CAPT. A. S. CARLILE.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—Owing to necessary repairs, the Noon Packet will be suspended until further notice. The Greensboro and Oil Region Packet will leave Pittsburgh daily, at 8 A. M.
These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m., 12 m., and 6 p. m., except Sunday, when the departure will be at 8 o'clock, a. m.
The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 12 m.; Brownsville daily at 9 p. m.
Returning—Leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m., 2 p. m., and 5 p. m.
Leaves Greensboro and Geneva at 8 o'clock; Rice's Landing at 11 o'clock.
Leaves Monongahela City at 5 o'clock.
The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They will be commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised.
No Freights Received After 5 P. M.
For further particulars, inquire of
JAMES McDONALD, Agent,
At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
L. COLVIN, Agent,
mh1 Brownsville, Penna.

CINCINNATI ADVERTISEMENTS.
NEW ARRANGEMENT.
Ohio and Mississippi Transportation Co.
'PEOPLE'S LINE,'
DAILY BETWEEN
CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.
THE MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS,
ST. NICHOLAS, - - MEEKIN, Master.
ST. CHARLES, - - WATTS, Master.
Will leave Cincinnati from line wharf boat, foot of Broadway, at 4 p. m.
Will leave Louisville from wharf boat, foot of Fourth street, at 12 m.
For freight or passage apply on board, or at the company's office on wharf boat.
JAMES GOOD, Supt., Cincinnati.
ap13-6m B. J. CAFFREY, Agent, Louisville.

ST. LOUIS ADVERTISEMENT.
1865.
NORTHERN LINE PACKETS,
FROM
St. Louis to Keokuk and Saint Paul.
One of the splendid side-wheel steamers of this line will leave St. Louis daily for Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, Stillwater, St. Paul, and Minne-ha-ha Falls.
Through receipts for freight and passengers will be given to all points on the Upper Mississippi River, on steamers running from this port and connecting with
Northern Line Packets at St. Louis,
Thus enabling consignees to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates. Apply to
JOHN FLACK, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents, or to
ap24 R. C. GRAY.

Marietta & Parkersburg Packet Line
Regular Passenger Steamer for Wheeling, Sun Fish, Sistersville, Bull Creek, Marietta and Parkersburg.
The new and fast passenger steamer
GLEANER.
J. H PORTER, Capt. E. PORTER, Jr., Clerk.
Leavves Pittsburgh every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 11 a. m.
Leaves Wheeling at 8 p. m. same days.
Returning, leaves Parkersburg TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 2 p. m.
Leaves Marietta at 3 p. m. same days.
Leaves Wheeling at 7 a. m. WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
JOHN FLACK, or
JAS. COLLINS, Agents,
se2 No. 88 Water street, Pittsburgh.

Parkersburg Packet from Wheeling.
For Wheeling and Parkersburg.
WEDNESDAY, Sept. 6, at 12 M., the steamer FOREST CITY, Captain JOHN GORDON, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
se5 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

Regular Weekly Packet for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg and Gallipolis.
The light draught passenger steamer JOHN S. HALL, Captain JOHN WOODBURN, Commander, will leave Pittsburgh every SATURDAY, at 12 o'clock M., and Gallipolis every TUESDAY, at ——.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK, or
au10 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Zanesville.
On SATURDAY, the 9th inst., at 10 A. M. The splendid steamer ZANESVILLE, Captain J. N. HOOK, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
se8 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.
On THIS DAY, September 8, at 4 P. M., the fine passenger steamer DELAWARE, R. W. HORTON, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
se5 J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cairo and St. Louis.
On FRIDAY, September 8, at 4 P. M. The fine passenger steamer NEVADA, W. S. EVANS, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply on board or to
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se7 JOHN FLACK, Agents

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Malsters & Brewers
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Pittsburgh. Pa.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-1y

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jy28-1y

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